

**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
Buffalo Field Office
Buffalo, Wyoming**

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

POD Name: Hanging Woman Basin Additions & WIW PODs

Operator: Nance Petroleum Corporation

List of Wells:

HWB CBNG	19-01KB	NENE	19	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	20-01KB	NENE	20	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	20-11KB	NESW	20	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	21-01KB	NENE	21	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	21-03KB	NENW	21	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	21-09KB	NESE	21	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	21-11KB	NESW	21	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	28-01KB	NENE	28	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	29-03KB	NENW	29	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	31-09KB	NESE	31	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	32-01KB	NENE	32	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	32-03KB	NENW	32	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	32-09KB	NESE	32	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	33-11KB	NESW	33	58N	79W
HWB CBNG	19-01KB	NENE	19	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	19-03KB	NENW	19	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	22-01KB	NENE	22	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	22-09KB	NESE	22	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	23-01KB	NENE	23	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	23-03KB	NENW	23	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	23-09KB	NESE	23	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	23-11KB	NESW	23	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	24-01KB	NENE	24	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	24-09KB	NESE	24	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	24-11KB	NESW	24	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	24-03KB	NENW	24	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	25-01KB	NENE	25	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	25-03KB	NENW	25	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	25-09KB	NESE	25	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	25-11KB	NESW	25	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	26-01KB	NENE	26	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	26-03KB	NENW	26	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	26-09KB	NESE	26	58N	80W

HWB CBNG	26-11KB	NESW	26	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	27-01KB	NENE	27	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	27-09KB	NESE	27	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	27-11KB	NESW	27	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	30-11KB	NESW	30	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	31-01KB	NENE	31	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	31-03KB	NENW	31	58N	80W
HWB CBNG	31-09KB	NESE	31	58N	80W
HWB WIW	21-13*	SWSW	21	58N	79W
HWB WIW	22-09	NESE	22	58N	79W
HWB WIW	24-12	NWSW	24	58N	79W
HWB WIW	24-09	NESE	24	58N	79W
HWB WIW	34-01*	SESE	27	58N	79W
HWB WIW	35-08	SENE	35	58N	79W

* Existing

Site Specific Hanging Woman Basin:

1. **All COAs applied to Randall Prong, West Antelope and Antelope Draw and Boxelder PODs shall apply to the Hanging Woman Basin POD development, production, and reclamation, unless otherwise specified.**
2. All changes made at the onsite will be followed. They have all been incorporated into the operator's plan of development.
3. A copy of the project map, conditions of approval, and engineer designs, where applicable, must be with the dirt operator at all times. Noncompliance will require construction to be shut in until the appropriate information is with the operator.
4. There needs to be a 20' vegetative buffer between the pit and the drainage for the 24-03 KB location.
5. The operator will drill seed on the contour to a depth of 0.5 inch, followed by cultipaction to compact the seedbed, preventing soil and seed losses. To maintain quality and purity, the current years tested, certified seed with a minimum germination rate of 80% and a minimum purity of 90% will be used. On BLM surface or in lieu of a different specific mix desired by the surface owner, use the following:

Species – Cultivar	Full Seeding (lbs/ac PLS*)
Western Wheatgrass or Thickspike Wheatgrass	3.0
Bluebunch Wheatgrass	3.0
Needle-and-Thread	3.0
Green Needlegrass	3.0
Globemallow	1.0
White or Purple Prairie Clover	1.0
Fourwing Saltbush	1.0
Totals	15

Slopes too steep for machinery may be hand broadcast and raked with twice the specified amount of seed. Complete fall seeding after September 15 and prior to prolonged ground frost. To be effective, complete spring seeding after the frost has left the ground and prior to May 15.

6. All earth moving activity in the following areas will be monitored by an archeologist who meets or exceeds the qualification standards recommended by the Secretary of the Interior. The Bureau has identified these areas as containing the potential for buried cultural deposits (areas containing deep alluvial deposits). The Bureau will require the submission of two copies of a monitoring report within 30 days of the completion of work.

Wildlife

1. No surface disturbing activity shall occur within ½ mile of all identified raptor nests from February 1 through July 31, annually, prior to a raptor nest occupancy survey for the current breeding season.

This timing stipulation will affect the following:

Township/Range	Section	Affected Wells and Infrastructure
58N 80W	21, 22, 24, 25	24-03, 24-01, 24-09, 24-11, 24-12, 25-01, 25-09, 25-11,
58N 79W	19, 20, 21, 22, 28, 29, 31, 35	19-01, 20-01, 20-11, 21-03, 21-01, 21-11, 21-09, 22-09, 28-01, 29-03, 31-09, 35-08

- a. Surveys to document nest occupancy shall be conducted by a biologist following BLM protocol, between April 15 and June 30. All survey results shall be submitted in writing to a Buffalo BLM biologist and approved prior to surface disturbing activities. Surveys outside this window may not depict nesting activity. If a survey identifies active raptor nests, a ½ mile timing buffer will be implemented. The timing buffer restricts surface disturbing activities within ½ mile of occupied raptor nests from February 1 to July 31.
- b. Nest productivity checks shall be completed for the first five years following project completion. The productivity checks shall be conducted no earlier than June 1 or later than June 30 and any evidence of nesting success or production shall be recorded.

Survey results will be submitted to a Buffalo BLM biologist in writing no later than July 31 of each survey year.

This applies to the nests on the attached table (Table 2 from Arcadus 2007)

2. If an undocumented raptor nest is located during project construction or operation, the Buffalo Field Office (307-684-1100) shall be notified within 24 hours.

Greater sage- and sharp-tailed grouse

3. No surface disturbing activities are permitted within 2 miles of a greater sage-grouse lek and 0.5 miles of a sharp-tailed grouse lek between March 1 and June 15, prior to completion of a lek surveys. This condition will be implemented on an annual basis for the duration of the drilling and construction activities.

This timing stipulation will affect the following:

<i>Lek Name Township/Range</i>	<i>Section</i>	<i>Affected Wells and Infrastructure</i>
Sage-grouse		
Antelope Draw I 58N 80W	25	T58N R80W sections 23 (except 23-03), Sections 24, 25, 26. T58N R79W sections 30, 31. Wells 58-80-27-01, 58-80-27-09, 58-80-22-09, 58-79-32-03,
NX Bar 10S 42E	4	58-80-19-03,
Hanging Woman 57N 79W	8	58-79-32-09, 58-79-33-11
Middle Fork- Hanging Woman 57N 79W	8	none
Sharp-tailed grouse		
NX Bar I 58N 81W	24	none
NX Bar III 58N 81W	23	none
Box Elder I 58N 81W	23	none
<i>West Prong Hanging Woman 58N 79W</i>	31	58-79-31-09

- a. If an active sage grouse lek is identified during the survey, the 2 mile timing restriction (March 1-June 15) will be applied and surface disturbing activities will not be permitted until after the nesting season. If surveys indicate that the identified lek is inactive during the current breeding season, surface disturbing activities may be permitted within the 2 mile buffer until the following breeding season (March 1). The required sage grouse survey will be conducted by a biologist following the most current WGFD protocol. All survey results shall be submitted in writing to a Buffalo BLM biologist and approved prior to surface disturbing activities.

- b. Creation of raptor hunting perches will be avoided within 0.5-mile of documented sage grouse lek sites. Perch inhibitors will be installed to deter avian predators from preying on sage grouse.
- c. Well metering, maintenance and other site visits within 0.5 miles of documented sage grouse lek sites shall be minimized as much as possible during the breeding season (March 1– June 15), and restricted to between 0900 and 1500 hours.
- d. The Companies will locate facilities so that noise from the facilities at any nearby sage grouse or sharp-tailed grouse display grounds does not exceed 49 decibels (10 dBA above background noise) at the display ground.

Sharp-tailed grouse

- e. If an active lek is identified during the survey, the 0.64 mile timing restriction (March 1-June 15) will be applied and surface disturbing activities will not be permitted until after the nesting season. If surveys indicate that the identified lek is inactive during the current breeding season, surface disturbing activities may be permitted within the 0.5 mile buffer until the following breeding season (April 1). The required sharp-tailed grouse survey will be conducted by a biologist following WGFD protocol. All survey results shall be submitted in writing to a Buffalo BLM biologist and approved prior to surface disturbing activities.
 - f. Creation of raptor hunting perches will be avoided within 0.64 miles of documented sharp-tailed grouse lek sites. Perch inhibitors will be installed to deter avian predators from preying on grouse.
7. Any mitigation work, repairs or other maintenance outside the scope of the initially authorized action will require approval by the BLM Authorized Officer prior to the initiation of any work. The proposed actions will be submitted as a Sundry Notice (Form 3160-5) to the Buffalo Field Office of the BLM.

General

1. If any cultural values [sites, artifacts, human remains (Appendix L FEIS)] are observed during operation of this lease/permit/right-of-way, they will be left intact and the Buffalo Field Manager notified. The authorized officer will conduct an evaluation of the cultural values to establish appropriate mitigation, salvage or treatment. The operator is responsible for informing all persons in the area who are associated with this project that they will be subject to prosecution for knowingly disturbing historic or archaeological sites, or for collecting artifacts. If historic or archaeological materials are uncovered during construction, the operator is to immediately stop work that might further disturb such materials, and contact the authorized BLM officer (AO). Within five working days the AO will inform the operator as to:
 - whether the materials appear eligible for the National Register of Historic Places;
 - the mitigation measures the operator will likely have to undertake before the site can be used (assuming in situ preservation is not necessary); and,
 - a time-frame for the AO to complete an expedited review under 36 CFR 800.11 to confirm, through the State Historic Preservation Officer, that the findings of the AO are correct and that mitigation is appropriate. The AO will provide technical and procedural guidelines for the conduct of mitigation. Upon verification from the AO that the required mitigation has

been completed, the operator will then be allowed to resume construction measures.

2. If paleontological resources, either large or conspicuous, and/or a significant scientific value are discovered during construction, the find will be reported to the Authorized Officer immediately. Construction will be suspended within 250 feet of said find. An evaluation of the paleontological discovery will be made by a BLM approved professional paleontologist within five (5) working days, weather permitting, to determine the appropriate action(s) to prevent the potential loss of any significant paleontological values. Operations within 250 feet of such a discovery will not be resumed until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. The applicant will bear the cost of any required paleontological appraisals, surface collection of fossils, or salvage of any large conspicuous fossils of significant scientific interest discovered during the operation.
3. The operator shall restrict travel on unimproved two-track roads during periods of inclement weather or spring thaw when the possibility exists for excessive surface resource damage (e.g., rutting in excess of 4-inches, travel outside two-track roadway, etc.).
4. The first well drilled to each targeted coal zone will be designated as the POD reference well. Designated reference wells must have the ability to be sampled at the wellhead. Water quality samples will be collected by the operator and submitted for analysis using WDEQ NPDES criteria within 30-60 days of initial water production. Results of the analysis will be submitted to the BFO-BLM Authorized Officer as they become available.
5. Please contact Amy Shepperson, Natural Resource Specialist, @ (307) 684-1119, Bureau of Land Management, Buffalo, if there are any questions concerning these surface use COAs.
6. The Companies will provide geo-referenced spatial data depicting as-built locations of all facilities, wells, roads, pipelines, power lines, reservoirs, discharge points, and other related facilities to the BLM upon completion of POD construction and development.

Construction

1. A pre-construction field meeting shall be conducted prior to beginning any dirt work approved under this POD. The operator shall contact the BLM Authorized Officer Amy Shepperson @ 307-684-1119 at least 4-days prior to beginning operations so that the meeting can be scheduled. The operator is responsible for having all contractors present (dirt contractors, drilling contractor, pipeline contractor, project oversight personnel, etc.) including the overall field operations superintendent, and for providing all contractors copies of the approved POD, project map and BLM Conditions of Approval pertinent to the work that each will be doing.
2. The operator will limit vegetation removal and the degree of surface disturbance wherever possible. Where surface disturbance cannot be avoided, all practicable measures will be utilized to minimize erosion and stabilize disturbed soils.
3. Construction and drilling activity will not be conducted using frozen or saturated soil material during periods when watershed damage or excessive rutting is likely to occur.

4. Remove all available topsoil (depths vary from 4 inches on ridges to 12+ inches in bottoms) from constructed well locations including areas of cut and fill, and stockpile at the site. Topsoil will also be salvaged for use in reclamation on all other areas of surface disturbance (roads, pipelines, etc.). Clearly segregate topsoil from excess spoil material. Any topsoil stockpiled for one year or longer will be signed and stabilized with annual ryegrass or other suitable cover crop.
5. The operator will not push soil material and overburden over side slopes or into drainages. All soil material disturbed will be placed in an area where it can be retrieved without creating additional undue surface disturbance and where it does not impede watershed and drainage flows.
6. Construct the backslope no steeper than $\frac{1}{2}$:1, and construct the foreslope no steeper than 2:1, unless otherwise directed by the BLM Authorized Officer.
7. Maintain a minimum 20-foot undisturbed vegetative border between toe-of-fill of pad and/or pit areas and the edge of adjacent drainages, unless otherwise directed by the BLM Authorized Officer.
8. With the overall objective of minimizing surface disturbance and retaining land stability and productivity, the operator shall utilize equipment that is appropriate to the scope and scale of work being done for roads and well pads (utilize equipment no larger than needed for the job).
9. To minimize electrocution potential to birds of prey, all overhead electrical power lines will be constructed to standards identified by the Avian Power Line Interaction Committee (1996).
10. Reserve pits will be adequately fenced during and after drilling operations until pit is reclaimed so as to effectively keep out wildlife and livestock. Adequate fencing, in lieu of more stringent requirements by the surface owner, is defined as follows:
 - Construction materials will consist of steel or wood posts. Three or four strand wire (smooth or barbed) fence or hog panel (16-foot length by 50-inch height) or plastic snow fence must be used with connectors such as fence staples, quick-connect clips, hog rings, hose clamps, twisted wire, etc. Electric fences will not be allowed.
 - Construction standards: Posts shall be firmly set in ground. If wire is used, it must be taut and evenly spaced, from ground level to top wire, to effectively keep out animals. Hog panels must be tied securely into posts and one another using fence staples, clamps, etc. Plastic snow fencing must be taut and sturdy. Fence must be at least 2-feet from edge of pit. 3 sides fenced before beginning drilling, the fourth side fenced immediately upon completion of drilling and prior to rig release. Fence must be left up and maintained in adequate condition until pit is closed.
11. The reserve pit will be oriented to prevent collection of surface runoff. After the drilling rig is removed, the operator may need to construct a trench on the uphill side of the reserve pit to divert surface drainage around it. If constructed, the trench will be left intact until the pit is closed.
12. The reserve pit will be lined with an impermeable liner if permeable subsurface material is encountered. An impermeable liner is any liner having a permeability less than 10-7 cm/sec. The liner will be installed so that it will not leak and will be chemically compatible with all substances that may be put in the pit. Liners made of any man-made synthetic material will be of sufficient strength and thickness to withstand normal

- installation and pit use. In gravelly or rocky soils, a suitable bedding material such as sand will be used prior to installing the liner.
13. The reserve pit will be constructed so that at least half of its total volume is in solid cut material (below natural ground level).
 14. Culverts will be placed on channel bottoms on firm, uniform beds, which have been shaped to accept them, and aligned parallel to the channel to minimize erosion. Backfill will be thoroughly compacted.
 15. The minimum diameter for culverts will be 18 inches, 9 inches for relief culverts. However, all culverts will be appropriately sized in accordance with standards in BLM Manual 9113.
 16. Construction and other project-related traffic will be restricted to approved routes. Cross-country vehicle travel will not be allowed.
 17. Maximum design speed on all operator-constructed and maintained roads will not exceed 25 miles per hour.
 18. During construction, emissions of particulate matter from well pad and road construction would be minimized by application of water or other non-saline dust suppressants with at least 50 percent control efficiency. Dust inhibitors (surfacing materials, non-saline dust suppressants, and water) will be used as necessary on unpaved roads that present a fugitive dust problem. The use of chemical dust suppressants on public surface will require prior approval from the BLM Authorized Officer.
 19. Operators are required to obtain a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Storm Water Permit from the Wyoming DEQ for any projects that disturb five or more acres (changing to one acre in March 2005). This general construction storm water permit must be obtained from WDEQ prior to any surface disturbing activities and can be obtained by following directions on the WDEQ website at <http://deq.state.wy.us>. Further information can be obtained by contacting Barb Sahl at (307) 777-7570.
 20. The operator shall submit a Sundry Notice (Form 3160-5) to BLM for approval prior to construction of any new surface disturbing activities that are not specifically addressed in the approved APD or POD Surface Use Plan.
 21. Weed educational material will be reviewed with operators during pre-construction on-site meetings with operators, subcontractors, and landowners and will also be attached to approved APDs and PODs.
 22. Companies will contact the counties to pursue development of maintenance agreements to ensure county roads are adequately maintained for the projected increase in use.

Operations/Maintenance

1. The operator shall complete coal bed natural gas wells (case, cement and under ream) as soon as possible, but no later than 30 days after drilling operations, unless an extension is given by the BLM Authorized Officer.
2. If in the process of air drilling the wells there is a need to utilize mud, all circulating fluids will be contained either in an approved pit or in an aboveground containment tank. The pit or containment tank will be large enough to safely contain the capacity of all expected fluids without danger of overflow. Fluid and cuttings will not be squeezed out of the pit, and the pit will be reclaimed in an expedient manner.

3. Confine all equipment and vehicles to the access road(s), pad(s), and area(s) specified in the approved APD or POD.
4. All waste, other than human waste and drilling fluids, will be contained in a portable trash cage. This waste will be transported to a State approved waste disposal site immediately upon completion of drilling operations. No trash or empty barrels will be placed in the reserve pit or buried on location. All state and local laws and regulations pertaining to disposal of human and solid waste will be complied with.
5. Rat and mouse holes shall be filled and compacted from the bottom to the top immediately upon release of the drilling rig from the location.
6. The operator will be responsible for prevention and control of noxious weeds and weeds of concern on all areas of surface disturbance associated with this project (well locations, roads, water management facilities, etc.) Use of pesticides shall comply with the applicable Federal and State laws. Pesticides shall be used only in accordance with their registered uses and within limitations imposed by the Secretary of Interior. Prior to the use of pesticides on public land, the holder shall obtain from the BLM authorized officer written approval of a plan showing the type and quantity of material to be used, pest(s) to be controlled, method of application, location of storage and disposal of containers, and any other information deemed necessary by the authorized officer to such use.
7. All permanent above-ground structures (e.g., production equipment, tanks, etc.) not subject to safety requirements will be painted to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used will be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors." The color selected for the HWB Additions and HWB WIW PODs is Carlsbad Canyon, 2.5Y 6/2.
8. Sewage shall be placed in a self-contained, chemically treated porta-potty on location.
9. The operator and their contractors shall ensure that all use, production, storage, transport and disposal of hazardous and extremely hazardous materials associated with the drilling, completion and production of these wells will be in accordance with all applicable existing or hereafter promulgated federal, state and local government rules, regulations and guidelines. All project-related activities involving hazardous materials will be conducted in a manner to minimize potential environmental impacts. In accordance with OSHA requirements, a file will be maintained onsite containing current Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all chemicals, compounds and/or substances which are used in the course of construction, drilling, completion and production operations.
10. Produced fluids shall be put in test tanks on location during completion work. Produced water will be put in the reserve pit during completion work per Onshore Order #7.
11. The only fluids/waste materials which are authorized to go into the reserve pit are RCRA exempt exploration and production wastes. These include:
 - drilling muds & cuttings
 - rigwash
 - excess cement and certain completion & stimulation fluids defined by EPA as exempt

It does not include drilling rig waste, such as:

- spent hydraulic fluids
- used engine oil
- used oil filter

- empty cement, drilling mud, or other product sacks
- empty paint, pipe dope, chemical or other product containers
- excess chemicals or chemical rinsate

Any evidence of non-exempt wastes being put into the reserve pit may result in the BLM Authorized Officer requiring specific testing and closure requirements.

12. Reserve pits will be closed as soon as possible, but no later than 90 days from time of drilling/well completion, unless the BLM Authorized Officer gives an extension. Squeezing of pit fluids and cuttings is prohibited. Pits must be dry of fluids or they must be removed via vac-truck or other environmentally acceptable method prior to backfilling, re-contouring and replacement of topsoil. Mud and cuttings left in pit must be buried at least 3-feet below re-contoured grade. The operator will be responsible for re-contouring any subsidence areas that develop from closing a pit before it is sufficiently dry.
13. Operators are advised that prior to installation of any oil and gas well production equipment which has the potential to emit air contaminants, the owner or operator of the equipment must notify the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Air Quality Division (phone 307-777-7391) to determine permit requirements. Examples of pertinent well production equipment include fuel-fired equipment (e.g., diesel generators), separators, storage tanks, engines and dehydrators.
14. If this well is drilled during the fire season (June-October), the operator shall institute all necessary precautions to ensure that fire hazard is minimized, including but not limited to mowing vegetation on the access route(s) and well location(s), keeping fire fighting equipment readily available when drilling, etc.

Dry Hole/Reclamation

1. All disturbed lands associated with this project, including the pipelines, access roads, water management facilities; etc will be expediently reclaimed and reseeded in accordance with the surface use plan and any pertinent site-specific COAs.
2. Disturbed lands will be re-contoured back to conform to existing undisturbed topography. No depressions will be left that trap water or form ponds.
3. The fluids and mud must be dry in the reserve pit before re-contouring pit area. The operator will be responsible for re-contouring of any subsidence areas that develop from closing a pit before it is completely dry. The plastic pit liner (if any) will be cut off below grade and properly disposed of at a state authorized landfill before beginning to re-contour the site.
4. Before the location has been reshaped and prior to redistributing the topsoil, the operator will rip or scarify the drilling platform and access road on the contour, to a depth of at least 12 inches. The rippers are to be no farther than 24 inches apart.
5. Distribute the topsoil evenly over the entire location and other disturbed areas. Prepare the seedbed by disking to a depth of 4-to-6 inches following the contour.
6. Waterbars are to be constructed at least one (1) foot deep, on the contour with approximately two (2) feet of drop per 100 feet of waterbar to ensure drainage, and extended into established vegetation. All waterbars are to be constructed with the berm

on the downhill side to prevent the soft material from silting in the trench. The initial waterbar should be constructed at the top of the backslope. Subsequent waterbars should follow the following general spacing guidelines:

Slope (percent)	Spacing Interval (feet)
≤ 2	200
2 – 4	100
4 – 5	75
≥ 5	50

7. Phased reclamation plans will be submitted to BLM for approval prior to individual POD facility abandonment via a Notice of Intent (NOI) Sundry Notice. Individual facilities, such as well locations, pipelines, discharge points, impoundments, etc. need to be addressed in these plans as they are no longer needed. Individual items that will need to be addressed in reclamation plans include:
 - Pit closure (Close ASAP after suitably dry, but no later than 90 days from time of drilling unless an extension is given by BLM Authorized Officer.) BLM may require closure prior to 90 days in some cases due to land use or environmental concerns.
 - Configuration of reshaped topography, drainage systems, and other surface manipulations
 - Waste disposal
 - Re-vegetation methods, including specific seed mix (pounds pure live seed/acre) and soil treatments (seedbed preparation, fertilization, mulching, etc.). On private surface, the landowner should be consulted for the specific seed mix.
 - Other practices that will be used to reclaim and stabilize all disturbed areas, such as water bars, erosion fabric, hydro-mulching, etc.
 - An estimate of the timetables for beginning and completing various reclamation operations relative to weather and local land uses.
 - Methods and measures that will be used to control noxious weeds, addressing both ingress and egress to the individual well or POD.
 - Decommissioning/removal of all surface facilities
 - Closure and reclamation of areas utilized or impacted by produced CBNG water, including discharge points, reservoirs, off-channel pits, land application areas, livestock/wildlife watering facilities, surface discharge stream channels, etc.
8. BLM will not release the performance bond until all disturbed areas associated with the APD/POD have been successfully re-vegetated (evaluation will be made after the second complete growing season) and has met all other reclamation goals of the surface owner and surface management agency.
9. A Notice of Intent to Abandon and a Subsequent Report of Abandonment must be submitted for abandonment approval.
10. For performance bond release approval, a Final Abandonment Notice (with a surface owner release letter on split-estate) must be submitted prior to a final abandonment evaluation by BLM.

11. Soil fertility testing and the addition of soil amendments may be required to stabilize some disturbed lands.
12. Any mulch utilized for reclamation needs to be certified weed free.

Producing Well

1. Landscape those areas not required for production to the surrounding topography as soon as possible. The fluids and mud must be dry in the reserve pit before re-contouring pit area. The operator will be responsible for re-contouring and reseeding of any subsidence areas that develop from closing a pit before it is completely dry.
2. Reduce the backslope to 2:1 and the foreslope to 3:1, unless otherwise directed by the BLM Authorized Officer. Reduce slopes by pulling fill material up from foreslope into the toe of cut slopes.
3. Production facilities (including dikes) must be placed on the cut portion of the location and a minimum of 15 feet from the toe of the back cut unless otherwise approved by the BLM Authorized Officer.
4. Any spilled or leaked oil, produced water or treatment chemicals must be reported in accordance with NTL-2A and immediately cleaned up in accordance with BLM requirements. This includes clean-up and proper disposition of soils contaminated as a result of such spills/leaks.
5. Distribute stockpiled topsoil evenly over those areas not required for production and reseed as recommended.
6. Upgrade and maintain access roads and drainage control (e.g., culverts, drainage dips, ditching, crowning, surfacing, etc.) as necessary and as directed by the BLM Authorized Officer to prevent soil erosion and accommodate safe, environmentally-sound access.
7. Prior to construction of production facilities not specifically addressed in the APD/POD, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notice to the BLM Authorized Officer for approval.
8. If not already required prior to constructing and drilling the well location, the operator shall immediately upgrade the entire access road to BLM standards (including topsoiling, crowning, ditching, drainage culverts, surfacing, etc.) to ensure safe, environmentally-sound, year-round access. This requirement does not supersede or apply where specific road requirements are addressed in the APD/POD surface use plan (e.g., two track road, spot upgrade, etc.)
9. Waterbars shall be installed on all reclaimed pipeline corridors per the guidelines in E #6.