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To: [Micah Chambers](#)
Subject: Monument Data
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Attachments: [DOI National Monuments Data Call - Response 3.31.17 \(2\).xlsx](#)

Here is the chart

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National Monuments Designation Authority	
Designation Authority	# of National Monuments (originally established)
Antiquities Act	159
Congress/Legislation	31
Congress & Antiquities Act	2
Congress & Presidential Proclamation (not via Antiquities Act)	1
TOTAL	193

# of National Monuments - Originally Established (under DOI or with DOI as co-owner)	# of DOI National Monuments - Current (Currently under DOI or with DOI as co-owner)
193	123

Range of years National Monuments were established	
Time Period	# of National Monuments (originally established)
1906-1909	24
1910-1919	18
1920-1929	26
1930-1939	25
1940-1949	6
1950-1959	4
1960-1969	9
1970-1979	19
1980-1989	3
1990-1999	2
2000-2009	27
2010-2017	30
TOTAL	193

Note: The number of current DOI Monuments is now 123.

Notes:

The "National Monuments Data" tab includes National Monuments that were established under other Federal Agencies (such as NOAA, and Forest Service). These monuments were included in this data call as a number of the monuments have been transferred between DOI and the Forest Service. The data is sortable, which allows for different views (such as including or excluding the Forest Service National Monuments).

National Monuments that were abolished or re-designated as a National Park, Refuge, Preserve, or Seashore or transferred to an external agency are also included in this data call. See column B in the "National Monuments Data" tab for DOI Bureau name (or other non-DOI agency name) and latest designation (if no longer a National Monument).

Per BLM, courts give deference to BLM and the Resource Objects and Values (ROV's) that are further defined by BLM through NEPA, in addition to the more general nature of the Proclamation language. For reference, the BLM ROV's are included in the "National Monuments Data" tab under Column K for each BLM managed National Monument.

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3/15/2017

NPS	C. A. Chavez National Monument	California	Keene	2012	Antiquities Act	0.50	10.50	October 08, 2012. The people in Keene, California, known as Nuestra Señora Reina de la Paz (Our Lady Queen of Peace) (La Paz), recognize the historic significance of the Cesa Estada Chavez and the formation of the UFWO movement. Cesa Chavez is one of the most revered civil rights leaders in the history of the United States. From humble beginnings in Yuma, Arizona, to the founding of the United Farm Workers (UFW) movement, Cesa Chavez knew firsthand the hardships that confronted farmworker families across the United States and the contribution to feeding the Nation. He saw and experienced the difficult conditions and hardships that confronted farmworker families. And though he had to work, persevere, and be patient, he dedicated his life to the struggle for respect and dignity for the farmworker of America. Throughout his life, Cesa Chavez overcame countless obstacles in his ascent to prominence. In spite of the travails and struggles, Young Joe through the many trials and tribulations to become one of the most respected leaders of his time. A well-rounded man with a steadfast devotion to duty, Young led by example and inspired a generation of new leaders.
NPS	Chesapeake and Ohio Canal National Monument	Ohio	W. Cox	1924	Antiquities Act	3,655.12	12,022.38	Established under USFS and transferred to NPS in 1933. Established to protect the natural and cultural resources known as the Pinnacles, within the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal National Monument, Ohio, that are of scientific interest. Whereas, within the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal National Monument, Ohio, there are certain areas of scientific interest, and it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving these natural objects as a National Monument, together with as much public land as may be necessary for the proper protection of the same. Proclamation on: Chesapeake and Ohio Canal National Monument, Establishment, Proclamation 1126, Statutes at Large (24 May 1911) Vol. 37, p. 156.
NPS	Colorado National Monument	Colorado	F. Uta	1911	Antiquities Act	13,883.06	20,536.39	Redesignated a National Preserve in 2002 through 107th Congress. WHEREAS, the site is located in townships one south, one and two north, ranges twenty-four and twenty-five east of the Boise Meridian, in Blaine and Blaine Counties, Idaho, and consists of a tract of land known as the National Monument, together with its associated volcanic cones, craters, fissures, lava flows, caves, natural bridges, and other phenomena characteristic of volcanic action which are of unusual scientific value and general interest; and WHEREAS, this area contains many curious and unusual phenomena of great educational value and has a wide and scenic landscape peculiar to itself; and WHEREAS, it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving these volcanic features as a National Monument. The Congressional Act of the Moon National Monument and Preserve encompasses approximately 28,000 acres of BLM- and NPS-administered federal land, 8,000 acres of state land, and 7,000 acres of private land. The decisions made through this planning process apply only to the federal land within the Monument boundary, effective to the planning area.
NPS/BLM/State/Private	Cate's of the Moon National Monument	Idaho	Shoshone	1924/2000	Antiquities Act	53,571.05	737,525.00	On November 9, 2000, President Clinton expanded Cate's of the Moon National Monument from roughly 54,000 acres to approximately 753,000 acres, including the 738,000 acres of federal land. The President's grant of the proclamation to ensure protection of the Great Rift volcanic rift zone and its associated features. The Proclamation also placed the lands under the administration of both the National Park Service (NPS) and the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), with each agency having primary management authority over separate portions. In addition, on August 21, 2002, Public Law (PL) 107-213, 116 Statute (Stat.) 1052 designated the NPS portion of the designated Monument as BLM and NPS-operated land. The Act of the law, equal terms and policies which apply to different portions of the planning area, the proposed plan provides a jointly developed framework for cooperative management of the area.
NPS	Devil Postpile National Monument	California	Mammoth Lakes	1911	Antiquities Act	798.46	800.19	Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS the natural objects known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls, within the State of California, are of scientific interest, and it appears that the public interest will be promoted by reserving said natural objects as a National Monument.
NPS	Devils Tower National Monument	Wyoming	Devils Tower	1906	Antiquities Act	1,193.91	1,346.91	AND, WHEREAS, the lofty and isolated rock in the State of Wyoming known as the Devils Tower, situated upon the public lands owned and controlled by the United States, is such an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the high mountains as to be a natural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interest; and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this tower as a National Monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection of the same.
NPS	Dinosaur National Monument	Utah, Colorado		1915	Antiquities Act	80.00	205,685.51	Whereas, in section twenty-four, township four south, range twenty monument, Utah, the east of the Salt Lake meridian, Utah, there is located an extraordinary example of deposits of dinosaur and other gigantic reptilian remains of the Juratrias period, which are of great scientific interest and value, and it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving these deposits as a National Monument, together with as much land as may be needed for the protection of the same. Proclamation on 2860, October 25, 1915. Whereas the extraordinary remains in the northwestern part of the State of Iowa known as the Effigy Mounds are of great scientific interest because of the variety of the forms, which include an animal, bird, and human types, just as well as a significant phase of the mound-building culture of the prehistoric American Indians and Whereas the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings, and Monuments at its meeting held October 28-30, 1941 decided the Effigy Mounds to be of national scientific importance in order to preserve for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations that area in western New Mexico containing the nationally significant Gant Lava Flow, the Las Ventanas Chacoan Archeological Site, and other significant natural and cultural resources, the sites hereby established the El Malpais National Monument (hereinafter referred to as the "monument").
NPS	Effigy Mounds National Monument	Iowa	Harpersfield	1949	Antiquities Act	1,000.00	2,526.39	WHEREAS, the objects known as El Malpais and Inscriptions on Rock in the Territory of New Mexico, situated upon public lands owned by the United States, are of the greatest historic value and it appears that the public good would be promoted by setting aside said objects as a national monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection of the same.
NPS	El Malpais National Monument	New Mexico	Gant	1987	Congress	109,946.76		"To preserve and protect for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations the excellently preserved insect and leaf fossil and related geologic sites and objects."
NPS	El Morro National Monument	New Mexico	Ramah	906	Antiquities Act	160.00	1,039.92	Transferred to NPS in 1933. AND WHEREAS, by section 2 of the Act of Congress approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225) the President is authorized to declare as public lands under the control of the Department of the Interior the public lands owned or controlled by the Government of the United States to be national monuments, and may reserve as a part thereof parcels of land, the limits of which in all cases shall be confined to the smallest area compatible with the proper care and management of the objects to be protected.
NPS	Fossil Beds National Monument	Colorado	Fossil	1969	Congress	5,992.32		November 02, 2011. Known as "the Gibraltar of the Chesapeake" and later as "Freedom's Fort," Fort Mifflin on Old Point Comfort in Virginia has a storied history in the defense of our Nation and the struggle for freedom. Fort Mifflin, designed by Simon Bernard and built of stone and brick between 1819 and 1834, is a truly extraordinary laboratory, the largest of the Third System of fortifications in the United States. It has been a bastion of defense of the Chesapeake Bay, an stronghold of the Union Army surrounded by the Confederate Army, a place of freedom for the enslaved, and the monument to the Chief Blackhawk and the President of the Confederate Army, Jefferson Davis. It is served as the U.S. Army's Coastal Defense Artillery School during the 19th and 20th centuries, and most recently, as headquarters of the U.S. Army's Training and Doctrine Command.
NPS	Fort Mifflin National Monument	Pennsylvania	Fort Mifflin	2011	Antiquities Act	325.21	262.58	AP 120, 2012. In the heart of California's Central Coast, the former Fort Ord encompasses a sweeping landscape of vivid beauty and rich natural diversity. One of the few remaining expanses of large, contiguous open space in the increasingly developed Monterey Bay area, this area is a rolling landscape long known for its excellent, scenic vistas, outdoor recreation, and historic significance. Originating in the Pleistocene Epoch, ancient dunes provide the foundation for this landscape's unique array of plant and wildlife communities. The area is also notable for its historic significance, including its role in the Spanish settlement of California and the military activities of generations of Americans.
BLM	Fort Ord National Monument	California	Marina	2012	Antiquities Act	14,651.00		BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or management's reports. Including: Juan Bautista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildlife
NPS	Fort Stanwix National Monument	Georgia	Savannah	1924	Antiquities Act	20.00	5,365.13	Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS, the area within the site of the Fort Stanwix National Monument, Georgia, is of historic and scientific interest.
NPS	Fort Sumter National Monument	New York	Rome	1935	Congress	15.52		Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition of a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people. Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes recommended that the bill be passed, noting that the area is the site of a battle of great importance. American history and its way of federal protection. There separate congressional acts contributed to Fort Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred to the War Department to the National Park Service by an act of Congress on April 128, 1948. In this legislation, Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument, providing that it shall be a public National Monument to commemorate the historic events at the Fort Sumter. "The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Mifflin in 1960 under authority of the Historic Sites Act of 1935. Additionally, the people of the town of Fort Mifflin at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for Fort Sumter National Monument, including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 158.9 acres. The park also holds a special easement on 30 acres adjacent to Fort Mifflin.
NPS	Fort Sumter National Monument	South Carolina	Charleston	1948	Congress	230.63		Be transferred by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled, That in order to preserve and protect, in the public interest, the historic Old Fort Mifflin, situated in the county of Mifflin, State of New Mexico, and to provide adequate public access to the same, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to acquire on behalf of the United States by donation, or he may purchase with donated funds, the site and remaining structures of Old Fort Mifflin, together with such additional land, interests, and improvements as the Secretary in his discretion may deem necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.
NPS	Fossil Butte National Monument	Wyoming	Kemmerer	1972	Congress	8,198.00		That in order to preserve for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations outstanding paleontological sites and related geologic phenomena, and to provide for the display and interpretation of scientific specimens.

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Agency	Monument Name	State	Year	Authority	Area (Acres)	Area (Miles Squared)	Description	Notes
FWS/Dept of Interior	Hanford Reach National Monument	Washington	2000	Antiquities Act	194,450.93		Proclamation 7319, June 9, 2000. The Hanford Reach National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Hanford Reach Project. The monument is a natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Hanford Reach Project.	FWS manages the monument under the authority of Proclamation 7319, and through agreements with Depta Interior and the Dept of Energy (DOE), which also authorizes the creation of national monument lands not covered by those management agreements.
NPS & FWS	Hohokam Piman National Monument	Arizona	2013	Antiquities Act	11,750.00	480.00	Proclamation 8319, June 9, 2013. The Hohokam Piman National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Hohokam Piman National Monument.	Reclamation manages 32,440 acres of the total acreage.
NPS	Homestead National Monument of America	Nebraska	1936	Congress	160.00	205.18	WHEREAS the Homestead National Monument of America is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Homestead National Monument of America.	
NPS	Honouliuli National Monument	Hawaii	2015	Antiquities Act	123.00	123.02	February 24, 2015. The Honouliuli National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Honouliuli National Monument.	
NPS	Hoover National Monument	Utah	1923	Antiquities Act	285.80	784.93	WHEREAS the Hoover National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Hoover National Monument.	
BLM	Inwood Forest National Monument	Arizona	2000	Antiquities Act	128,917.00	129,033.00	Proclamation 7319, June 9, 2000. The Inwood Forest National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Inwood Forest National Monument.	
NPS	Jewel Cave National Monument	South Dakota	1908	Antiquities Act	1,274.56	1,273.51	WHEREAS the Jewel Cave National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Jewel Cave National Monument.	
NPS	John Day Fossil Beds National Monument	Oregon	1974	Congress	14,402.00	13,456.16	WHEREAS the John Day Fossil Beds National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the John Day Fossil Beds National Monument.	
BLM	Kasha-Katuwe Tent Rocks National Monument	New Mexico	2001	Antiquities Act	4,148.00	4,645.757	Proclamation 7319, June 9, 2001. The Kasha-Katuwe Tent Rocks National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Kasha-Katuwe Tent Rocks National Monument.	
NPS	Katahdin Woods and Waters National Monument	Maine	2016	Antiquities Act	87,563.00	87,564.27	Proclamation 8335, January 6, 2016. The Katahdin Woods and Waters National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Katahdin Woods and Waters National Monument.	
NPS/Bureau of Reclamation (USBR)	Lava Beds National Monument	California	1925-1951-2008	Antiquities Act	45,589.92	46,692.42	WHEREAS the Lava Beds National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Lava Beds National Monument.	Desgrated by Proclamation 1755 and Proclamation 2925. Reclamation manages about 1,825 acres.
NPS	Little Bighorn Battlefield National Monument	Montana	1946	Congress	6.91	765.34	WHEREAS the Little Bighorn Battlefield National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Little Bighorn Battlefield National Monument.	
FWS & NOAA	Marine Terrace National Monument	California	2009	Antiquities Act	60,938,240.00		Proclamation 8335, January 6, 2009. The Marine Terrace National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Marine Terrace National Monument.	Puissant to Proclamation 8335 and Secretary's Order 3284 (as amended 8/31/2016). FWS manages the Marine Terrace National Monument in cooperation with NOAA and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. FWS manages most of the monument (all but the islands) under the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act.
BLM	Mojave Trails National Monument	California	2016	Antiquities Act	1,600,000.00		February 11, 2016. The Mojave Trails National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Mojave Trails National Monument.	
NPS	Montezuma Castle National Monument	Arizona	1906	Antiquities Act	161.39	998.69	WHEREAS the Montezuma Castle National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Montezuma Castle National Monument.	
NPS	Muir Woods National Monument	California	1908	Antiquities Act	295.00	522.98	Proclamation 7319, June 9, 1908. The Muir Woods National Monument is a unique and biologically diverse landscape, encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy, preserved by unusual circumstances. Many of these objects are of national significance and are in jeopardy due to the effects of the Muir Woods National Monument.	

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NPS	Natu al Monument	Utah	Bland ne	1908	Ant qu t es Act	120.00	7,636.49	WHEREAS, the Natu al B dges Nat onal Monument, emb ac ng th ee ext ad n a natu al b dges, togethe w th fo ac es of land a ound each b dge, was c eated by P oclamat on the P es dent, dated Ap 116, 1908, and 247 248 VIII. WHEREAS, at the t me th s monument was c eated noth ng was known of the locat on and cha act of the p eh sto c us n the v c n ty of the b dges, no of the locat on of the b dges and the p eh sto c cave sp, also he eby est ved, w th efe ence to the publ c Su veys, the same be ng many m les f om su veyed land.		
NPS	Navajo Nat onal Monument	A zona	Shonto	1909	Ant qu t es Act	360.00		WHEREAS, a number of p eh sto c c ll f dwell ngs and pueblo un s, s tuated w th n the Navajo Ind an Rese vat on, A zona, and wh ch s a new to sc ence and wholy unexplo ed, and because of the solat on and s sea e of the ve y eatest ethnolog cal, sc ent f c and educat onal nte, est, and t appea s that the publ c nte est would be, p omoted by ese v ng these ext ad n a y un s of an unknown people, w th as much land as may be necessa y fo the p ope p ote ct on the est.		
Pa t a ly	FWS & NOAA	Notheast Canyons and Seamounts Marine Nat onal Monument	Atlant c Ocean/Massachusetts	N/A	2016	Ant qu t es Act	3 144,320.00	P oclamat on 9496, Septembe 15, 2016. Fo gene at ons, commun tes and fam les have el ed on the wate s of the no thwest Atlant c Ocean and have told of the wondes. Th oughout New England, the ma t me ades, and espec ly f sh ng, have supp ted a v bant way of lfe, w th deep cultu al roots and a st ng connect on to the health of the ocean and the beauty ty of ves. Over the past seve al decades, the Nat on has made g est st des n ts stewa dsh of the ocean, but the ocean faces new th eats f om va ed uses, d mate change, and elated mpacts. Th ough explo at on, we cont nue to make new scoves es and mp ove oue und stand ng of ocean ecosystems. In these wate s, the Atlant c Ocean meets the cont nental shelf n a e g on of g eat abundance and d ve s ys as well as ta keolog cal el ef. The wate s a e home to many spec es of deep-sea co als, f sh, whales and other ma ne mammals. Th ese subma ne canyons and, beyond them, fou und sea mounts n e n the wate s app ox mately 330 n lts southeast of Cape Cod. Th s a ea the canyon and seamount a ea lcludes un que eolog cal esou ces that have long been the subject of sc ent f c nte est. The canyons sta t at the edge of the geolog cal cont nental shelf and d op om 200 mete s to thousands of mete s deep. The seamounts a e fa the off sho e, at the sta of the New England Seamount chan, s ng thousands of mete s f om the ocean floe. These canyons and seamounts a e home to at least 54 spec es of deep-sea co als, wh ch lve at depths of at least 3 900 mete s below the sea s face. The co als, togethe w th the st uctu e fo m ng fauna such as sponges and jansomes, e ate a foundat on fo v b ant deep-sea ecosystems, p ord ng food, spang ng hab tat, and she te fo an a ay of f sh and nve lab ate spec es. WHEREAS, I appea s that ce ta n lands ad ng the Lama Un t of the Ocmulgee Nat onal Monument n Geo g a, wh ch have been donated to the Un ted States, conta n ev dence of an old Ind an stockade and other objects of h sto cal nte est, and WHEREAS, I appea s that t would be n the publ c nte est to set such lands as de fo nat onal monument pu poses.	Pu suant to P es dent al P oclamat on 9496, FWS manages the Notheast Canyons and Seamounts MMM unde the Nat onal Wildlife Refuge System Adm n st at on Act n coope at on w th NOAA.	
NPS	O egon Caves Nat onal Monument	Geo g a	Macon	1936	Cong ess	45.94	701.54	Established unde USFS. T m nted to NPS n 1933 and edes grated at O egon Caves Nat onal Monument and P ese ve n 2014 th ough 113th Cong ess. WHEREAS, ce ta n natu al caves, known as the O egon Caves, wh ch a e s tuated upon su veyed land w th n the S sk you Nat onal Fo est n the State of O egon, a e of unusual sc ent f c nte est and mp o tance, and t appea s that the publ c nte ests w l be p omoted by ese v ng these caves w th as much land as may be necessa y fo the p ope p ote ct on the est,		
NPS	O gan Mounta ns-Dese t Peaks Nat onal Monument	O gan	Cave Junct on	1909	Ant qu t es Act	465.80	4,554.03	as a Nat onal Monument.		
BLM	O gan Mounta ns-Dese t Peaks Nat onal Monument	New Mex co	Las C uces	2014	Ant qu t es Act	496,330.00	77 088	May 21, 2014. In southe n New Mex co, s ound ng the c ty of Las C uces n the R o g ande's fe tle Mes lla Valley, f ve conc mounta n anges se above Ch huahuan Dese t g asslands the Robledo, S e a de las Uvas, Doña Ana, O gan, and Pot lo Mounta ns. These mounta n anges and lowlands fo m the O gan Mounta ns-Dese t Peaks a ea. The O gan Mounta ns-Dese t Peaks a ea s mp o tant fo ts uggerly beaut ful landscape and the s gn f cant sc ent f c, h sto c, and p eh sto c esou ces found the e. The abundant esou ces test fy the 10,000 year o l b hve s human h sto y of many peoples. Objects left beh by th s mult -lpe ed h sto y and p ead th oughout th s geolog cally and eolog cally d ve se landscape enhance the expe ence of v sto te a ea and ep esent a val esou ce fo paleontologists, a cheolog sts, geolog sts, b olog sts, and h sto ans. BLM esou ces, objects and values a e fu the def ned th ough management plans and/o manage 's epo ts. Includ ng: A cheolog cal Resou ces B olog cal and Eolog cal Resou ces Geolog cal Resou ces H sto cal Resou ces Paleontolog cal Resou ces		
NPS	O gan P pe Cactus Nat onal Monument	A zona	Ajo	1937	Ant qu t es Act	330,690.00	329,365.29	Where es ce ta n publ c lands n the State of A zona conta n h sto c landma ns, and have tusted the non v us objects of h sto c and sc ent f c nte est and Wh eas t appea s that t would be n the publ c nte est to ese ve such lands as a nat onal monument, to be known as the O gan P pe Cactus Nat onal Monument n 2232—Ap 113, 1937		
Pa t a ly	FWS & NOAA	Pac f c Remote Islands Marine Nat onal Monument	Pac f c Ocean	N/A	2009	Ant qu t es Act	55,608,320.00	313,941,851.32	Th ough P oclamat on 8336 of Janua y 6, 2009, the P es dent established the Pac f c Remote Islands Marine Nat onal Monument to p ote ct and p ese ve the ma ne env onment a ound Wake, Bake, Howland, and Ja v s Islands, Johnston and Palmy a Atols, and Kngman Reef fo the ce and management of the h sto c and sc ent f c objects the n. The Monument s an mp o tant pa t of the most w desp ead collect on of ma ne-and te est al-f l p ote cted a eas on the planet, susta ng many endem c spec es nclud ng co als, f sh, shell sh, ma ne mammals, seab ds, wate b ds, land b ds, nsects, and vegetat on not found elsewhere. The Monument ncludes the lands, wate s, and subme ged and eme gent lands of the seven Pac f c Remote Islands to lnes of lat tude and long tude that e app ox mately 50 nautical m les f om the ma ne low wate lnes of these seven Pac f c Remote Islands. The lands of Ja v s, Howland, and Bake we also the locat on of notable b ave yand sac f ce by a small number of volunta y Hawa an colon sts, known as Hu Panal'au, who occup ed the lands f om 1935 to 1942 to help secu e the U.S. te to al cla m ove the lands.	(P oclamat on 8336, 9173) Pu suant to P es dent al P oclamat on 8336 and 9173, and Sec eta y s O de 3284 (as amended 8/31/2016), FWS manages the Pac f c Remote Islands MMM unde the Nat onal Wildlife Refuge System Adm n st at on Act n coope at on w th NOAA.
Pa t a ly	FWS/NOAA/State of Hawa /Off ce of Hawa an Affa s	Papahānaumokuākea Marine Nat onal Monument	Pac f c Ocean	N/A	2006/2016	Ant qu t es Act	89,600,000.00	372,848,597.00	Established as the No thwest n Hawa an Islands Nat onal Monument. Redes gnated as Papahānaumokuākea Marine Nat onal Monument n 2007. To p ote ct and p ese ve the ma ne a ea of the No thwest n Hawa an Islands, nclud ng the No thwest n Hawa an Islands Co al Reef Ecosystem Rese ve, the M dway Nat onal Wildlife Refuge, the Hawa an Islands Nat onal Wildlife Refuge, and the Battel of Peay Nat onal Memo al, that suppo a dynam c eef ecosystem w th mo e than 7,000 ma ne spec es, s home to endange ed g een sea, leather back, and hawksb ll sea tu les the Ca e an Woodpecke, and the Hawa an Mouse, along w th fou teen m f on east ng seab ds. The a ea holds g eat cultu al s gn f cance to Nat ve Hawa ans and has a connect on to ea ly Polynes an cultu e.	
NPS	Pe y's V cto y and Inte nat onal Peace Memo al Nat onal Monument	Put-In-Bay	Oh o	1936	Ant qu t es Act	25.00	23.14	Established as Pe y's V cto y and Inte nat onal Peace Memo al Nat onal Monument by F anl n D. Roosevelt on June 2, 1936 (P oclamat on No. 2182) edes gnated a Nat onal Memo al and enamed on Octobe 26, 1972. Fo the p ese vat on of the h sto cal assac at ons connected the w th, to ncate the lessons of nte nat onal peace by a t at on and d s mament, and fo the benef t and enjoyment of the people. Commenc ng at the nte sect on of the m ddle lne of Del		
NPS	Pet eglyph Nat onal Monument	New Mex co	Albuque que	1990	Cong ess	2 936.37		In o de to p ese ve, fo the benef t and enjoyment of p esent and futu e gene at ons, that a ea n New Mex co conta ng the nat onal y s gn f cant West Mesa Escapment, the Las Imag nes Nat onal A cheolog cal D st ct, a po son of the Al sco Land G ant, and other s gn f cant natu al and cultu al esou ces, and to fac llate esea ch act ves assoc ated w th the esou ces, the s e eby established the Pet eglyph Nat onal Monument.		
NPS	P e Sp ngs Nat onal Monument	A zona	F edon a	1923	Ant qu t es Act	40.00		Established as the monument affo ds the only wate between Hu cane and F edon a, a stance of 62 m les. That w no Castle was used as a place of efuge f om host le Ind ans by ea ly settle s that t was the f st stat on of the Dese t of Telegaph n A zona and that, t appea s that the publ c good would be p omoted by ese v ng the land on wh ch P e Sp ngs and the ea ly dwell ngs place a e located as a Nat onal Monument.		
NPS	Pestone Nat onal Monument	M nesota	t	1937	ng ess	1 6.00	281.78	ACT OF AUGUST 25, 1937, ESTABLISHING PESTONE NATIONAL MONUMENT. An Act To establ sh the Pestone Nat onal Monument n the State of M nesota, app oved August 25, 1937 (50 Stat. 804) (E) Establishment. bounds es Be n enacted by the Senate and House of Rep esentat ves of the Un ted States of Ame n Cong ess assembled. That the lands ly ng n P pestone County, M nesota, w th n the a ea he naffe desc bed a e ded cated and set apa t as a nat onal monument fo the benef t and enjoyment of the people of the Un ted States, unde the name of the "P pestone Nat onal Monument"		
BLM	Pompeys P lla Nat onal Monument	Montana		2001	Ant qu t es Act	51.00		Janua y 17, 2001. Pompeys P lla Nat onal Monument s a mass ve sandstone outc op that ses f om an almost two-ac e base on the banks of the Yellowstone R ve 150 feet towa d Montana's B lly Sky, east of B lngs. The monument s p eme locat on at a natu al fo d n the Yellowstone R ve, and ts geolog d st nct on as the only ma sandstone fo mat on n the ea, have made Pompeys P lla a celeb ed landma k and outstand ng observ vat on po nt fo mo e than eleven thousand years of human occupat on. Hand ed m ngs, pet eglyphs, and sc p onts left by v sto s have t and fo med ts geolog c phenomenon nto a l v ng jou al of the Ame an West. BLM esou ces, ob ects and values a e fu the def ned th ough management plans and/o manage 's epo ts. Includ ng: He targe Resou ces Natu al Resou ces		
NPS	Pove y Po nt Nat onal Monument	Lou s ana	Ep ps	988	Cong ess	910.00	910.00	Establishes the Pove y Po nt Nat onal Monument n Lou s ana. Reque es the Sec eta y of the Inte o, w th n two yea s afte enactment of th s Act, to develop and mp lement a management plan wh es the Sec eta y to eme nto coope at ve g ements w th nst tut ons of h ghe educat on and p offe onal soc etes to conduct fu the esea ch on Pove y Po nt, ts people, and the cu tu e. Educat onal Resou ces Paleontolog cal Resou ces Rec eat onal Resou ces Scen c Resou ces Sc ent f c Resou ces BLM esou ces, ob ects and values a e fu the def ned th ough management plans and/o manage 's epo ts. Includ ng: Educat onal Resou ces Paleontolog cal Resou ces Rec eat onal Resou ces Scen c Resou ces Sc ent f c Resou ces		
BLM	P eh sto c T ackways Nat onal Monument	New Mex co	Las C uces	2009	Cong ess	5 255.00				
NPS	P es dent Lncoln and Sold e 's Home Nat onal Monument	D.C.	Wash ngton	2000	Ant qu t es Act	2.30		P oclamat on 7329, July 7, 2000. Each yea f om 1862 th ough 1864, P es dent Ab ham Lncoln and h s fam ly left the White House to take up es dence du ng the wa m weathe months at Ande son Cottage, a home no thwest Wash ngton, D.C, on the ounds of a se then known as the Sold e 's Home. It s est mated that P es dent Lncoln spent one qua te of h s p es dence at th s home, d ng out to f many even ngs f om late June unt l ea ly November. Th s house and ts ounds a e objects of g eat h sto c s gn f cance and nte est. On September 16, 1962, that P es dent Lncoln completed the d aft of the Emans pat on P oclamat on D ve se people whose sto es nte tw n n Pullman sought oppo tun ty. Some succeeded. Othe s we e m ted by ace, gende, o econom c status. The sto es came togethe n the town of Pullman, a planned commun ty fanned fo ts u ban des gn and a ch ctu e. Des gned as utop a, t was a place to p ove wo k s w th a safe commun ty, a bette standa d of l v ng, and lfe w thout soc al ll.		
NPS	Pu lman Nat onal Monument	Ill no s	Ch cago	2015	Ant qu t es Act	0.24	0.40			

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	NPS	Rancho Buge Nat onal Monument	Utah	Lake Powell	1910	Antiquities Act	160.00			WHEREAS, an extraordinary natural bridge, having an arch which spans 100 feet and appears much like a rainbow, and which is the highest and most beautiful and two hundred and seventy-eight feet span, is of great scientific interest as an example of excellent limestone, and it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving this bridge as a National Monument, together with as much land as may be needed for its protection.
	NPS	Reconstr uct on e a Nat onal Monument	South California	Beaufort County	2017	Antiquities Act	3.20			The Reconstr uct on e a began during the Civil War and lasted until the dawn of Jim Crow. It remains one of the most complicated and poorly understood episodes in American history. During Reconstr uct on, four million African Americans, newly freed from bondage, sought to integrate themselves into free society, into the educational, economic, and political life of the country. This began in late 1861 in Beaufort County, S.C., after Union forces won the Battle at Port Royal Sound and brought the Lower South Carolina coast under Union control. More than 10,000 slaves emancipated the when the owners fled the cotton and rice plantations. The then-Lieutenant Governor of South Carolina ordered the Port Royal Experiment in Beaufort County to help the freed slaves become self-sufficient. The Reconstr uct on e a Nat onal Monument includes four sites in Beaufort County: Daahall and Black Baptist Church, with Penn School Nat onal Historic Landmark site on St. Helena Island, that includes the site of one of the country's first schools for freed slaves and a church built by slaves; the owners in 1855 and then to move to the site of the slaves in 1862 when the owners left the area. The Camp Station Site, on U.S. Navy property in Port Royal, where some of the "1st" African American regiments of the U.S. Army, and the site where elaborate ceremonies were held on New Year's Day 1863 to announce and celebrate the issuance of the Emancipation Proclamation; and, The Old Beaufort Lighthouse, a historic building located in the midst of historic downtown Beaufort in the walking distance of dozens of historic Reconstr uct on properties.
	BLM	Rio Grande del Norte Nat onal Monument	New Mexico	Taos	2013	Antiquities Act	242,555.00	68,020.00		March 25, 2013, in faith of the New Mexico, the Rio Grande Wild and Scenic Rivers flows through a deep gorge at the edge of the stark and sweepingly expansive of the Taos Plateau. Volcanic cones, including the Cerro de la Olla, Cerro San Antonio, and Cerro del Yuta, sit atop the four thousand foot high Taos Plateau. Canyons, volcanic ridges, and native grasslands have vital wildlife habitat, unique geological resources, and important human passage through the landscape over the past 10,000 years. This extraordinary landscape of extraordinary beauty and dramatic diversity is known as the Rio Grande del Norte, and it is extraordinary of scientific and historic resources. The BLM resources, objects and values are the defined through management plans and/or management's reports. Including Cultural Resources Ecology Diversity Resources Geological Resources Wildlife Resources
Partially	FWS & NOAA	Rose Atoll Marine Nat onal Monument	Pacific Ocean (American Samoa)		2009	Antiquities Act	8,609,045.00			Proclamation 8337, January 6, 2009, in the Pacific Ocean approximately 130 nautical miles east-southeast of Pago Pago Harbor, American Samoa, is Rose Atoll—the easternmost Samoan island and the southernmost part of the Line Islands. This small atoll includes the Rose Atoll National Wildlife Refuge with about 20 acres of land and 1,600 acres of lagoon, remains one of the most pristine atolls in the world. The islands, submerged lands, water, and marine environment around Rose Atoll support a dynamic reef ecosystem that is home to a wide variety of seabirds, marine mammals, and many other species, many of which are threatened or endangered.
	NPS	Russell Cave Nat onal Monument	Alabama	Blount County	1961	Antiquities Act	310.45			Proclamation 3413, May 11, 1961, Whereas Russell Cave, in the State of Alabama, is recognized by scientists to contain outstanding archeological and ethnological evidences of human habitation in excess of 8,000 years and Whereas the Advisory Board on National Parks, Historic Sites, Buildings and Monuments, has expressed by its report the importance and educational value of Russell Cave, has recommended that the cave be permanently preserved as a unit of the National Park System and Whereas Russell Cave and essential adjoining properties have been donated by the National Geographic Society to the American people for preservation as a national monument.
	NPS	Salinas Pueblo Mss ons Nat onal Monument	New Mexico	Mountaina	1909	Antiquities Act	160.00	985.13		Established as Geronimo NM in 1909 and redesignated Salinas Pueblo Mss ons NM in 1988. WHEREAS, one of the largest and most important of the early Spanish-Church ruins, commonly known as the Geronimo, together with numerous Indian pueblo ruins in its vicinity, situated in Socorro County.
	BLM	San Juan Islands Nat onal Monument	Washington	Lopez Island	2013	Antiquities Act	970.00			March 25, 2013, within Washington State's Puget Sound lies an archipelago of over 450 islands, rocks, and peninsulas known as the San Juan Islands. These islands form an unmatched landscape of coast vistas, where forests seem to sprout from jagged, snow-capped peaks on the backdrop of sandy beaches. Numerous wildlife species can be found here, thriving in the diverse habitats supported by the islands. The presence of a chevron-shaped, historic lighthouse, and a few tight-knit communities testifies that humans have navigated this rugged landscape for thousands of years. These lands are a refuge of scientific and historic resources and a classroom for generations of Americans. BLM resources, objects and values are the defined through management plans and/or management's reports. Including Diverse Habitats Historic Lighthouses Native American Sites Wildlife
Partially	BLM & US Forest Service	Sand to Snow Nat onal Monument	California	Palm Springs	016	Antiquities Act	154,000.00	0.00		February 12, 2016, The Sand to Snow area of southern California is an ecological and cultural treasure, a microcosm of the great geographic diversity of the region. Rising from the floor of the Sonoran Desert to the tallest peak in southern California, the area features a remarkable diversity of plant and animal species. The area includes a portion of the San Bernadino National Forest and connects this area with Joshua Tree National Park to the east, knitting together a mosaic of spectacular landscapes at each end over 200 miles. The mountain peaks of the Sand to Snow area frame the northwestern end of Coachella Valley along with the Santa Rosa and San Jacinto Mountains National Monument to the south. Home to desert oases at Big Morongo Canyon and Whitewater Canyon, the area serves as a refuge for desert-dwelling animals and a stopover for migrating birds. The archaeological riches of the Black Lava Buttes and the historic calaveras of mining and ranching communities tell of past prosperities and struggles in this arid land. The urban expanse is an invaluable resource for our Nation and will continue to serve as an irreplaceable resource for archaeologists, geologists, and other scientists to come. BLM resources, objects and values are defined through management plans. BLM resources, objects and values are the defined through management plans and/or management's reports. Including human history of the area, geology, plant and wildlife species diversity, desert plant habitats, threatened and endangered plant and animal species, ecological opportunities, scientific research, and other studies.
Partially	LM & US Forest Service	Santa Rosa and San Jacinto Mountains Nat onal Monument	California	Palm Springs	2000/2009	Congress	177,128.00	110,926		Biological Resources - Peninsular bighorn sheep Biological Resources - Peninsular bighorn sheep Cultural resource values Recreational resource values BLM resources, objects and values are the defined through management plans and/or management's reports.
	NPS	Scotts Bluff Nat onal Monument	Nebraska	Geary	1919	Antiquities Act	2,053.83	2,954.21		Scotts Bluff is an important 19th century geologic formation and landmark on the Oregon Trail and Mormon Trail. It contains multiple bluffs on the south side of the North Platte River, but is named after a prominent bluff called Scotts Bluff which rises more than 830 feet above the plains at its highest point. The monument is composed of five rock formations named Crown Rock, Dome Rock, Eagle Rock, Saddle Rock, and Sentinel Rock. WHEREAS Scotts Bluff is the highest known point within the State of Nebraska, affording a view of miles over the surrounding country; WHEREAS Mitchell Peak, lying to the south of said bluff, was first used by the old Oregon Trail and said bluff was used as a landmark and rendezvous by thousands of immigrants and frontiersmen traveling southward to find a route for new homes in the Northwest; and WHEREAS, in view of these facts, as well as of the scientific interest the region possesses from a geological standpoint, it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving the lands upon which the said bluff and the said pass are located as a national monument.
	BLM	Sono an Deserte Nat onal Monument	Arizona	Phoenix	2001	Antiquities Act	486,149.00	10,000		January 17, 2001, The Sono an Desert National Monument is a magnificent example of untrammeled Sono an desert landscape. The area encompasses a functioning desert ecosystem with an extraordinary diversity of biological, scientific, and historic resources. The most biologically diverse of the Noth American deserts, the monument consists of distinct mountain ranges separated by wide valleys, and includes the saguaro cactus for its characteristic desert communities that provide excellent habitat for a wide range of wildlife species. The monument's biological resources include a spectacular diversity of plant and animal species. BLM resources, objects and values are the defined through management plans and/or management's reports. Including Archeological and Historic Coccoste Bush-Bu sage, Desert Gila assland, and Washes Desert Washes Diversity Plant and Animal Species Functioning Desert Ecosystem Saguaro Cactus Sand Tank Mountains Scientific analysis of plant species and climate
	NPS	Status of Liberty Nat onal Monument	New York	Fort Wood	1924	Antiquities Act	2.50	58.38		Established as Fort Wood under the War Department in 1924. Transferred to NPS in 1933 and redesignated Statue of Liberty NM in 1965. AND WHEREAS, by section 2 of the Act of Congress approved June 19, 1906 (34 Stat. 225) the President is authorized and directed to declare by public proclamation on the islands, rocks, historic and prehistoric structures, and other objects of historic or scientific interest that are situated upon the lands owned or controlled by the Government of the United States to be national monuments, and may reserve as a part thereof parcels of land, the limits of which in all cases shall be confined to the smallest area compatible with the proper care and management of the objects thereunto designated.
	NPS	Stonewall Nat onal Monument	New York	New York	2016	Antiquities Act	0.12			Stonewall National Monument serves as the first national monument that honors the history of the Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender (LGBT) community in the United States. This site played a pivotal role in the national LGBT civil rights movement. The monument is located at Chastopack Park, a historic community park at the site set on of Chastopack Street, West 4th Street and Grand Street, directly across from the Stonewall Inn in Manhattan's Greenwich Village. The monument's boundary encompasses approximately 7.7 acres of land, including Chastopack Park, the Stonewall Inn, and the surrounding streets and sidewalks that were the site of the 1969 Stonewall Uprising, an event that inspired the modern LGBT civil rights movement.
	NPS	Sunset Crater Volcano Nat onal Monument	Arizona	Flagstaff	1930	Antiquities Act	3,040.00			Established under USFS, transferred to NPS and redesignated in 1990 through 101st Congress. Established by presidential proclamation in 1930. Sunset Crater Volcano National Monument protects 1,040 acres of erupting the Colorado Plateau's most recent volcanic eruption. It is the youngest, least-eroded cinder cone in the San Francisco Volcanic Field and represents the only series of eruptions in the Southwest indisputably witnessed by local people.
	NPS	Timpanogos Cave Nat onal Monument	Utah	American Fork	1922	Antiquities Act	250.00			Established under USFS and transferred to NPS in 1933. The Timpanogos cave system in the Wasatch Range in the American Fork Canyon. The area is characterized by a diverse and rich geology. The cave system is a natural wonder, including the Hansen Cave, Middle Cave, and Timpanogos Cave. Many colorful cave features, speleothems can be seen, including helictites, cave bacon, cave columns, flowstone, cave popcorn, and cave drapery. Set aside because of its unusual scientific interest and importance. WHEREAS, a natural cave, known as the Timpanogos Cave, which is situated upon unsurveyed lands within the Wasatch National Forest in the State of Utah, of unusual scientific interest and importance, and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving these lands with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection of the cave as a National Monument.

