

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
UT-S-01	<p style="text-align: center;">AIR QUALITY</p> <p>All new and replacement internal combustion gas field engines of less than or equal to 300 design-rated horsepower shall not emit more than 2 grams of NO_x per horsepower-hour.</p> <p>Exception: This requirement does not apply to gas field engines of less than or equal to 40 design-rated horsepower.</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p> <p>AND</p> <p>All new and replacement internal combustion gas field engines of greater than 300 design rated horsepower must not emit more than 1.0 gram of NO_x per horsepower-hour.</p> <p>Exception: None</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p>
UT-S-98	<p style="text-align: center;">NO SURFACE OCCUPANCY – FRAGILE SOILS/SLOPES GREATER THAN 40 PERCENT</p> <p>No new surface-disturbing activities allowed on slopes greater than 40% to protect soils, avoid erosion, and maintain public health and safety in sloped embankments.</p> <p>Exception: If after an analysis the authorized officer determines that it would cause undue or unnecessary degradation to pursue other placement alternatives; surface occupancy in the NSO may be authorized. Additionally, a plan would be submitted by the operator and approved by BLM prior to construction and maintenance.</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p>
UT-S-106	<p style="text-align: center;">CONTROLLED SURFACE USE – FRAGILE SOILS/SLOPES 21-40 PERCENT</p> <p>No new surface disturbance/construction on slopes between 21-40% without a BLM approved site plan that is prepared for any surface disturbing or construction activity. This plan would include an erosion control strategy, survey and design, and reclamation plan.</p> <p>Exception: None</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
UT-S-109	<p style="text-align: center;">TIMING LIMITATION – FRAGILE SOILS – MANCOS SHALE</p> <p>No surface-disturbing activities allowed during December 1 to May 31 to minimize watershed damage including compaction, rutting, and topsoil loss on saline soils derived from the Mancos Shale. This restriction includes heavy equipment traffic on existing roads associated with drilling operations.</p> <p>Exception: An exception could be granted if the operator can provide a plan of development demonstrating that the proposed action would be properly designed and constructed to support the anticipated types and levels of use. Roads must be designed to meet BLM road standards for drainage control and surfaced to support heavy equipment and tractor trailers. Adjustments to the timing restriction could be considered by the authorized officer on a case-by-case basis, depending on current soil and weather conditions.</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p>
UT-S-122	<p style="text-align: center;">NO SURFACE OCCUPANCY – FLOODPLAINS, RIPARIAN AREAS, SPRINGS AND PUBLIC WATER RESOURCES</p> <p>No surface-disturbing activities within 100 year floodplains or within 100 meters of riparian areas. Also, no surface-disturbing activities within public water reserves or within 100 meters of springs.</p> <p>Exception: An exception could be authorized if: (a) there are no practical alternatives, (b) impacts could be fully mitigated, or (c) the action is designed to benefit and enhance the resource values.</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p>
UT-S-128	<p style="text-align: center;">NO SURFACE OCCUPANCY – FLOODPLAINS, RIPARIAN AREAS, SPRINGS, AND PUBLIC WATER RESERVES</p> <p>No surface-disturbing activities are allowed in active floodplains, public water reserves or within 100 meters of riparian areas along perennial streams and springs.</p> <p>Exception: An exception could be authorized if: (a) there are no practical alternatives, (b) impacts could be fully mitigated, or (c) the action is designed to enhance the riparian resource values.</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p>
UT-S-158	<p style="text-align: center;">CONTROLLED SURFACE USE – VRM II AREAS</p> <p>Surface-disturbing activities must meet the VRM II class objectives.</p> <p>Exception: The level of change to the landscape should be low; management activities may be seen, but should not attract attention of the casual observer. Any change to the landscape must repeat the basic elements of form, line, color, and texture found in the predominant natural features of the characteristic landscape. Surface-disturbing activities that are determined to be compatible and consistent with the protection or enhancement of the resource values are exempted. Also, recognized utility corridors are exempted only for utility projects which would be managed according to VRM III objectives.</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
UT-S-170	<p style="text-align: center;">CONTROLLED SURFACE USE – CULTURAL</p> <p>Cultural properties eligible for or listed on the National Register of Historic Places shall be surrounded by an avoidance area sufficient to avoid impacts. (Although oil and gas activity must also meet this standard, a CSU lease stipulation is not necessary since this can be accomplished under the terms of the standard lease form.)</p> <p>Exceptions: An exception could be granted if the BLM authorized officer determines that avoidance of direct and indirect impacts to historic properties is not feasible (e.g. avoidance may cause unacceptable damage to other public land resources or affect valid existing rights). Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p>
UT-S-182	<p style="text-align: center;">NO SURFACE OCCUPANCY – CRITICAL HABITAT OF THE ENDANGERED COLORADO RIVER FISHES</p> <p>Surface-disturbing activities will not be allowed within the 100 year floodplain of the Colorado River and San Juan River or lands within this watershed that contains tributaries with designated critical habitat for the Colorado River fish (bonytail, humpback chub, Colorado pike minnow, and razorback sucker) listed as endangered under the Endangered Species Act. Critical habitat was designated for the four endangered Colorado River fishes on March 21, 1994(59 FR 13374-13400). Designated critical habitat for all the endangered fishes includes those portions of the 100-year floodplain that contain primary constituent elements necessary for survival of the species. Avoidance or use restrictions may be placed on portions of the lease. The following avoidance and minimization measures have been designed to ensure activities carried out on the lease are in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. Integration of, and adherence to these measures will facilitate review and analysis of any submitted permits under the authority of this lease. Following these measures could reduce the scope of Endangered Species Act, Section 7 consultation at the permit stage.</p> <p>Current avoidance and minimization measures include the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Surveys will be required prior to operations unless species occupancy and distribution information is complete and available. All Surveys must be conducted by qualified individual(s). 2. Lease activities will require monitoring throughout the duration of the project. To ensure desired results are being achieved, minimization measures will be evaluated and, if necessary, Section 7 consultation reinitiated. 3. Water production will be managed to ensure maintenance or enhancement of riparian habitat. 4. Avoid loss or disturbance of riparian habitats. 5. Where technically and economically feasible, use directional drilling or multiple wells from the same pad to reduce surface disturbance and eliminate drilling in suitable riparian habitat. Ensure that such directional drilling does not intercept or degrade alluvial aquifers. 6. Conduct watershed analysis for leases in designated critical habitat and overlapping major tributaries in order to determine toxicity risk from permanent facilities. 7. Implement the Utah Oil and Gas Pipeline Crossing Guidance (from BLM National Science and Technology Center). 8. Drilling will not occur within 100 year floodplains of rivers or tributaries to

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
	<p>rivers that contain listed fish species or critical habitat.</p> <p>9. In areas adjacent to 100-year flood plains, particularly in systems prone to flash floods, analyze the risk for flash floods to impact facilities, and use closed loop drilling, and pipeline burial or suspension according to the Utah Oil and Gas Pipeline Crossing Guidance, to minimize the potential for equipment damage and resulting leaks or spills.</p> <p>Water depletions from <i>any</i> portion of the Upper Colorado River drainage basin above Lake Powell are considered to adversely affect or adversely modify the critical habitat of the four resident endangered fish species, and must be evaluated with regard to the criteria described in the Upper Colorado River Endangered Fish Recovery Program. Formal consultation with USFWS is required for all depletions. All depletion amounts must be reported to BLM.</p> <p>Additional measures to avoid or minimize effects to the species may be developed and implemented in consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service between the lease sale stage and lease development stage to ensure continued compliance with the ESA.</p> <p>Exception: An exception may be granted by the authorized officer if: 1) There is no practical alternative, and 2) the development would enhance riparian/aquatic values. This exception would require consultation with the USFWS. The authorized officer may also grant an exception if an environmental analysis indicates that the nature or the conduct of the actions, as proposed or conditioned, would not impair the primary constituent element determined necessary for the survival and recovery of the Endangered Colorado River fishes.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area if an environmental analysis indicates, and USFWS (through applicable provisions of the ESA) determines a portion of the area is not being used as Critical Habitat.</p> <p>Waiver: A waiver may be granted if the Endangered Colorado River Fishes are de-listed and the Critical Habitat is determined by USFWS as not necessary for the survival and recovery of the Endangered Colorado River fishes.</p>
UT-S-183	<p style="text-align: center;">NO SURFACE OCCUPANCY – CRITICAL HABITAT OF THE ENDANGERED COLORADO RIVER FISHES</p> <p>No surface-disturbing allowed within the 100 year floodplain of the Colorado River, Green River, and at the Dolores/Colorado River confluence or on lands within this watershed that contains tributaries with designated critical habitat for the Colorado River fish (bonytail, humpback chub, Colorado pike minnow, and razorback sucker) listed as endangered under the Endangered Species Act will be allowed. Critical habitat was designated for the four endangered Colorado River fishes on March 21, 1994(59 FR 13374-13400). Designated critical habitat for all the endangered fishes includes those portions of the 100-year floodplain that contain primary constituent elements necessary for survival of the species. Avoidance or use restrictions may be placed on portions of the lease. The following avoidance and minimization measures have been designed to ensure activities carried out on the lease are in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. Integration, of and adherence to these measures will facilitate review and analysis of any submitted permits under the authority of this lease. Following these measures could reduce the scope of Endangered Species Act, Section 7 consultation at the permit stage. Current avoidance and minimization measures include the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Surveys will be required prior to operations unless species occupancy and

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS

distribution information is complete and available. All Surveys must be conducted by qualified individual(s).

2. Lease activities will require monitoring throughout the duration of the project. To ensure desired results are being achieved, minimization measures will be evaluated and, if necessary, Section 7 consultation reinitiated.
3. Water production will be managed to ensure maintenance or enhancement of riparian habitat.
4. Avoid loss or disturbance of riparian habitats.
5. Where technically and economically feasible, use directional drilling or multiple wells from the same pad to reduce surface disturbance and eliminate drilling in suitable riparian habitat. Ensure that such directional drilling does not intercept or degrade alluvial aquifers.
6. Conduct watershed analysis for leases in designated critical habitat and overlapping major tributaries in order to determine toxicity risk from permanent facilities.
7. Implement the Utah Oil and Gas Pipeline Crossing Guidance (from BLM National Science and Technology Center).
8. Drilling will not occur within 100 year floodplains of rivers or tributaries to rivers that contain listed fish species or critical habitat.
9. In areas adjacent to 100-year flood plains, particularly in systems prone to flash floods, analyze the risk for flash floods to impact facilities, and use closed loop drilling, and pipeline burial or suspension according to the Utah Oil and Gas Pipeline Crossing Guidance, to minimize the potential for equipment damage and resulting leaks or spills.

Water depletions from *any* portion of the Upper Colorado River drainage basin above Lake Powell are considered to adversely affect or adversely modify the critical habitat of the four resident endangered fish species, and must be evaluated with regard to the criteria described in the Upper Colorado River Endangered Fish Recovery Program. Formal consultation with USFWS is required for all depletions. All depletion amounts must be reported to BLM.

Additional measures to avoid or minimize effects to the species may be developed and implemented in consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service between the lease sale stage and lease development stage to ensure continued compliance with the ESA.

Exception: An exception may be granted by the authorized officer if: 1) There is no practical alternative, and 2) the development would enhance riparian/aquatic values. This exception would require consultation with the USFWS. The authorized officer may also grant an exception if an environmental analysis indicates that the nature or the conduct of the actions, as proposed or conditioned, would not impair the primary constituent element determined necessary for the survival and recovery of the Endangered Colorado River fishes.

Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area if an environmental analysis indicates, and USFWS (through applicable provisions of the ESA) determines a portion of the area is not being used as Critical Habitat.

Waiver: A waiver may be granted if the Endangered Colorado River Fishes are de-listed and the Critical Habitat is determined by USFWS as not necessary for the survival and recovery of the Endangered Colorado River fishes.

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
UT-S-215	<p style="text-align: center;">CONTROLLED SURFACE USE – GUNNISON SAGE GROUSE LEK SITES</p> <p>No surface disturbing activities will be allowed within 0.6 mile of a lek where Gunnison sage-grouse leks are discovered within sage-grouse habitat.</p> <p>Exception: An exception may be granted by the authorized officer if the operator submits a plan which demonstrates that impacts from the proposed action can be adequately mitigated.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area if (1) portions of the area do not include lek sites, or (2) the lek site(s) have been completely abandoned or destroyed, or (3) occupied lek site(s) occur outside the current defined area, as determined by the BLM.</p> <p>Waiver: A waiver may be granted if there are no active lek site(s) in the leasehold and it is determined the site(s) have been completely abandoned or destroyed or occur outside current defined area, as determined by the BLM.</p>
UT-S-229	<p style="text-align: center;">TIMING LIMITATION – CRUCIAL DEER AND ELK WINTER RANGE</p> <p>No surface disturbing activities from November 15 to April 15 within crucial deer and/or elk winter range to minimize stress and disturbance to deer and elk during critical winter months.</p> <p>Exception: This stipulation does not apply to the maintenance and operation of existing and ongoing facilities. An exception may be granted by the authorized officer if the operator submits a plan which demonstrates that impacts from the proposed action can be adequately mitigated or it is determined the habitat is not being utilized during the winter period for any given year.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area (1) if a portion of the area is not being used as winter range by deer/elk or (2) if habitat is being utilized outside of stipulation boundaries as winter range and needs to be protected or (3) if the migration patterns have changed causing a difference in the season of use.</p> <p>Waiver: May be granted if the winter range habitat is unsuitable or unoccupied during winter months by deer/elk and there is no reasonable likelihood of future winter range use.</p>
UT-S-234	<p style="text-align: center;">TIMING LIMITATION – CRUCIAL DEER WINTER RANGE</p> <p>No surface-disturbing activities within crucial deer winter range from November 15 to April 15 to minimize stress and disturbance to deer during crucial winter months.</p> <p>Exception: The authorized officer may grant an exception if, after an analysis, the authorized officer determines that the animals are not present in the project area or the activity can be completed so as to not adversely affect the animals. Routine operation and maintenance is allowed.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area if a portion of the area is not being used as deer winter range.</p> <p>Waiver: May be granted if the deer winter range is determined to be unsuitable or unoccupied and there is no reasonable likelihood of future use of the deer winter range.</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
UT-S-242	<p style="text-align: center;">TIMING LIMITATION – CRUCIAL ELK WINTER RANGE</p> <p>No surface-disturbing activities within crucial elk winter range from November 15 to April 15 to minimize stress and disturbance to elk during crucial winter months.</p> <p>Exception: The authorized officer may grant an exception if, after an analysis, the authorized officer determines that the animals are not present in the project area or the activity can be completed so as to not adversely affect the animals. Routine operation and maintenance is allowed.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area if a portion of the area is not being used as elk winter range.</p> <p>Waiver: May be granted if the elk winter range is determined to be unsuitable or unoccupied and there is no reasonable likelihood of future use of the elk winter range.</p>
UT-S-246	<p style="text-align: center;">TIMING LIMITATION – DEER AND ELK FAWNING AND CALVING HABITAT</p> <p>No surface disturbing activities in deer and elk fawning and calving habitat from May 15 to June 30 to minimize stress and disturbance during this critical period.</p> <p>Exception: This stipulation does not apply to the maintenance and operation of existing and ongoing facilities. An exception may be granted by the authorized officer if the operator submits a plan which demonstrates that impacts from the proposed action can be adequately mitigated or it is determined the habitat is not being utilized during the critical period for any given year.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area (1) if a portion of the area is not being used as fawning and calving habitat or (2) if the habitat is being utilized outside of stipulation boundaries and needs to be protected or (3) if the migration patterns have changed causing a difference in the season of use.</p> <p>Waiver: May be granted if the fawning and calving habitat is unsuitable or unoccupied during winter months by deer/elk and there is no reasonable likelihood of future winter range use.</p>
UT-S-272	<p style="text-align: center;">CONDITIONAL SURFACE USE/TIMING LIMITATION – BURROWING OWL AND FERRUGINOUS HAWK NESTING</p> <p>No surface disturbances or occupancy will be conducted during the breeding and nesting season (March 1 to August 31 for burrowing owl and March 1 – August 1 for ferruginous hawk) within spatial buffers (0.25 mile for burrowing owl and 0.5 mile for ferruginous hawk) of known nesting sites.</p> <p>Exception: An exception would be granted if protocol surveys determine that nesting sites, breeding territories, and winter roosting areas are not occupied.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area if portions of the area do not include habitat or are outside the current defined area, as determined by the BLM.</p> <p>Waiver: May be granted if it is determined the habitat no longer exists or has been destroyed.</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS

CONTROLLED SURFACE USE /TIMING LIMITATION – BALD EAGLES

Bald eagles would be protected as outlined in the Bald Eagle Protection Act of 1940 (16 U.S.C. 668-668d, 54 Stat. 250, as amended). Activities on BLM lands that contain nesting or winter roosting habitat for the Bald Eagle would be avoided or restricted, depending on the duration and timing of the activity. Bald eagles would be managed according to the Best Management Practices for Raptors and their Associated Habitats in Utah (BLM 2006c). These management requirements would include restrictions and avoidance measures, including required surveys prior to activity, possible monitoring during the activity, implementation of seasonal and spatial buffers during the breeding season (January 1–August 31), and avoidance of disturbance in riparian areas unless impracticable. No future ground-disturbing activities would be authorized within a 1.0-mile radius of known Bald Eagle nest sites year-round. Deviations may be allowed only after appropriate levels of consultation and coordination with the USFWS/UDWR. In addition, no permanent above-ground structures would be allowed within a 0.50-mile radius of a winter roost site if the structure would result in the habitat becoming unsuitable for future winter roosting by Bald Eagles.

As discussed in the MSO section, these requirements would help to mitigate the adverse impacts of human disturbance on Bald Eagles during breeding and roosting seasons.

UT-S-275

1. Surveys will be required prior to operations unless species occupancy and distribution information is complete and available. All surveys must be conducted by qualified individual(s), and be conducted according to protocol.
2. Lease activities will require monitoring throughout the duration of the project. To ensure desired results are being achieved, minimization measures would be evaluated.
3. Water production will be managed to ensure maintenance or enhancement of riparian habitat.
4. Temporary activities within 1.0 mile of nest sites will not occur during the breeding season of **January 1 to August 31**, unless the area has been surveyed according to protocol and determined to be unoccupied.
5. Temporary activities within 0.5 miles of winter roost areas, e.g., cottonwood galleries, will not occur during the winter roost season of **November 1 to March 31**, unless the area has been surveyed according to protocol and determined to be unoccupied.
6. No permanent infrastructure will be placed within 1.0 mile of nest sites.
7. No permanent infrastructure will be placed within 0.5 miles of winter roost areas.
8. Remove big game carrion within 100 feet of lease roadways occurring within Bald Eagle foraging range.
9. Avoid loss or disturbance to large cottonwood gallery riparian habitats.
10. Where technically and economically feasible, use directional drilling or multiple wells from the same pad to reduce surface disturbance and eliminate drilling in suitable habitat. Utilize direction drilling to avoid direct impacts to large cottonwood gallery riparian habitats. Ensure that such direction drilling does not intercept or degrade alluvial aquifers.
11. All areas of surface disturbance within riparian areas and/or adjacent uplands should be re-vegetated with native species.

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
	<p>Additional measures may also be employed to avoid or minimize effects to the species between the lease stage and lease development stage. These additional measures will be developed and implemented in coordination with the USFWS/UDWR to ensure continued compliance with the Bald Eagle Protection Act.</p> <p>Exception: An exception may be granted by the authorized officer if authorization is obtained from USFWS/UDWR. The authorized officer may also grant an exception if an analysis indicates that the nature of the conduct of the actions, as proposed or conditioned, would not impair the habitat and physical requirements determined necessary for the survival of the Bald Eagles.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area if an analysis indicates, and USFWS/UDWR determines that a portion of the area is not being used as Bald Eagle nesting or roosting territories or if additional nesting or roosting territories are identified.</p> <p>Waiver: May be granted if there is no reasonable likelihood of site occupancy over a minimum 10 year period.</p>
UT-S-288	<p style="text-align: center;">CONTROLLED SURFACE USE/ TIMING LIMITATION – MEXICAN SPOTTED OWL</p> <p>In areas that contain suitable habitat for MSO or designated Critical Habitat, actions would be avoided or restricted that may cause stress and disturbance during nesting and rearing of their young. Appropriate measures would depend on whether the action is temporary or permanent and whether it occurs within or outside the owl nesting season. A temporary action is completed prior to the following breeding season leaving no permanent structures and resulting in no permanent habitat loss. A permanent action continues for more than one breeding season and/or causes a loss of owl habitat or displaces owls through disturbances, i.e., creation of a permanent structure. The following avoidance and minimization measures have been designed to ensure activities carried out on the lease are in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. Integration of, and adherence to these measures, will facilitate review and analysis of any submitted permits under the authority of this lease. Following these measures could reduce the scope of Endangered Species Act, Section 7 consultation at the permit stage.</p> <p>Current avoidance and minimization measures include the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Surveys will be required prior to implementation of the proposed action. All surveys must be conducted by qualified individual(s) acceptable to the BLM. 2. Assess habitat suitability for both nesting and foraging using accepted habitat models in conjunction with field reviews. Apply the conservation measures below if project activities occur within 0.5 mile of suitable owl habitat. Determine potential effects of actions to owls and their habitat. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Document type of activity, acreage and location of direct habitat impacts, type and extent of indirect impacts relative to location of suitable owl habitat. b. Document if action is temporary or permanent. 3. Lease activities will require monitoring throughout the duration of the project. To ensure desired results are being achieved, minimization measures will be evaluated, and, if necessary, Section 7 consultation reinitiated. 4. Any activity that includes water production will be managed to ensure maintenance or enhancement of riparian habitat.

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS

5. Where technically and economically feasible, use directional drilling or multiple wells from the same pad to reduce surface disturbance and eliminate drilling in canyon habitat suitable for MSO nesting.
6. For all temporary actions that may impact owls or suitable habitat:
 - a. If the action occurs entirely outside of the owl breeding season from **March 1 through August 31**, and leaves no permanent structure or permanent habitat disturbance, the action can proceed without an occupancy survey.
 - b. If the action will occur during a breeding season, a survey for owls is required prior to commencing the activity. If owls are found, the activity shall be delayed until outside of the breeding season.
 - c. Rehabilitate access routes created by the project through such means as raking out scars, re-vegetation, gating access points, etc.
7. For all permanent actions that may impact owls or suitable habitat:
 - a. Survey two consecutive years for owls according to accepted protocol prior to commencing activities.
 - b. If owls are found, no disturbing actions will occur within 0.5 mile of an identified site. If nest site is unknown, no activity will occur within the designated current and historic Protected Activity Center (PAC).
 - c. Avoid permanent structures within 0.5 mile of suitable habitat unless surveyed and not occupied.
 - d. Reduce noise emissions (e.g., use hospital-grade mufflers) to 45 dBA at 0.5 mile from suitable habitat, including canyon rims. Placement of permanent noise-generating facilities should be contingent upon a noise analysis to ensure noise does not encroach upon a 0.5 mile buffer for suitable habitat, including canyon rims.
 - e. Limit disturbances to and within suitable habitat by staying on designated and/or approved routes.

Limit new access routes created by the project. Additional measures to avoid or minimize effects to the species may be developed and implemented in consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service between the lease sale stage and lease development stage to ensure continued compliance with the ESA.

Modifications to the Surface Use Plan of Operations may be required in order to protect the MSO and/or habitat in accordance with Section 6 of the lease terms, the Endangered Species Act, and the regulations at 43 CFR 3101.1-2.

Exception: An exception may be granted by the authorized officer if authorization is obtained

from USFWS (through applicable provisions of the ESA). The authorized officer may also grant an exception if an analysis indicates that the nature or the conduct of the actions would not impair the primary constituent element determined necessary for the survival and recovery of the MSO and USFWS through consultation concurs with this determination.

Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area if an analysis indicates and USFWS (through applicable provisions of the ESA) determines a portion of the area is not being used as Critical Habitat.

Waiver: A waiver may be granted if the MSO is de-listed and the Critical Habitat is determined by USFWS as not necessary for the survival and recovery of the MSO.

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
UT-S-290	<p data-bbox="407 279 1414 342">CONTROLLED SURFACE USE/TIMING LIMITATION – SOUTHWESTERN WILLOW FLYCATCHER</p> <p data-bbox="407 352 1414 814">In areas that contain riparian habitat within the range for the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher, actions would be avoided or restricted that may cause stress and disturbance during nesting and rearing of their young. Appropriate measures will depend on whether the action is temporary or permanent, and whether it occurs within or outside the nesting season. A temporary action is completed prior to the following breeding season leaving no permanent structures and resulting in no permanent habitat loss. A permanent action continues for more than one breeding season and/or causes a loss of habitat or displaces flycatchers through disturbances, i.e., creation of a permanent structure. The following avoidance and minimization measures have been designed to ensure activities carried out on the lease are in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. Integration of, and adherence to these measures, will facilitate review and analysis of any submitted permits under the authority of this lease. Following these measures could reduce the scope of Endangered Species Act, Section 7 consultation at the permit stage.</p> <p data-bbox="407 825 1203 856">Current avoidance and minimization measures include the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="451 867 1414 1570" style="list-style-type: none">1. Surveys will be required prior to operations unless species occupancy and distribution information is complete and available. All surveys must be conducted by qualified individual(s) and be conducted according to protocol.2. Activities will require monitoring throughout the duration of the project. To ensure desired results are being achieved, minimization measures would be evaluated and, if necessary, Section 7 consultation reinitiated.3. Water production will be managed to ensure maintenance or enhancement of riparian habitat.4. Where technically and economically feasible, use directional drilling or multiple wells from the same pad to reduce surface disturbance and eliminate drilling in suitable riparian habitat. Ensure that such directional drilling does not intercept or degrade alluvial aquifers.5. Activities will maintain a 300 feet buffer from suitable riparian habitat year long.6. Activities within 0.25 mile of occupied breeding habitat would not occur during the breeding season of May 1 to August 15.7. Ensure that water extraction or disposal practices do not result in change of hydrologic regime that would result in loss or degradation of riparian habitat.8. Re-vegetate with native species all areas of surface disturbance within riparian areas and/or adjacent land. <p data-bbox="407 1581 1414 1675">Additional measures to avoid or minimize effects to the species may be developed and implemented in consultation with the USFWS between the lease sale stage and lease development stage to ensure continued compliance with the ESA.</p> <p data-bbox="407 1686 1414 1885">Exception: An exception may be granted by the authorized officer if authorization is obtained from USFWS (through applicable provisions of the ESA). The authorized officer may also grant an exception if an environmental analysis indicates that the nature of the conduct of the actions, as proposed or conditioned, would not impair the primary constituent element determined necessary for the survival and recovery of the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher and USFWS concurs with this determination.</p> <p data-bbox="407 1896 1414 1917">Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
	<p>area if an environmental analysis indicates, and USFWS (through applicable provisions of the ESA) determines that a portion of the area is not being used as Southwestern Willow Flycatcher habitat.</p> <p>Waiver: May be granted if the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher is de-listed and the Critical Habitat is determined by USFWS as not necessary for the survival and recovery of the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher.</p>
UT-S-297	<p style="text-align: center;">CONTROLLED SURFACE USE/ TIMING LIMITATION – YELLOW-BILLED CUCKOO</p> <p>No surface-disturbing activities will be conducted within 100 meters of Yellow-billed Cuckoo habitat (riparian areas) from May 15th through July 20th.</p> <p>Exception: An exception may be granted by the authorized officer if authorization is obtained from USFWS (through applicable provisions of the ESA). The authorized officer may also grant an exception if an environmental analysis indicates that the nature of the conduct of the actions, as proposed or conditioned, would not impair the primary constituent element determined necessary for the survival and recovery of the Yellow-billed Cuckoo and USFWS concurs with this determination.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the boundaries of the stipulation area if an environmental analysis indicates, and USFWS (through applicable provisions of the ESA) determines that a portion of the area is not being used as Yellow-billed Cuckoo habitat.</p> <p>Waiver: May be granted if the Yellow-billed Cuckoo is de-listed and if USFWS determines it is not necessary for the survival and recovery of the Western Yellow-billed Cuckoo.</p>
UT-S-298	<p style="text-align: center;">CONDITIONAL SURFACE USE – KIT FOX</p> <p>No surface disturbances within 200 meters of a kit fox den.</p> <p>Exception: An exception could be granted if protocol surveys determine that kit fox dens are not present.</p> <p>Modification: The authorized officer may modify the stipulation area if portions of the area do not contain habitat.</p> <p>Waiver: A waiver may be granted if it is determined that the habitat no longer exists.</p>
UT-S-322	<p style="text-align: center;">CONTROLLED SURFACE USE – CULTURAL RESOURCES (SITES, STRUCTURES, OBJECTS, AND TRADITIONAL USE AREAS)</p> <p>Protective measures will be established and implemented for sites, structures, objects, and traditional use areas that are important to tribes with historical and cultural connections to the land, in order to maintain the view shed and intrinsic values, as well as the auditory, visual, and esthetic settings of the resources. Protection measures for undisturbed cultural resources and their natural settings will be developed in compliance with regulatory mandates and Native American consultation.</p> <p>Exceptions: An exception could be granted if the BLM authorized officer determines that avoidance of direct and indirect impacts to historic properties is not feasible (e.g. avoidance may cause unacceptable damage to other public land resources or affect valid existing rights).</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p> <p>Purpose: Protect and preserve cultural resources, sites, structures, objects and traditional use areas of religious significance to Native Americans.</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

STIPULATIONS	
UT-S-329	<p style="text-align: center;">CONTROLLED SURFACE USE – SLOPES GREATER THAN 30%</p> <p>No surface-disturbing activities are allowed on slopes greater than 30% to minimize watershed damage throughout the Moab Planning Area in fragile soils. This restriction includes heavy equipment traffic on existing roads associated with drilling operations.</p> <p>Purpose: To minimize watershed damage in fragile soils on steep slopes.</p> <p>Exception: An exception could be granted if the operator can provide a plan of development demonstrating that the proposed action would be properly designed and constructed to support the anticipated types and levels of use. Roads must be designed to meet BLM road standards for drainage control and surfaced to support heavy equipment and tractor trailers. Adjustments to the timing restriction could be considered by the Authorized Officer on a case-by-case basis, depending on current soil and weather conditions.</p> <p>Modification: None</p> <p>Waiver: None</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

NOTICES

MEXICAN SPOTTED OWL

The Lessee/Operator is given notice that the lands in this parcel contain suitable habitat for Mexican spotted owl, a federally listed species. The Lessee/Operator is given notice that the lands in this lease contain Designated Critical Habitat for the Mexican spotted owl, a federally listed species. Critical habitat was designated for the Mexican spotted owl on August 31, 2004 (69 FR 53181-53298). Avoidance or use restrictions may be placed on portions of the lease. Application of appropriate measures will depend whether the action is temporary or permanent, and whether it occurs within or outside the owl nesting season.

A temporary action is completed prior to the following breeding season leaving no permanent structures and resulting in no permanent habitat loss.

A permanent action continues for more than one breeding season and/or causes a loss of owl habitat or displaces owls through disturbances, i.e. creation of a permanent structure.

The following avoidance and minimization measures have been designed to ensure activities carried out on the lease are in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. Integration of, and adherence to these measures, will facilitate review and analysis of any submitted permits under the authority of this lease. Following these measures could reduce the scope of Endangered Species Act, Section 7 consultation at the permit stage.

Current avoidance and minimization measures include the following:

1. Surveys will be required prior to operations unless species occupancy and distribution information is complete and available. All Surveys must be conducted by qualified individual(s).
2. Assess habitat suitability for both nesting and foraging using accepted habitat models in conjunction with field reviews. Apply the conservation measures below if project activities occur within 0.5 mile of suitable owl habitat. Determine potential effects of actions to owls and their habitat.
 - a. Document type of activity, acreage and location of direct habitat impacts, type and extent of indirect impacts relative to location of suitable owl habitat.
 - b. Document if action is temporary or permanent.
3. Lease activities will require monitoring throughout the duration of the project. To ensure desired results are being achieved, minimization measures will be evaluated and, if necessary, Section 7 consultation reinitiated.
4. Water production will be managed to ensure maintenance or enhancement of riparian habitat.
5. Where technically and economically feasible, use directional drilling or multiple wells from the same pad to reduce surface disturbance and eliminate drilling in canyon habitat suitable for Mexican spotted owl nesting.
6. For all temporary actions that may impact owls or suitable habitat:
 - a. If the action occurs entirely outside of the owl breeding season (March 1 – August 31), and leaves no permanent structure or permanent habitat disturbance, action can proceed without an occupancy survey.
 - b. If action will occur during a breeding season, survey for owls prior to commencing activity. If owls are found, activity must be delayed until

T&E-06

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

NOTICES	
	<p>outside of the breeding season.</p> <p>c. Rehabilitate access routes created by the project through such means as raking out scars, re-vegetation, gating access points, etc.</p> <p>7. For all permanent actions that may impact owls or suitable habitat:</p> <p>a. Survey two consecutive years for owls according to accepted protocol prior to commencing activities.</p> <p>b. If owls are found, no actions will occur within 0.5 mile of identified nest site. If nest site is unknown, no activity will occur within the designated Protected Activity Center (PAC).</p> <p>c. Avoid drilling and permanent structures within 0.5 mi of suitable habitat unless surveyed and not occupied.</p> <p>d. Reduce noise emissions (e.g., use hospital-grade mufflers) to 45 dBA at 0.5 mile from suitable habitat, including canyon rims. Placement of permanent noise-generating facilities should be determined by a noise analysis to ensure noise does not encroach upon a 0.5 mile buffer for suitable habitat, including canyon rims.</p> <p>e. Limit disturbances to and within suitable habitat by staying on approved routes.</p> <p>f. Limit new access routes created by the project.</p> <p>Additional measures to avoid or minimize effects to the species may be developed and implemented in consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service between the lease sale stage and lease development stage to ensure continued compliance with the Endangered Species Act.</p>
T&E-08	<p style="text-align: center;">SOUTHWESTERN WILLOW FLYCATCHER</p> <p>In areas that contain riparian habitat within the range for the Southwestern Willow Flycatcher, actions would be avoided or restricted that may cause stress and disturbance during nesting and rearing of their young. Appropriate measures will depend on whether the action is temporary or permanent, and whether it occurs within or outside the nesting season. A temporary action is completed prior to the following breeding season leaving no permanent structures and resulting in no permanent habitat loss. A permanent action continues for more than one breeding season and/or causes a loss of habitat or displaces flycatchers through disturbances, i.e., creation of a permanent structure. The following avoidance and minimization measures have been designed to ensure activities carried out on the lease are in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. Integration of, and adherence to these measures, will facilitate review and analysis of any submitted permits under the authority of this lease. Following these measures could reduce the scope of Endangered Species Act, Section 7 consultation at the permit stage. Current avoidance and minimization measures include the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Surveys would be required prior to operations unless species occupancy and distribution information is complete and available. All surveys must be conducted by qualified individual(s) and be conducted according to protocol. 2. Activities will require monitoring throughout the duration of the project. To ensure desired results are being achieved, minimization measures would be evaluated and, if necessary, Section 7 consultation reinitiated.

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

NOTICES	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Water production would be managed to ensure maintenance or enhancement of riparian habitat. 4. Where technically and economically feasible, use directional drilling or multiple wells from the same pad to reduce surface disturbance and eliminate drilling in suitable riparian habitat. Ensure that such directional drilling does not intercept or degrade alluvial aquifers. 5. Activities would maintain a 300 feet buffer from suitable riparian habitat year long. 6. Activities within 0.25 mile of occupied breeding habitat would not occur during the breeding season of May 1 to August 15. 7. Ensure that water extraction or disposal practices do not result in change of hydrologic regime that would result in loss or degradation of riparian habitat. 8. Re-vegetate with native species all areas of surface disturbance within riparian areas and/or adjacent land. <p>Additional measures to avoid or minimize effects to the species may be developed and implemented in consultation with the USFWS between the lease sale stage and lease development stage to ensure continued compliance with the ESA.</p>
T&E-11	<p style="text-align: center;">CALIFORNIA CONDOR</p> <p>The Lessee/Operator is given notice that the lands located in this parcel contain potential habitat for the California Condor, a federally listed species. Avoidance or use restrictions may be placed on portions of the lease if the area is known or suspected to be used by condors. Application of appropriate measures will depend on whether the action is temporary or permanent, and whether it occurs within or outside potential habitat. A <u>temporary</u> action is completed prior to the following important season of use, leaving no permanent structures and resulting in no permanent habitat loss. This would include consideration for habitat functionality. A <u>permanent</u> action continues for more than one season of habitat use, and/or causes a loss of condor habitat function or displaces condors through continued disturbance (i.e. creation of a permanent structure requiring repetitious maintenance, or emits disruptive levels of noise).</p> <p>The following avoidance and minimization measures have been designed to ensure activities carried out on the lease are in compliance with the Endangered Species Act. Integration of, and adherence to these measures will facilitate review and analysis of any submitted permits under the authority of this lease. Following these measures could reduce the scope of Endangered Species Act, Section 7 consultation at the permit stage. Current avoidance and minimization measures include the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Surveys will be required prior to operations unless species occupancy and distribution information is complete and available. All Surveys must be conducted by qualified individual(s) approved by the BLM, and must be conducted according to approved protocol. 2. If surveys result in positive identification of condor use, all lease activities will require monitoring throughout the duration of the project to ensure desired results of applied mitigation and protection. Minimization measures will be evaluated during development and, if necessary, Section 7 consultation may be reinitiated. 3. Temporary activities within 1.0 mile of nest sites will not occur during the breeding season. 4. Temporary activities within 0.5 miles of established roosting sites or areas will not occur during the season of use, August 1 to November 31, unless the area has been surveyed according to protocol and determined to be unoccupied.

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

NOTICES	
	<p>5. No permanent infrastructure will be placed within 1.0 mile of nest sites.</p> <p>6. No permanent infrastructure will be placed within 0.5 miles of established roosting sites or areas.</p> <p>7. Remove big game carrion 100 feet from lease roadways occurring within foraging range.</p> <p>8. Where technically and economically feasible, use directional drilling or multiple wells from the same pad to reduce surface disturbance and eliminate drilling in suitable habitat. Utilize directional drilling to avoid direct impacts to large cottonwood gallery riparian habitats. Ensure that such directional drilling does not intercept or degrade alluvial aquifers.</p> <p>9. Re-initiation of section 7 consultation with the Service will be sought immediately if mortality or disturbance to California condors is anticipated as a result of project activities. Additional site-specific measures may also be employed to avoid or minimize effects to the species. These additional measures will be developed and implemented in consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to ensure continued compliance with the ESA.</p> <p>Additional measures may also be employed to avoid or minimize effects to the species between the lease sale and lease development stages. These additional measures will be developed and implemented in consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to ensure continued compliance with the Endangered Species Act.</p>
UT-LN-15	<p style="text-align: center;">PRONGHORN FAWNING</p> <p>The lessee/operator is given notice that lands in this lease have been identified as containing antelope fawning habitat. Exploration, drilling and other development activities may be restricted from May 1 through June 15 to protect antelope fawning. Modifications may be required in the Surface Use Plan of Operations including seasonal timing restrictions to protect the species and its habitat.</p>
UT-LN-25	<p style="text-align: center;">WHITE-TAILED AND GUNNISON PRAIRIE DOG</p> <p>The lessee/operator is given notice that this lease parcel has been identified as containing white-tailed or Gunnison prairie dog habitat. Modifications to the Surface Use Plan of Operations may be required in order to protect white-tailed or Gunnison prairie dog from surface disturbing activities in accordance with the Endangered Species Act and 43 CFR 3101.1-2</p>
UT-LN-33	<p style="text-align: center;">CONDITIONAL SURFACE USE AND TIMING LIMITATIONS – YELLOW-BILLED CUCKOO HABITAT</p> <p>No surface-disturbing activities would be conducted within 100 meters of Yellow-billed Cuckoo habitat (riparian areas) from May 15 through July 20 to protect Yellow-billed cuckoo habitat.</p>
UT-LN-44	<p style="text-align: center;">RAPTORS</p> <p>Appropriate seasonal and spatial buffers shall be placed on all known raptor nests in accordance with Utah Field Office Guidelines for Raptor Protection from Human and Land use Disturbances (USFWS 2002) and Best Management Practices for Raptors and their Associated Habitats in Utah (BLM 2006). All construction related activities will not occur within these buffers if pre-construction monitoring indicates the nests are active, unless a site specific evaluation for active nests is completed prior to construction and if a BLM wildlife biologist, in consultation with USFWS and UDWR, recommends that activities may be permitted within the buffer. The BLM will coordinate with the USFWS and UDWR and have a recommendation within 3-5 days</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

NOTICES	
	of notification. Any construction activities authorized within a protective (spatial and seasonal) buffer for raptors will require an on-site monitor. Any indication that activities are adversely affecting the raptor and/or its' young the on-site monitor will suspend activities and contact the BLM Authorized Officer immediately. Construction may occur within the buffers of inactive nests. Construction activities may commence once monitoring of the active nest site determines that fledglings have left the nest and are no longer dependent on the nest site. Modifications to the Surface Use Plan of Operations may be required in accordance with section 6 of the lease terms and 43CFR3101.1-2.
UT-LN-45	<p style="text-align: center;">MIGRATORY BIRD</p> <p>The lessee/operator is given notice that surveys for nesting migratory birds may be required during migratory bird breeding season whenever surface disturbances and/or occupancy is proposed in association with fluid mineral exploration and development within priority habitats. Surveys should focus on identified priority bird species in Utah. Field surveys will be conducted as determined by the authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management. Based on the result of the field survey, the authorized officer will determine appropriate buffers and timing limitations.</p>
UT-LN-49	<p style="text-align: center;">UTAH SENSITIVE SPECIES</p> <p>The lessee/operator is given notice that no surface use or otherwise disruptive activity would be allowed that would result in direct disturbance to populations or individual special status plant and animal species, including those listed on the BLM sensitive species list and the Utah sensitive species list. The lessee/operator is also given notice that lands in this parcel have been identified as containing potential habitat for species on the Utah Sensitive Species List. Modifications to the Surface Use Plan of Operations may be required in order to protect these resources from surface disturbing activities in accordance with Section 6 of the lease terms, Endangered Species Act, Migratory Bird Treaty Act and 43 CFR 3101.1-2.</p>
UT-LN-65	<p style="text-align: center;">OLD SPANISH TRAIL</p> <p>The lessee/operator is given notice that lands in this lease are crossed by the Old Spanish Trail National Historic Trail [Old Spanish Trail Recognition Act of 2002, (Old Spanish Trail PLO 107-325)]. Modifications to the Surface Use Plan of Operations may be required in order to protect the historic integrity of the trail. Coordination with the National Park Service may be necessary.</p>
UT-LN-72	<p style="text-align: center;">HIGH POTENTIAL PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES</p> <p>The lessee/operator is given notice that lands in this lease have been identified as having high potential for paleontological resources. Planned projects should be consistent with BLM Manual and Handbook H8270-1, Chapter III (A) and III (B) to avoid areas where significant fossils are known or predicted to occur or to provide for other mitigation of possible adverse effects (RX, NF, ESR). Modifications to the Surface Use Plan of Operations may be required in order to protect paleontological resources from surface disturbing activities in accordance with Section 6 of the lease terms and 43 CFR 3101.1-2.</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

NOTICES	
UT-LN-98	<p style="text-align: center;">VISUAL RESOURCES AND NATURAL SOUNDSCAPES</p> <p>Minimize noise and light pollution in areas adjacent to communities and/or within the viewshed of National Park units using best available technology such as installation of multi-cylinder pumps, hospital sound reducing mufflers, and placement of exhaust systems to direct noise away from communities or National Park units. Reduce light pollution by using methods such as limiting height of light poles, timing of lighting operations (meaning limiting lighting to times of darkness associated with drilling and work over or maintenance operations), limiting wattage intensity, and constructing light shields. However, this is not applicable if it affects human health and safety. Modifications to the Surface Use Plan of Operations may be required in accordance with section 6 of the lease terms and 43CFR3101.1-2.</p>
UT-LN-99	<p style="text-align: center;">REGIONAL OZONE FORMATION CONTROLS</p> <p>To mitigate any potential impact oil and gas development emissions may have on regional ozone formation, the following Best Management Practices (BMPs) would be required for any development projects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tier II or better drilling rig engines • Stationary internal combustion engine standard of 2g NOx/bhp-hr for engines <300HP and 1g NOx/bhp-hr for engines >300HP • Low bleed or no bleed pneumatic pump valves • Dehydrator VOC emission controls to +95% efficiency • Tank VOC emission controls to +95% efficiency
UT-LN-100	<p style="text-align: center;">FRAGILE SOILS – MANCOS SHALE</p> <p>The lessee is given notice that these parcels fall within areas known to have Mancos shale and therefore operations and surface-disturbing activities are not allowed during December 1 to May 31 to minimize watershed damage including compaction, rutting, and topsoil loss on saline soils derived from the Mancos Shale. This restriction includes heavy equipment traffic on existing roads associated with drilling operations. If the operator can provide a plan of development demonstrating that the proposed action would be properly designed and constructed to support the anticipated types and levels of use the project might be allowed. Roads must be designed to meet BLM road standards for drainage control and surfaced to support heavy equipment and tractor trailers. Adjustments to the timing restriction could be considered by the authorized officer on a case-by-case basis, depending on current soil and weather conditions. Modifications to the Surface Use Plan of Operations may be required in accordance with section 6 of the lease terms and 43CFR3101.1-2.</p>
UT-LN-102	<p style="text-align: center;">AIR QUALITY ANALYSIS</p> <p>The lessee/operator is given notice that prior to project-specific approval, additional air quality analyses may be required to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act, Federal Land Policy Management Act, and/or other applicable laws and regulations. Analyses may include dispersion modeling for deposition and visibility impacts analysis, control equipment determinations, and/or emission inventory development. These analyses may result in the imposition of additional project-specific air quality control measures.</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

NOTICES	
UT-LN-103	<p style="text-align: center;">UNDETERMINED GUNNISON SAGE-GROUSE HABITAT</p> <p>The operator/lessee is given notice that this parcel falls within an area where Gunnison sage-grouse presence is classified as “undetermined” at this time. Undetermined habitat is habitat that is known to have been occupied previously, and is potentially occupied currently; however the status of the habitat could not be verified at this time. This area may require further studies to assess the habitat. If Gunnison sage-grouse are found in the area or if the area is classified by the Utah Division of Wildlife Resources as being occupied, then site specific provisions to protect Gunnison sage-grouse and their habitat would be required including appropriate conservation measures.</p>
UT-LN-108	<p style="text-align: center;">LA SAL MINES COMPLEX</p> <p>The lessee/operator is given notice that all or portions of this lease are underlain by active underground uranium mine workings for the La Sal Mines Complex. Any oil and gas exploration and development activities would have to be coordinated with the mining operator.</p>
UT-LN-109	<p style="text-align: center;">LISBON VALLEY COPPER MINE</p> <p>The lessee/operator is given notice that portions of this lease are within the permit boundary for the Lisbon Valley Copper Mine. This mine is an active open pit operation and parcels within the permit boundary may have waste rock piles, heap leach pad operations, open pit mining, exploration and other activities related to the copper mining operation. Any oil and gas exploration and development activities would have to be coordinated with the mining operator.</p>
UT-LN-111	<p style="text-align: center;">UNIVERSITY OF UTAH - RIO MESA CENTER</p> <p>This lease is located nearby the University of Utah’s Rio Mesa Center. The Rio Mesa Center is engaged in a number of long term studies focusing on anthropological and natural systems. This Center is a vital component of the University infrastructure, coursework and training and is a major financial investment. Maintaining the integrity its research is necessary to uphold the statistical validity of its current and future studies. The lessee is given notice that additional coordination with the Center will be necessary.</p>
UT-LN-112	<p style="text-align: center;">DRINKING WATER SOURCE PROTECTION ZONE</p> <p>This lease (or a portion thereof) is within a public Drinking Water Source Protection Zone. Before application for a permit to drill (APD) submittal or any proposed surface-disturbing activity, the lessee/operator must contact the BLM field office and the public water system manager to determine any zoning ordinances, best management or pollution prevention measures or physical controls that may be required within the protection zone. Drinking Water Source Protection plans are developed by the public water systems under the requirements of R309-600, Drinking Water Source Protection for Ground-Water Sources (Utah Administrative Code). There may also be county ordinances in place to protect the source protection zones, as required by Section 19-4-113 of the Utah Code.</p> <p>Incorporated cities and towns may also protect their drinking water sources using Section 10-8-15 of the Utah Code. Cities and town have the extraterritorial authority to enact ordinances to protect a source of drinking water ... "For 15 miles above the point from which it is taken and for a distance of 300 feet on each side of such stream..." Class I cities (greater than 100,000 population) are granted authority to protect their entire watersheds.</p> <p>Some public water sources qualify for monitoring waivers which reduce their</p>

February 2013 Stipulations and Notices

NOTICES

monitoring requirements for pesticides and volatile organic chemicals (VOCs). Exploration, drilling and production activities within a Source Protection Zone could jeopardize these waivers, thus requiring increased monitoring. Contact the public water system to determine what effect your activities may have on their monitoring waivers. Please be aware of other state rules to protect surface and ground water, including Utah Division of Water Quality Rules R317 Water Quality Rules; and Rules of the Utah Division of Oil, Gas and Mining, Utah Oil and Gas Conservation Rules R649.

At the time of development, drilling operators will additionally conform to the operational regulations in Onshore Oil & Gas Order No. 2 (which requires the protection and isolation of all usable quality waters), Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 7 (which prescribes measures required for the handling of produced water to ensure the protection of surface and ground water sources) and the Surface Operating Standards and Guidelines for Oil and Gas Development, The Gold Book, Fourth Edition-Revised 2007 (which provides information and requirements for conducting environmentally responsible oil and gas operations).

Additional mitigation measures may be necessary to prevent adverse impacts from oil and gas exploration and development activities. Mitigation measures may include submitting an erosion control plan with best management practices (BMPs) that address rigorous interim reclamation which might include surface roughening, vegetative buffer strips, etc.; and sediment control through the use of sediment logs, silt fences, erosion control blankets, outlet/inlet protection of water control features such as culverts or diversion ditches, sediment traps, run on/run off pad design features. If project activities are close to sensitive areas or water sources a semi or closed-loop drilling system should be required.