

**U.S. Department of the Interior  
Bureau of Land Management  
Kremmling Field Office  
P.O. Box 68  
Kremmling, CO 80459**

## **ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT**

NUMBER: CO-120-2007-22-EA

PROJECT NAME: Island Campsite Toilet Removal

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: T1S, R 82W, Sec 33

APPLICANT: BLM

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED ACTION AND ALTERNATIVES:

Background/Introduction/Issues and Concerns: In 1989, BLM constructed a composting toilet at the Island Campsite along the Upper Colorado River approximately 2.3 river miles downstream of the Radium Campground and boat launch. During high water events and annual flooding, water seeps into the vault. The introduction of water into the vault interrupts the composting process and leads to material escaping from the vault. As a result, the toilet has never operated as designed. The toilet continues to fill with solid human waste that is not composting.

Proposed Action: BLM's proposal is to remove the toilet completely from the Island Campsite. The waste in the vault would be removed and placed in sealed containers. The screening structure on top of the vault would be dismantled. The vault would be excavated and lifted out of the ground. All the waste, the structure materials, and the vault would be flown by helicopter from the Island Campsite to the Radium Campground where it would be transferred to vehicles, removed from public lands, and disposed of appropriately. The side walls of the remaining depression left after the vault is lifted would be laid back at a 3:1 slope.

The project would occur in September after the high use season on the river. The project would occur on a Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday to avoid high use times at the Radium and Island camps. Both the Radium Campground and the Island camp would be temporarily closed during the time the helicopter would be operating in the area. BLM would notify the public of the temporary closure through a press release, posting notices at both Pumphouse and Radium recreation sites, and through internet postings on river user sites.

The work would be contracted, and the contractor would be responsible for following all safety and public health regulations and clauses identified in the contract.

No Action Alternative: The No Action Alternative would be to leave the toilet in place.

Alternatives Considered But Eliminated From Further Analysis: The alternative of transporting the waste, the structure, and vault via rafts to either Rancho del Rio or to the Yarmony Bridge was considered but eliminated due to the weight of all the materials.

PURPOSE AND NEED FOR THE ACTION: The purpose of the EA is to analyze whether or not to remove the toilet at the Island Campsite, including the waste, the structure, and the vault. There is a need to consider removing the toilet because the toilet vault floods during high water (3,000 cubic feet per second (cfs)) and waste escapes from the vault into the river causing a potential visitor health and safety issue.

PLAN CONFORMANCE REVIEW: The Proposed Action is subject to and has been reviewed for conformance with the following plan (43 CFR 1610.5, BLM 1617.3):

Name of Plan: Kremmling Resource Management Plan (RMP), Record of Decision (ROD)

Date Approved: December 19, 1984; Updated February 1999

Decision Number/Page: II,B,7 page 11

Decision Language: “Manage and fund the Upper Colorado River Special Recreation Management Area to provide river recreational opportunities and to reduce resource damage, solve visitor health and safety problems and mitigate conflicts.”

Standards for Public Land Health: In January 1997, Colorado Bureau of Land Management (BLM) approved the Standards for Public Land Health. Standards describe conditions needed to sustain public land health and relate to all uses of the public lands. The following are the approved standards:

<b>Standard</b>	<b>Definition/Statement</b>
#1 Upland Soils	Upland soils exhibit infiltration and permeability rates that are appropriate to soil type, climate, land form, and geologic processes. Adequate soil infiltration and permeability allows for the accumulation of soil moisture necessary for optimal plant growth and vigor, and minimizes surface runoff.
#2 Riparian Systems	Riparian systems associated with both running and standing water, function properly and have the ability to recover from major surface disturbances such as fire, severe grazing, or 100-year floods. Riparian vegetation captures sediment, and provides forage, habitat and bio-diversity. Water quality is improved or maintained. Stable soils store and release water slowly.
#3 Plant and Animal Communities	Healthy, productive plant and animal communities of native and other desirable species are maintained at viable population levels commensurate with the species and habitat’s potential. Plants and animals at both the community and population level are productive, resilient, diverse, vigorous, and able to reproduce and sustain natural fluctuations, and ecological processes.
#4 Threatened and Endangered Species	Special status, threatened and endangered species (federal and state), and other plants and animals officially designated by the BLM, and their habitats are maintained or enhanced by sustaining healthy, native plant and animal communities.
#5 Water Quality	The water quality of all water bodies, including ground water where applicable, located on or influenced by BLM lands will achieve or exceed the Water Quality Standards established by the State of Colorado. Water Quality Standards for surface and ground waters include the designated beneficial uses, numeric criteria, narrative criteria, and anti-degradation requirements set forth under State law as found in (5 CCR 1002-8), as required by Section 303(c) of the Clean Water Act.

Because a standard exists for these five categories, a finding must be made for each of them in the environmental analysis. These findings are located in specific elements below or in the Interdisciplinary Team Analysis Review Record and Checklist (IDT-RRC) (Appendix 1).

AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT / ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES / MITIGATION MEASURES:

CRITICAL ELEMENTS: The following critical elements: Air Quality, Areas of Critical Environmental Concern, Cultural Resources, Native American Religious Concerns, Threatened, Endangered, and Sensitive Species, Environmental Justice, Farmlands- Prime and Unique, Wetlands and Riparian Zones, Wild and Scenic Rivers, and Wilderness were evaluated and determined that they were not present or that there would be no impact to them from the Proposed Action or No Action Alternative. See IDT-RRC in Appendix 1 for further information.

The following critical elements were determined to be potentially impacted and were carried forward for analysis from the IDT-RRC in Appendix 1.

**FLOODPLAINS**

**Affected Environment:** The Upper Colorado River basin's numerous water diversions and reservoirs have greatly altered the river flows experienced by the Upper Colorado River Special Recreation Management Area. The floodplains experience much lower peak flows and subsequent flooding than historically. However, the Island Site is still within the active floodplain of the Colorado River. In the last thirty years, nineteen of the years had peak flows of 3,000 cfs or greater, which appear to have flooded the existing toilet.

**Environmental Consequences/Mitigation:** The toilet is currently not impacting the functionality of the floodplain, and does not increase the flood hazard. However, a floodplain is not a suitable location for an open vault toilet because the hydrograph for the Colorado River indicates that relatively frequent flooding of the vault is possible.

Under the No Action Alternative, the toilet could be expected to be flooded and waste added to the river.

**INVASIVE, NON-NATIVE SPECIES**

**Affected Environment:** Currently, small amounts of oxeye daisy and houndstongue are growing in the project area which is being treated annually as part of the Kremmling Field Office weed abatement program.

**Environmental Consequences/Mitigation:** The Proposed Action would create a disturbance and avenue for the establishment or expansion of invasive, non-native species. The two identified species and any other invasive, non-native species that become established within the project area would continue to be monitored and treated reducing potential impacts.

**MIGRATORY BIRDS**

Affected Environment: The proposed project site provides habitat for a variety of migratory birds. Northern flickers, downy woodpeckers, gray jays, and several species of warblers. The habitat in the area is primarily willow riparian with an understory of grasses, forbs, and sedges. Several ponderosa pine trees are also growing on the island.

Environmental Consequences/Mitigation: Removal of the pit toilet by helicopter would displace birds for a short period and a small amount of habitat would be disturbed. No other impacts to migratory birds would be anticipated.

#### WASTES, HAZARDOUS OR SOLID

Affected Environment: Hazardous and solid wastes are not a part of the natural environment. The compost and/or partially composted sewage within the toilet vault are classified as solid waste. Industrial wastes are not expected to be in the toilet vault; therefore the contents are not regulated as hazardous waste but rather as solid waste. The toilet structure itself would also be considered to be regular solid waste.

Environmental Consequences: The Proposed Action would not cause hazardous impacts because the use of a sealed container for removal of the toilet vault contents would reduce the likelihood of exposure of solid wastes to the environment. The proposed mitigation would reduce other potential minor impacts.

#### Mitigation:

-If the human wastes have no free liquids, they may be able to be disposed of at a regular landfill, with prior approval of the landfill operator. Otherwise, the material should be taken to a municipal wastewater treatment plant or a private facility permitted by the Colorado Department of Public Health and the Environment to accept septic wastes.

-Care should be taken to ensure that no wastes accidentally are released into the Colorado River. This would apply to the toilet vault contents as well as lubricants and/or fuel for the helicopter. If the helicopter requires refueling during the Proposed Action, it should occur at a designated location away from the river.

#### WATER QUALITY, SURFACE AND GROUND (includes a finding on Standard 5)

Affected Environment: The Island Site is located on the Upper Colorado River. The state has classified this segment of the river for: aquatic life-coldwater class 1, recreation-class 1a, water supply, and agricultural uses. This stretch of the Colorado River was classified for class 1a recreational use due to the recreationists in the water (primary contact) and fecal coliforms below 200/100 mL of water. There are no known water quality concerns for the river and it is considered to be fully supporting its designated uses. Due to the Island's location in the river, the affected environment does not involve groundwater resources.

Environmental Consequences/Mitigation: It is essential BLM does not have a direct discharge of untreated sewage into any surface water. The Proposed Action would protect water quality and would comply with state and national water quality laws. Under the No Action

Alternative, even if the outhouse was closed to use, there exists the possibility of unauthorized use occurring and possible discharge to the river.

Finding on the Public Land Health Standard for water quality: The Colorado River's water quality is considered to be meeting the state's water quality standards. The Proposed Action helps insure that public lands and their uses are not degrading the water quality. The No Action Alternative foregoes an opportunity to protect the area's ability to meet the Standard and risks the BLM being cited for water quality violations.

NON-CRITICAL ELEMENTS: The following non-critical elements were determined to be potentially impacted and were carried forward for analysis from the IDT-RRC in Appendix 1.

#### VEGETATION (includes a finding on Standard 3)

**Affected Environment:** The project area is part of an island within the Colorado River system and the vegetation is typical for the region. The island consists of an assortment of willows and mostly grasses, grasslike plants, and forbs with a few overstory pine trees. The vegetation is sparse in most areas because the island consists mostly of river rock.

**Environmental Consequences/Mitigation:** Some minor disturbance to the vegetation would result from implementation of the proposed project. A BLM approved seed mix and seeding rate would be used to re-vegetate the areas disturbed.

**Finding on the Public Land Health Standard for plant and animal communities (partial, see also Wildlife, Aquatic and Wildlife, Terrestrial):** The project area is not authorized for livestock grazing by the BLM. The project area would not be assessed for compliance with the Standards.

#### WILDLIFE, AQUATIC (includes a finding on Standard 3)

**Affected Environment:** The proposed project area is inhabited by a variety of aquatic wildlife including coldwater fish, beavers, ducks, and Canada geese. Ducks and geese migrate from the area when the water begins to freeze while the other species are permanent residents.

**Environmental Consequences/Mitigation:** Removal of the pit toilet would improve aquatic habitat since human waste would no longer enter the Colorado River. Some disturbance to aquatic habitat and wildlife would occur during toilet removal, however, this would be short term and sufficient habitat exists to support any wildlife displaced by the proposed project.

**Finding on the Public Land Health Standard for plant and animal communities (partial, see also Vegetation and Wildlife, Terrestrial):** The area would continue to meet this standard if the proposed project is implemented as planned.

#### RECREATION

**Affected Environment:** The proposed project is within the Upper Colorado River Special Recreation Management Area. The toilet is part of the Island Campsite along the Colorado River. The site is utilized by river users that are engaged in rafting, kayaking and float fishing. The site is used for both overnight camping and as a day use picnic site. Due to the high use of the river section by commercial outfitters running day trips, the site has more day use than overnight use. There are several campsites that include pit toilets along the river from the Pumphouse Recreation Area and Rancho del Rio. Approximately 30,000 visitors use the river annually. There are no regulations that require river users to pack out human waste along this stretch of river.

**Environmental Consequences/Mitigation:** The Proposed Action would remove a toilet facility that is used by both private and commercial users that float the river section between Radium and Rancho del Rio. Due to the high use of the river during the summer, and the

reliance on the facilities by the commercial outfitters, the removal of the toilet would push day use down stream to the Benches Campsite. This would increase crowding at the Benches site. There is potential for accumulation of human waste at the Island Campsite due to the removal of the toilet. Discussion with outfitters and private boating clubs should take place to consider a possible replacement of a toilet at the island site for the 2008 boating season.

## NOISE

**Affected Environment:** The proposed project is within the boundaries of the Upper Colorado River SRMA. The river corridor experiences noise from vehicles, trains, and recreation activities including off-road vehicles, motor homes, motorcycles, and other forms of recreation activities.

**Environmental Consequences/Mitigation:** During construction, noise would increase short term due to the helicopter activity. The effects would be temporary and would be eliminated once the toilet removal is completed. The project is also scheduled to occur during the week to minimize impacts to recreation users.

**CUMULATIVE IMPACTS SUMMARY:** All resource values have been evaluated for cumulative impacts. It has been determined that there would be no cumulative impacts.

**PERSONS / AGENCIES CONSULTED:** Richard Morgan (land owner adjacent to the Island Campsite), River Outfitters (during annual meeting)

**INTERDISCIPLINARY REVIEW:** See IDT-RRC in Appendix 1.

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## CO-120-2007-22-EA

Based on the analysis of potential environmental impacts contained in the attached environmental assessment, and considering the significance criteria in 40 CFR 1508.27, I have determined that the Proposed Action will not have a significant effect on the human environment. An environmental impact statement is therefore not required.

### DECISION RECORD

DECISION: It is my decision to authorize the Proposed Action as described in the attached EA. This decision is contingent on meeting all mitigation measures and monitoring requirements listed below.

RATIONALE: The Proposed Action was selected to remove the toilet and associated waste at the Island Campsite by helicopter instead of by boat, and instead of leaving it in place. Removal by helicopter was considered the safest and most effective means of alleviating the public safety and health issues associated with the toilet vault flooding during high water.

#### MITIGATION MEASURES:

##### Standard Cultural & Paleontological stipulations:

The holder shall immediately bring to the attention of the Authorized Officer any and all antiquities, or other objects of historic, paleontological, or scientific interest including but not limited to, historic or prehistoric ruins or artifacts DISCOVERED as a result of operations under this authorization (16 U.S.C. 470.-3, 36 CFR 800.112). The holder shall immediately suspend all activities in the area of the object and shall leave such discoveries intact until written approval to proceed is obtained from the Authorized Officer. Approval to proceed will be based upon evaluation of the object(s). Evaluation shall be by a qualified professional selected by the Authorized Officer from a Federal agency insofar as practicable (BLM Manual 8142.06E). When not practicable, the holder shall bear the cost of the services of a non-Federal professional.

Within five working days the Authorized Officer will inform the holder as to:

- Whether the materials appear eligible for the National Register of Historic Places;
- The mitigation measures the holder will likely have to undertake before the site can be used (assuming in situ preservation is not necessary); and,
- A timeframe for the Authorized Officer to complete an expedited review under 36 CFR 800.11 to confirm, through the State Historic Preservation Officer, that the findings of the Authorized Officer are correct and that mitigation is appropriate.

If the holder wishes, at any time, to relocate activities to avoid the expense of mitigation and/or the delays associated with this process, the Authorized Officer will assume responsibility for whatever recordation and stabilization of the exposed materials may be required. Otherwise, the holder will be responsible for mitigation costs. The Authorized Officer will provide technical and procedural guidelines for the conduct of mitigation. Upon verification from the Authorized Officer that the required mitigation has been completed, the holder will then be allowed to resume construction.

Antiquities, historic, prehistoric ruins, paleontological or objects of scientific interest that are outside of the authorization boundaries but directly associated with the impacted resource will also be included in this evaluation and/or mitigation.

Antiquities, historic, prehistoric ruins, paleontological or objects of scientific interest, identified or unidentified, that are outside of the authorization and not associated with the resource within the authorization will also be protected. Impacts that occur to such resources, which are related to the authorizations activities, will be mitigated at the holder's cost.

Pursuant to 43 CFR 10.4(g), the holder of this authorization must notify the Authorized Officer, by telephone, with written confirmation, immediately upon the discovery of human remains, funerary items, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony. Further, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.4 (c) and (d), you must stop activities in the vicinity of the discovery and protect it for 30 days or until notified to proceed by the Authorized Officer.

Wastes, Hazardous or Solid:

-If the human wastes have no free liquids, they may be able to be disposed of at a regular landfill, with prior approval of the landfill operator. Otherwise, the material must be taken to a municipal wastewater treatment plant or a private facility permitted by the Colorado Department of Public Health and the Environment to accept septic wastes.

-Care must be taken to ensure that no wastes accidentally are released into the Colorado River. This would apply to the toilet vault contents as well as lubricants and/or fuel for the helicopter. If the helicopter requires refueling during the Proposed Action, it must occur at a designated location away from the river.

NAME OF PREPARER: Andy Windsor

NAME OF ENVIRONMENTAL COORDINATOR: Joe Stout

DATE: 8/21/07

SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL: /s/ David Stout

DATE SIGNED: 8/29/07

ATTACHMENTS:

1). Project Map

2). Contract Information

APPENDICES:

Appendix 1 – Interdisciplinary Team Analysis Review Record and Checklist

Appendix 1

**INTERDISCIPLINARY TEAM ANALYSIS REVIEW RECORD AND CHECKLIST:**

**Project Title:** Island Campsite Toilet Removal

**Project Leader:** Andy Windsor

**Date Submitted for Comment:** 3/8/07

**Due Date for Comments:** 7/1/07

**Need for a field Exam:** Conducted during summer 2006 & 2007

**Scoping Needs/Interested or Affected Publics:** Rafting community (commercial and private boaters)

**Consultation/Permit Requirements:**

Consultation	Date Initiated	Date Completed	Responsible Specialist/ Contractor	Comments
Cultural/Archeological Clearance/SHPO	Report in preparation	7/23/07	FGR	The project is recommended to proceed with standard BLM cultural and Paleontological discovery stipulations made part of the E.A, and the authorization to remove the toilet.
Native American	2/23/2007	4/14/07	FGR	The project is recommended to proceed with standard BLM cultural and Paleontological discovery stipulations made part of the E.A, and the authorization to remove the toilet.
T&E Species/FWS	N/A	N/A	CC	
Permits Needed (i.e. Air or Water)	N/A	N/A	PB	

(NP) = Not Present

(NI) = Resource/Use Present but Not Impacted

(PI) = Potentially Impacted and Brought Forward for Analysis.

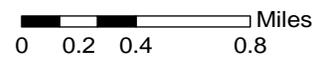
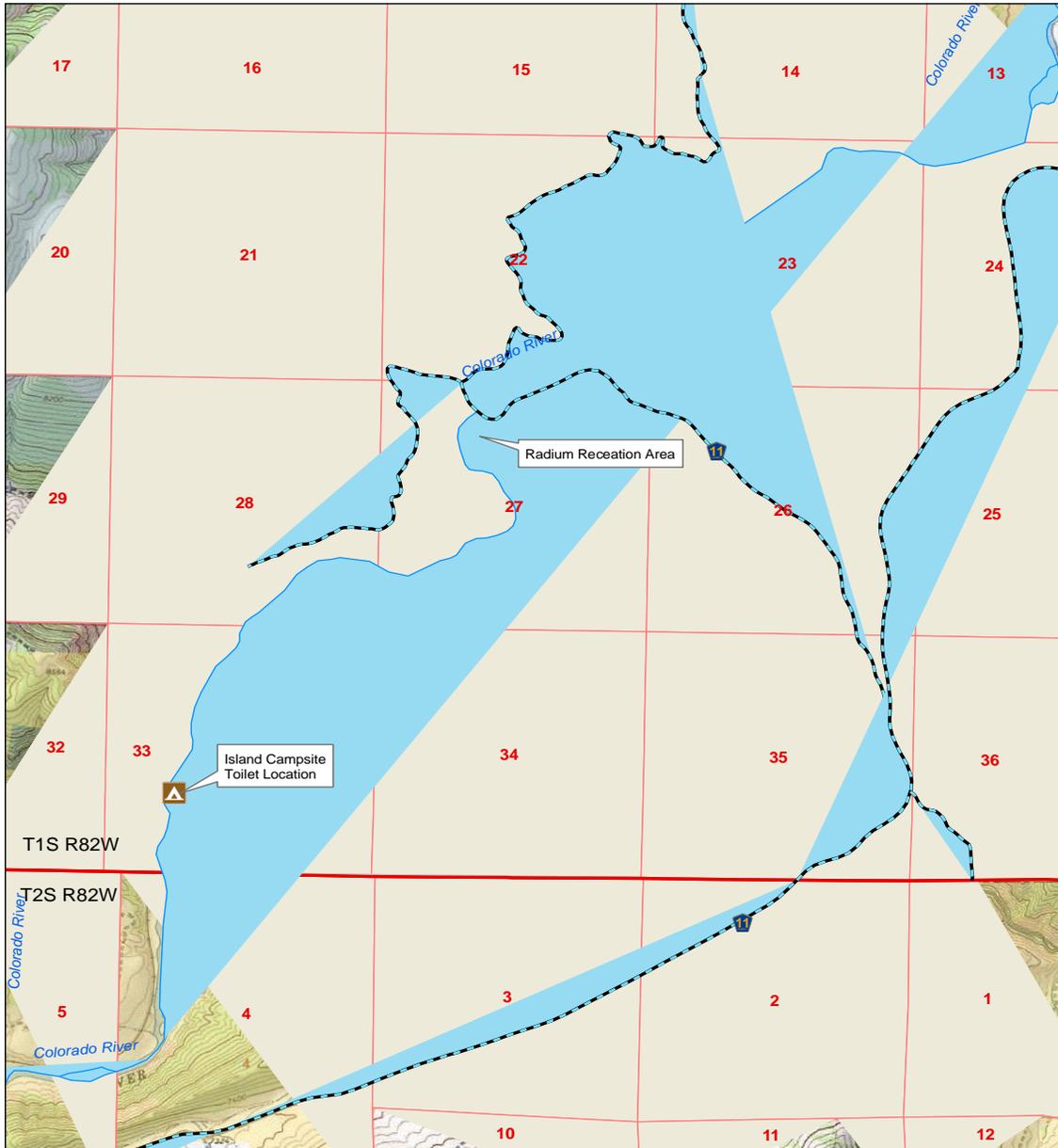
NP NI PI	Discipline/Name	Date Review Comp.	Initials	Review Comments (required for Critical Element NIs, and for elements that require a finding but are not carried forward for analysis.)
<b>CRITICAL ELEMENTS</b>				
NI	Air Quality <b>Belcher</b>	6/27/07	PB	The Proposed Action and the No Action Alternative would not have any impacts to Air Quality.
NP	Areas of Critical Environmental Concern <b>J. Stout</b>	8/21/07	JS	There are no Areas of Critical Environmental Concern in the proximity of the proposed project area.
NP	Cultural Resources <b>Rupp</b>	7/23/07	FGR	The developed Island Campground was culturally inventoried several years ago as part of a cultural inventory of existing and potential recreation sites. The report is in preparation. There are no cultural resources on the Island Campground. The project is recommended to

					proceed with standard BLM cultural and Paleontological discovery stipulations made part of the E.A, and the authorization to remove and replace the toilet.
NP	Environmental Justice	<b>J. Stout</b>	8/21/07	JS	According to the most recent Census Bureau statistics (2000), there are no minority or low income communities within the Kremmling Planning Area.
NP	Farmlands, Prime and Unique	<b>Belcher</b>	6/27/07	PB	There are no farmlands, prime or unique, in the proximity of the proposed project area.
PI	Floodplains	<b>Belcher</b>	6/27/07	PB	See analysis in EA.
PI	Invasive, Non-native Species	<b>Johnson</b>	7/9/07	RJ	See analysis in EA.
PI	Migratory Birds	<b>Cesar</b>	7/9/07	CC	See analysis in EA.
NP	Native American Religious Concerns	<b>Rupp</b>	7/23/07	FGR	Consultation with the five potentially affected Native American Indian Tribes who have cultural affiliation to Middle Park was initiated on 2/23/2007 and completed on 4/14/2007. No Native American concerns related to burials, sacred sites or traditional use areas were identified.
NI	T/E, and Sensitive Species (Finding on Standard 4)	<b>Cesar</b>	7/9/07	CC	The proposed project area is inhabited by bald eagles during winter periods, usually mid-October through April. Bald eagles are a BLM designated Sensitive Species and are no longer listed federally listed as Endangered. The proposed project would not impact bald eagles since the project would not be implemented when they are using the area.
PI	Wastes, Hazardous and Solid	<b>Hodgson</b>	8/1/07	KH	See analysis in EA.
PI	Water Quality, Surface and Ground (Finding on Standard 5)	<b>Belcher</b>	6/27/07	PB	See analysis in EA.
NI	Wetlands & Riparian Zones (Finding on Standard 2)	<b>Belcher</b>	6/27/07	PB	Finding: The Island Toilet is located in an upland site. Removal of the toilet would not impact wetlands or riparian areas.
NI	Wild and Scenic Rivers	<b>Sterin</b>	4/26/07	BS	The BLM has determined that this section of the Colorado River is eligible for Wild and Scenic River Status. The Proposed Action would not adversely affect the Outstandingly Remarkable Values or free flowing classification because development already exists within the project area. Thus, there would be no impact.
NP	Wilderness	<b>Monkouski</b>	4/27/07	JM	There is no designated Wilderness or Wilderness Study Areas in the proximity of the proposed project area.
<b>NON-CRITICAL ELEMENTS (A finding must be made for these elements)</b>					
NI	Soils (Finding on Standard 1)	<b>Belcher</b>	6/27/07	PB	Finding: Installation of the toilet caused some soil disturbance at the site. Removal of the toilet would not result in new soil disturbance, and would be confined to a very small area.
PI	Vegetation (Finding on Standard 3)	<b>Johnson</b>	7/9/07	RJ	See analysis in EA.
PI	Wildlife, Aquatic (Finding on Standard 3)	<b>Cesar</b>	7/9/07	CC	See analysis in EA.

NI	Wildlife, Terrestrial (Finding on Standard 3)	<b>Cesar</b>	7/9/07	CC	Mule deer and Rocky Mountain elk utilize the island on an occasional basis during winter. Few other upland species other than those mentioned above utilize the island since so much upland habitat exists in the project area. The proposed project would not impact deer or elk since they would not be on the island at the time the toilet would be removed. Also, the toilet removal would not result in any loss of vegetation which would be used by deer and elk during winter.
<b>OTHER NON-CRITICAL ELEMENTS</b>					
NI	Access/Transportation	<b>Monkouski</b>	4/27/07	JM	No impact.
NP	Forest Management	<b>Rosene</b>	3/16/07	RR	There are minimal forest resources present, thus there would be no impacts.
NI	Geology and Minerals	<b>Hodgson</b>	7/17/07	KH	No impact.
NI	Hydrology/Water Rights	<b>Belcher</b>	6/27/07	PB	No other hydrology impacts besides Floodplain and Water Quality Sections. No impacts to water rights.
NP	Paleontology	<b>Rupp</b>	8/23/07	FGR	The Island Campground Site lies within the historic Colorado River floodplain. There is little to no expectation that intact, in situ fossil remains could be discovered. However, there can be some expectation that the outwash gravels could contain fossilized plant (primarily petrified wood) and vertebrate animal fossils. Standard stipulations attached.
PI	Noise	<b>Monkouski</b>	8/21/07	JM	See analysis in EA.
NP	Range Management	<b>Johnson</b>	7/9/07	RJ	No livestock grazing is authorized in the project area. Thus, there would be no impacts.
NP	Lands/ Realty Authorizations	<b>Cassel</b>	3/1/07	SC	There are no leases, permits or ROW's in the location of the proposed action.
PI	Recreation	<b>Windsor</b>	3/8/07	AW	See analysis in EA.
NI	Socio-Economics	<b>J. Stout</b>	8/21/07	JS	There would be no impacts.
NI	Visual Resources	<b>Straub</b>	4/18/07	RS	Class II, removing the toilet will reduce the visual impact of facilities in the area.
NI	Cumulative Impact Summary	<b>J. Stout</b>	8/21/07	JS	There would be no cumulative impacts
<b>FINAL REVIEW</b>					
	P&E Coordinator	<b>J. Stout</b>	8/22/07	JS	
	Field Manager	<b>D. Stout</b>			



# Island Campsite Toilet Removal



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No Warranty is made by the Bureau of Land Management as to the Accuracy, Reliability, or Completeness of this Data for Individual Use or Aggregate Use with Other Data.

Maps: BLM, Kremmling FO XX/XX/2007