U.S. Department of Interior Bureau of Land Management

> Report to Congress June 2006

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Sec. 207 Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act

A Review of D-1 Withdrawals

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Memorandum

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This report responds to Sec. 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act of December 10, 2004, PL 108-452, which requires:

Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall-

- review the withdrawals made pursuant to section 17(d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1616(d)(1)) to determine if any portion of the lands withdrawn pursuant to that provision can be opened to appropriation under the public land laws or if their withdrawal is still needed to protect the public interest in those lands;
- (2) provide an opportunity for public notice and comment, including recommendations with regard to lands to be reviewed under paragraph (1); and
- (3) submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives a report that identifies any portion of the lands so withdrawn that can be opened to appropriation under the public land laws consistent with the protection of the public interest in these lands.



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BLM/AK/AD-06/007+2355+932

Chapter I: Executive Summary

Background

The series of Public Land Orders (PLOs) issued from 1972 to 1975, signed by the Secretary of the Interior under the authority of Section 17(d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA) withdrew and reserved lands for study and classification. These d-1 PLOs closed the lands to disposal and appropriation under the public land laws (including mining and mineral leasing laws) except for PLO No. 5180, which did allow for location of metalliferous minerals. The intent was to limit appropriations of the land in order to complete inventories of resources and assessment of values which would allow for orderly development of land use and management objectives for present and future public needs.

In the 1980's pursuant to Section 1008 of Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (ANILCA), some limited studies and environmental assessments were done and about 10 million acres of the land withdrawn by the d-1 PLOs were opened to entry. No further openings have been offered since that time. The BLM's land use planning (LUP) process now serves as the means to assess resource values and make recommendations for opening lands withdrawn by these PLOs. However, the time-frame requirements and priorities of the LUP process frustrate stakeholders and industry who view the PLOs as obsolete and no longer appropriate. As land ownership patterns become more stable, pressure on BLM has been increasing from the State of Alaska, local governments, Native corporations, and development interest groups to expedite the opening of lands affected by these PLOs. In response, a section was included in the proposed legislation for the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act that would give the Secretary authority (with some limitations) to open lands without environmental review. This proposed authority met opposition and the final negotiated version of this section requires the Secretary to complete a report to Congress by June of 2006 which will determine and identify withdrawn lands that can be opened to appropriation. The report is to be prepared with public notice and recommendations are to be "consistent with the protection of the public interest in these lands."

Scope

This report contains only recommendations. There is no action pending by the BLM and therefore no environmental analysis was conducted pursuant to the National Environmental Protection Act (NEPA).

There are approximately 158,958,000 acres of land affected by d-1 PLO's in Alaska. This BLM review identifies all d-1 withdrawals in Alaska regardless of the surface managing agency. However, the BLM formulated recommendations only on lands administered by the BLM. Where d-1 withdrawals overlap Conservation System Units (CSU), the managing agency was afforded an opportunity to make recommendations. In instances where no recommendations were received, this report defers to the agency's administrative process for future recommendations.

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Roughly 56,870,900 acres of BLM-managed lands are withdrawn by the d-1 PLOs. Some of the d-1 PLOs affect lands which include overlapping withdrawal orders (PLO 5150 Utility Corridor withdrawal), ANILCA designations (BLM-managed CSU, WSR,) or State and ANCSA selections.

Selected lands will remain segregated regardless of the status of the d-1 withdrawal or until the selections are fully adjudicated or relinquished. It is anticipated that 20,000,000 acres will be conveyed out of federal ownership by 2009.

The report considers the segregation of overlapping withdrawals that would remain on the lands if a d-1 withdrawal is lifted, but no recommendations are made to the disposition of the remaining withdrawals.

Some of these lands are undergoing land use planning by the BLM. The recommendation on the disposition of the d-1 withdrawals have been adopted from the plans and incorporated into this report. *See page 120-121, Planning Schedule.*

Effects

Lifting a d-1 withdrawal will primarily open the lands to leaseable and locatable minerals. It could also open lands to other disposal actions such as land sales which are discretionary. However, in many instances lifting the withdrawal will have no immediate effect. For example, selected land will remain segregated from leaseable or locatable entry. Or an overlapping withdrawal may require additional action by the managing agency. Regarding mineral leasing, the BLM is required to consider environmental consequences and conduct sufficient NEPA analysis prior to selling any leases. An Application for Permit to Drill must also be approved prior to ground disturbance on BLM-administered lands. Any mining activity for locatables requires an approved plan of operations and NEPA analysis.

Report Organization

The d-1 withdrawals are widely distributed across Alaska. For that reason the analysis is divided into 12 geographic areas. There is no political or resource significance to the boundaries of the 12 areas other than compactness. A geographic area may have one or more PLO. Each PLO within the area was reviewed and analyzed for the effect of lifting the withdrawal, and a recommendation was made. The analysis and recommendations were then compiled into a single matrix for each of the 12 areas. A statewide summary was then compiled.

All acreages are approximate based on the best information available. Some discrepancies with computer records were discovered during the development of the maps but were insignificant accounting for less than .01 % of the lands involved. After the public comment period some acreages were adjusted based on updated records.

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The BLM developed a communication plan which included the public, the State of Alaska and other federal agencies. There was a 90 day comment period to review and comment on the existing d-1 withdrawals. The input received was incorporated into this report. All comments received are contained in Chapter III, along with analysis and summary. Comments were generally categorized as in favor of lifting the d-1 withdrawals, opposed to lifting the d-1 withdrawals, or outside the scope of this report.

Summary

The BLM is responsible for determining what is in the public interest and has discretion to balance factors in making a public interest determination. To determine if the d-1 withdrawals were needed to protect the public interest in the lands, BLM gave full consideration to the opportunity to achieve better management of federal lands, and to meet the needs of state and local residents and their economies through a public involvement process and resource analysis.

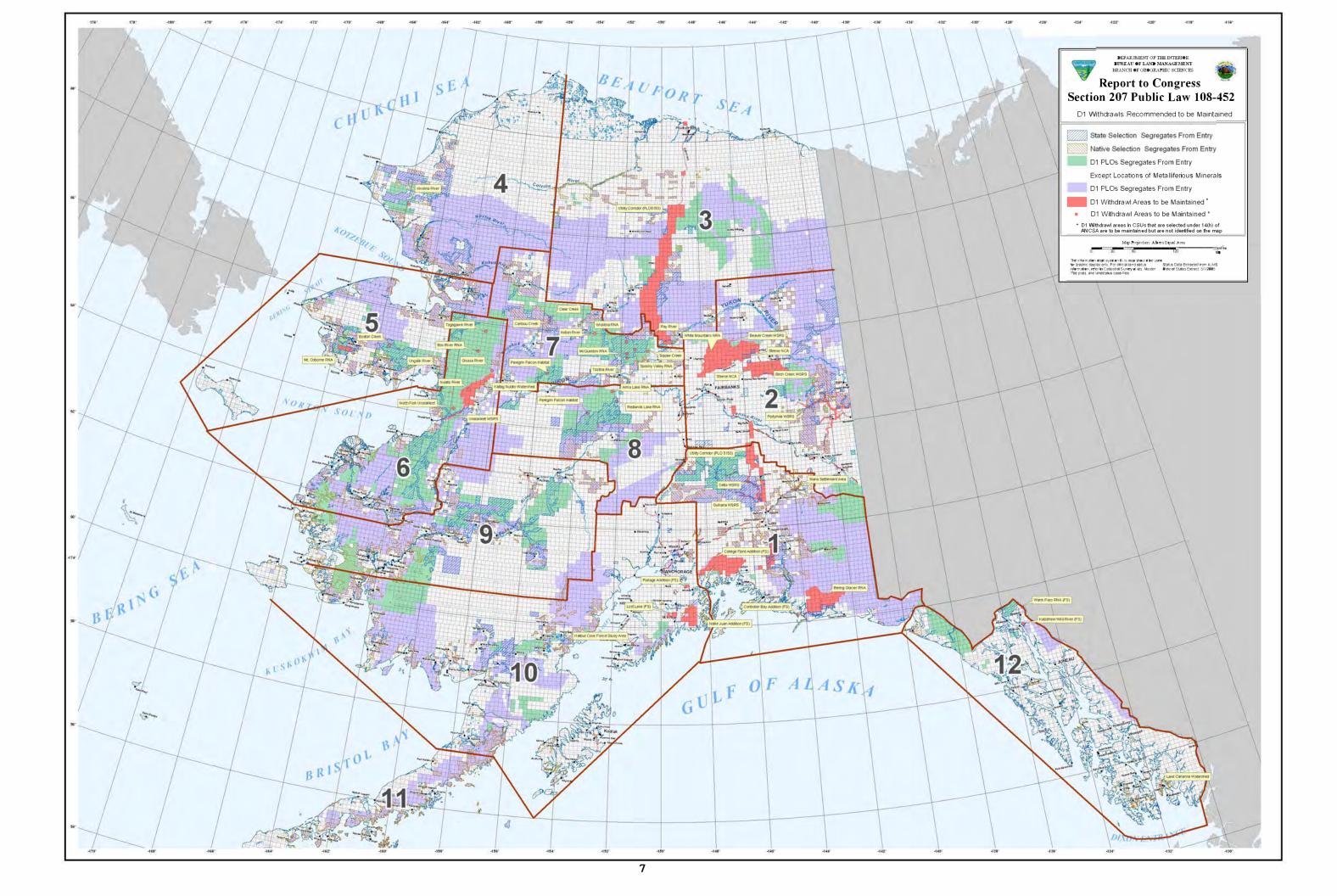
The ANCSA withdrawals were intended to protect resources, to prevent encumbrances that could interfere with State or Native entitlements, and to study lands for further inclusion into conservation units. In the early 1970s when the lands were withdrawn under Section 17(d)(1) and (d)(2) of the ANCSA, there were few regulations to oversee the development of the public lands and protect important natural resources. Since then Congress has passed significant legislation for the orderly development of the public lands and to protect the environment from adverse impacts. The BLM has 1) developed extensive oil and gas lease stipulations, required operating procedures (ROPs), and surface management regulations for miners, which are now in place and sufficient to assess and protect the resources in most situations, 2) the selection period is over and the BLM is completing conveyance of State and Native entitlements, and 3) more than 102,097,900 acres have been withdrawn by ANILCA and incorporated into CSUs sufficient to protect those lands.

| | | | Ар | proxima | te Acreage | in 1,000s | r | | |
|--------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Immediately Opened to Entry |
| TOTALS | 158958 | 102097.9 | 56870.9 | 9876 | 28584.4 | 4849.3 | 6776.6 | 152181.4 | 21459.7 |

In summary, there are more than 158,958,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Alaska. Many of these d-1 withdrawals have outlived their original purpose. It may be appropriate to lift many of d-1 withdrawals and the most effective and preferred means in managing this process is through BLM's land use planning process. Approximately 152,181,400 acres or 95% of these withdrawals could be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Many of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Because remaining segregations overlap the d-1 withdrawals, lifting these withdrawals would provide immediate entry on only 21,459,700 acres or 14% of the d-1s recommended to be lifted. A majority of these lands have

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low to medium locatable mineral potential with a few scattered areas of high potential. Very few of these lands have any known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with medium to high locatable mineral potential, or known leaseable mineral potential, were previously opened, or selected by the State of Alaska or Native corporations. This and more stringent requirements for managing development, means the original protections from the d-1 withdrawals are no longer critical for the protection of the public's interest. The d-1 withdrawals are an unnecessary encumbrance on the public land records complicating interpretation of the title records by the public. In contrast, it is apparent that the retention of approximately 6,776,600 acres of d-1 withdrawals is warranted to provide temporary protection on specific sensitive areas. Maintenance of these withdrawals is appropriate until another withdrawal is put into place.



Chapter II: Statewide Analysis and Recommendations

Scope

Factors used to analyze the 12 designated areas were: public comments, administering agency comments, BLM land use plans, BLM internal resource reviews and proposed designations, BLM overlapping withdrawals, lands previously opened to mineral entry, leaseable mineral potential, locatable mineral potential, land status, and statewide conveyance priorities. *See page 118, Factors Used in Analysis Table*.

Summary

Alaska contains approximately 102,097,900 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units/National Forest lands (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service, Fish & Wildlife Service, or the National Forest Service. Public comments favor the maintenance of the withdrawals until addressed in a land use planning process. In general, the CSU withdrawals except on Forest Service lands are more restrictive or provide an equal or greater level of protection than the original d-1 withdrawals. The respective federal agencies recommend with the exception of ANCSA section 14(h) selections by Native corporations, and ANILCA addition to the Chugach National Forest (CNF), the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on their respective CSUs.

Statewide there are approximately 50,000 acres of 14(h)(1) selections within CSUs overlapped by d-1 withdrawals. Due to uncertainties in the size and location of these selections, the acreage was not included in the area matrix analysis. Overlapping d-1 withdrawals which were recommended and included in a CSU are an important factor in the adjudication of 14(h)(1) selection, but it is not the only factor considered in determining the validity of a selection in a CSU. Maintaining or lifting the d-1 withdrawal would not affect the adjudication of the 14(h)(1) selection. The recommendation to maintain these d-1 withdrawals overlapping 14(h)(1) selections are incorporated into the report because they were submitted by the administering agency.

If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted the effects vary on public lands. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands, outside of designated wilderness areas, would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges. Forest Service lands would be open to leaseable and locatable entry like the rest of the forest with some exceptions. The Forest Service recommends maintaining approximately 832,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals on the following areas, to provide temporary protection on sensitive areas until a more appropriate withdrawal or land management prescription is put into place through the land use planning process.

Warm Pass RNA Katzehein Wild River Nellie Juan Addition to CNF (includes proposed RNAs, WSR, wilderness study area) College Fjiord Addition to CNF (includes proposed wilderness study area) Controller Bay Addition to CNF Portage Area Addition to CNF Lost Lake Area

There are a total of 56,870,900 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM. Approximately 9,876,000 acres have already been open to some combination of entry for leasable or locatable minerals. Subsequently, 63% of these lands already opened have been selected by the State of Alaska or Native corporations. Altogether, approximately 28,584,400 acres of BLM-administered lands are selected, with portions overlapping lands already opened. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or the selections are rejected or relinquished. State or Native conveyance entitlements indicate that 20,000,000 acres of these lands will likely be conveyed.

There are 4,849,300 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM overlapping withdrawals for the Unakaleet, Beaver, Birch, 40-Mile, Gulkana, and Delta Wild and Scenic Rivers (WSR), Steese National Conservation Area, White Mountains National Recreation Area, and the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis, including draft resource management plans (RMP), and comments from the public indicate these withdrawals are less restrictive than d-1 withdrawals, and may not sufficiently protect important sensitive or critical resources. Approximately 2,955,200 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which overlap the Unakaleet, Beaver, Birch, 40-Mile, Gulkana and Delta WSR, and the Utility Corridor, as well as approximately 1,095,300 acres which overlap the following recommendations and RMP proposed designations, should be maintained to provide temporary protection on these sensitive areas until a more appropriate withdrawal or land management prescription is put into place through the land use planning process.

EARMP Bering Glacier RNA EARMP Slana Settlement Area KSRMP 300' Setback Kivalina River KSRMP 300' Setback Boston Creek KSRMP Mt Osborne RNA KSRMP 300' Setback Ungalik River CYRMP 300' Setback North Fork Unakaleet River CRRMP 300' Setback North Fork Unakaleet River CYRMP 300' Setback Togawik River CYRMP 300' Setback Gisasa River CYRMP 300' Setback Nulato River CYRMP Box River RNA CYRMP Kaltag Nulato Watershed Area CYRMP Ishalitna RNA CYRMP McQuesten RNA CYRMP Spooky Valley RNA CYRMP Peregrine Falcon Habitat Area CYRMP 300' Setback Indian River CYRMP 300' Setback Tozitna River CYRMP 300' Setback Clear Creek CYRMP 300' Setback Caribou Creek CYRMP 300' Setback Ray Creek CYRMP 300' Setback Squaw Creek CYRMP 300' Setback Squaw Creek CYRMP Arms Lake RNA CYRMP Redlands Lake RNA RFRMP Halibut Cove Forest Study Area RFRMP Lake Carlanna Municipal Watershed Area

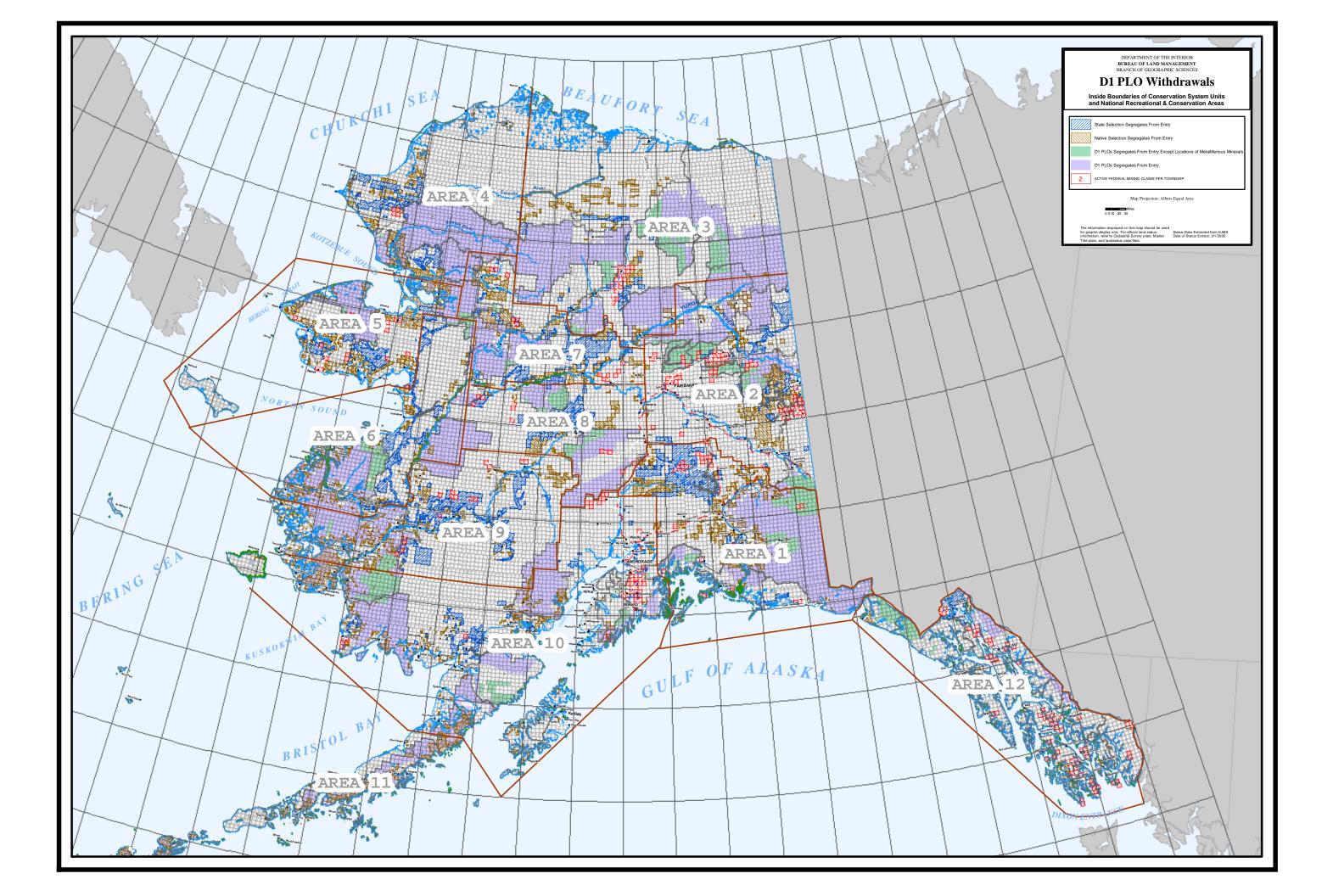
The White Mountains and Steese Areas have RMPs completed in the early 1980s. The Steese RMP recommended opening the lands to locatable entry, but the decision was never implemented. There has since been an extensive increase in public use in both Areas and approximately 1,894,100 acres of d-1 withdrawals should be maintained until the RMPs are reviewed and updated to reflect current management objectives. The White Mountains and Steese RMPs are currently scheduled for review in 2007. A total of approximately 6,776,600 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which include BLM and other agency managed lands, should be maintained at this time.

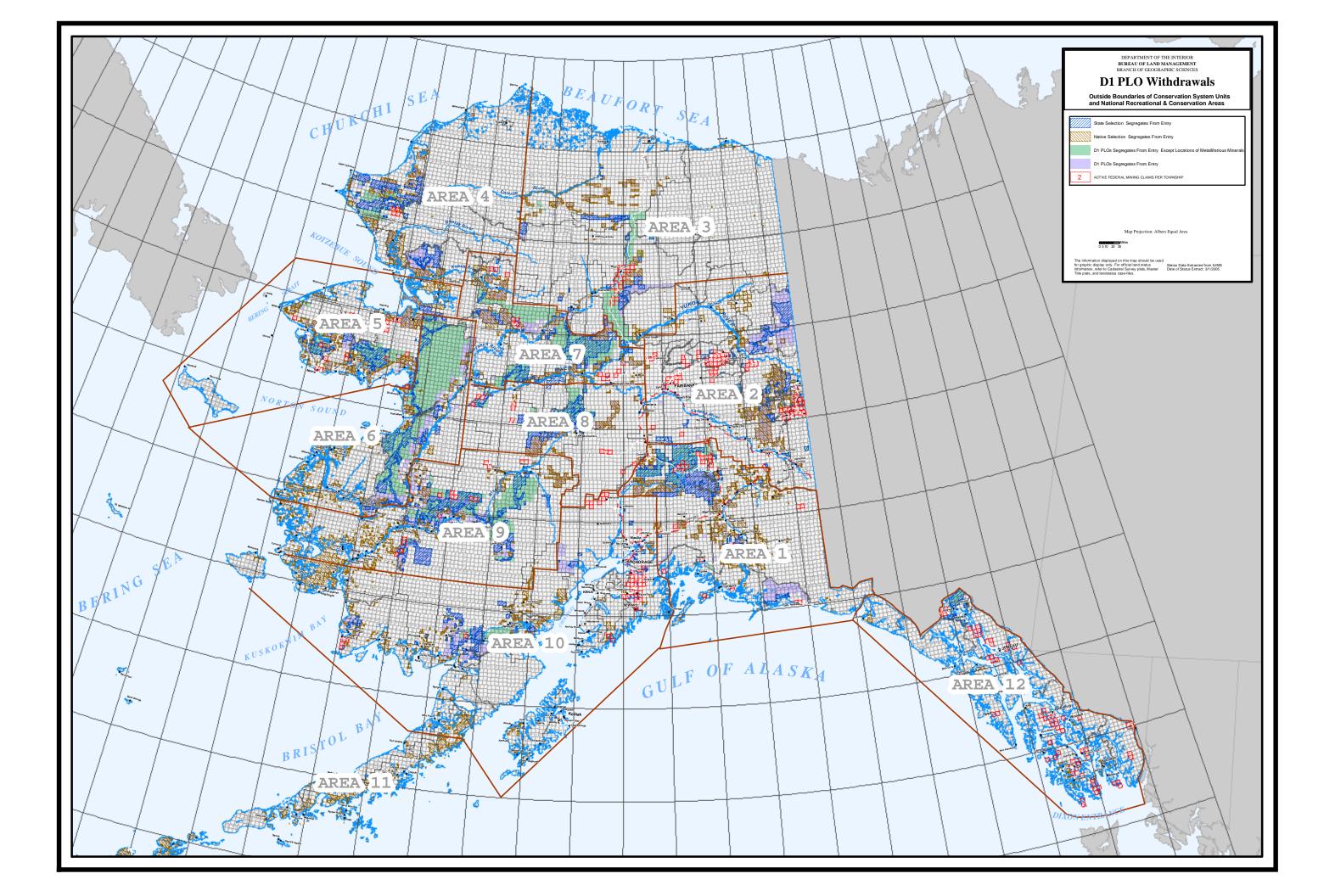
In summary, there are a total of 158,958,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Alaska. Approximately 152,181,400 acres or 95% of these withdrawals could be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 21,459,700 acres or 14% of these lands. However, the majority of these lands have only low to medium locatable mineral potential with a few scattered areas of high potential. Very few lands have any known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with medium to high locatable mineral potential, or known leaseable mineral potential, were previously opened, and or selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.

State Wide Summary

| | | | , the second | | cage in 1,0 | | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Immediately Opened to Entry |
| Area 1 | 20734.1 | 14175.9 | 6569 | 1665 | 4146 | 396 | 1293.5 | 19440.6 | 2976.6 |
| Area 2 | 14743 | 8165 | 6578 | 0 | 3154.5 | 2532.8 | 2532.8 | 12210.2 | 890.7 |
| Area 3 | 25622 | 21343.5 | 4278.5 | 0 | 1644.5 | 1840 | 2012.5 | 23609.5 | 621.5 |
| Area 4 | 12903 | 8843.5 | 4059.5 | 713 | 2694.5 | 0 | 5 | 12898 | 1003.5 |
| Area 5 | 8141.9 | 3806.5 | 4335.4 | 1782.5 | 3549.9 | 0 | 89 | 8052.9 | 108.2 |
| Area 6 | 18348.5 | 8613.5 | 9735 | 2392 | 1573 | 80.5 | 428.2 | 17920.3 | 6059.4 |
| Area 7 | 12880 | 5244 | 7636 | 552 | 4082.5 | 0 | 40 | 12840 | 3016.7 |
| Area 8 | 9930 | 6256 | 3674 | 931.5 | 3099 | 0 | 24.2 | 9905.8 | 476 |
| Area 9 | 13834.5 | 7015 | 6819.5 | 1840 | 3018 | 0 | 0 | 13834.5 | 3341.5 |
| Area 10 | 16738.5 | 13806.5 | 2932 | 0 | 1368.5 | 0 | 303.6 | 16434.9 | 1563.4 |
| Area 11 | 2725.5 | 2701.5 | 24 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 2725.5 | 0 |
| Area 12 | 2357 | 2127 | 230 | 0 | 230 | 0 | 47.8 | 2309.2 | 1402.2 |
| TOTAL | 158958 | 102097.9 | 56870.9 | 9876 | 28584.4 | 4849.3 | 6776.6 | 152181.4 | 21459.7 |

Approximate Acreage in 1,000s





AREA 1 SUMMARY MATRIX

Approximate Acreage in 1,000s

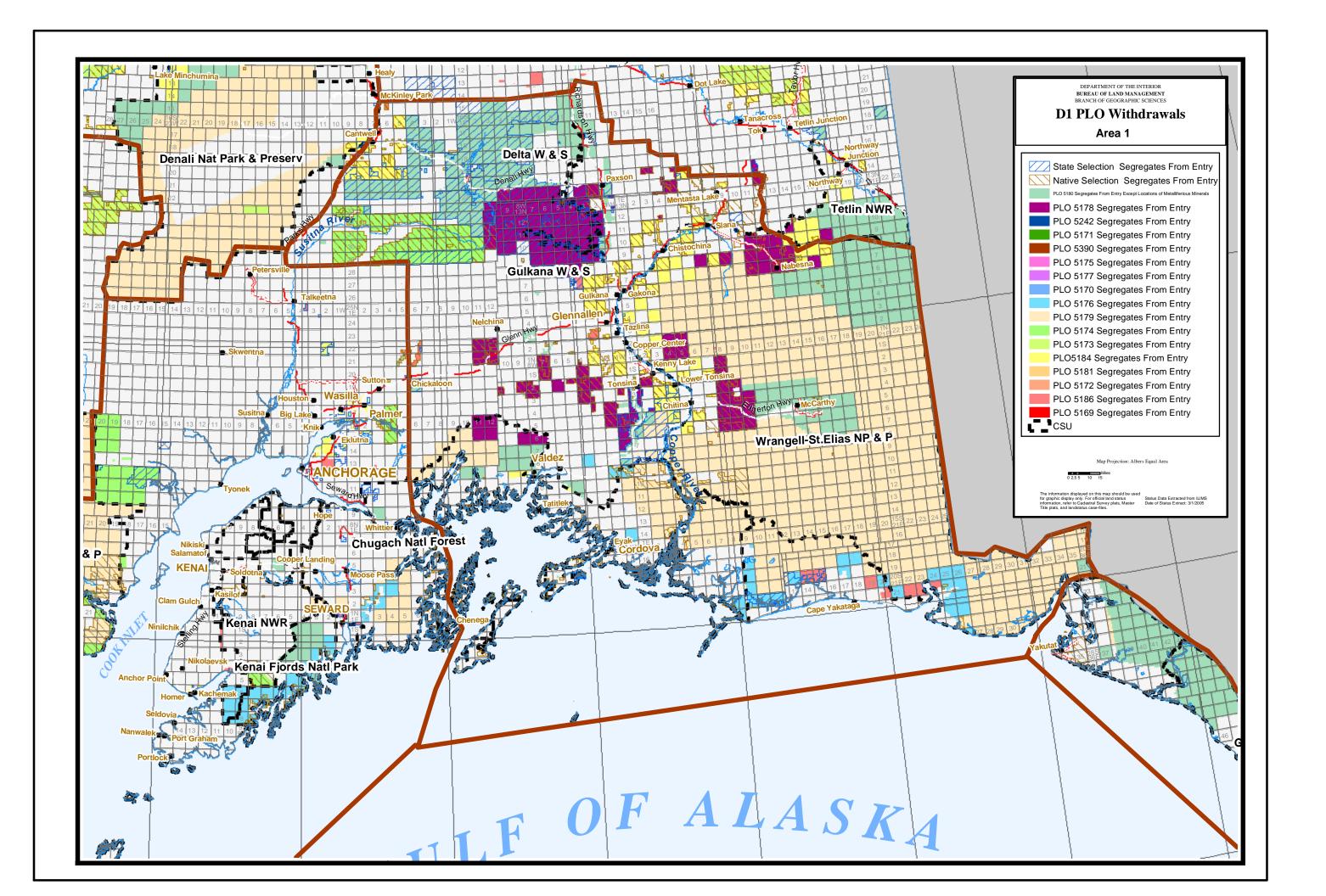
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened PLO 6329 | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Area 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5174 | 808.0 | 0 | 808.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 808.0 | |
| PLO 5176 | 1220.0 | 846.8 | 374.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60.0 | 1160 | BLM 49 W2/3 Bering Glacier RNA NFS 11 Controller Bay |
| PLO 5178 | 2687.8 | 921.8 | 1766.0 | 162.0 | 1689.3 | 96.0 | 222.5 | 2465.3 | BLM 89 Gulkana and 7 Delta WSR. NFS 126.5 College Fjord |
| PLO 5179 | 10503.6 | 9764.6 | 739.0 | 90.0 | 99.5 | 0 | 563.0 | 9940.6 | BLM 356 W 2/3 Bering Glacier RNA, 115 segregated by selection. NFS 207 College Fjord |
| PLO 5180 | 4069.6 | 1898.6 | 2171.0 | 1324.0 | 1647.2 | 300.0 | 426.5 | 3643.1 | BLM 41 WSR and 259 Utility PLO(5150) NFS 126.5 College Fjord |
| PLO 5184 | 1445.1 | 744.1 | 711.0 | 89.0 | 710.0 | 0 | 21.5 | 1423.6 | BLM 10 Slana Settlement Area PLO 6456 NFS 11.5 College Fjord |
| TOTALS | 20734.1 | 14175.9 | 6569 | 1665 | 4146 | 396 | 1293.5 | 19440.6 | |

Area #1 contains approximately 14,175,900 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units/National Forest Service lands (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service or Forest Service. These agencies recommend, with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections and the ANILCA additions to Forest Service lands, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry (12,318,000 acres). In general, Forest Service lands would be open to leaseable and locatable entry like the rest of the forest. However, the Forest Service recommends maintaining 482,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals overlapping the Controller Bay and College Fjord areas, to provide temporary protection on sensitive areas until a more appropriate withdrawal or land management prescription is put into place through the land use planning process.

There are a total of 6,569,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM. Approximately 1,665,000 acres have already been open to some combination of entry for leasable or locatable minerals. However, 100% of those lands already opened are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. Altogether, approximately 4,146,000 acres of BLM administered lands are selected, including those lands already opened. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, entitlements are met, or selections are relinquished or rejected. State and Native conveyance priorities indicate 80% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

There are 396,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM which overlap withdrawals for the Gulkana and Delta WSR (CSUs) and the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis, including the draft East Alaska Resource Management Plan (ERMP) and public comments, indicate these withdrawals are generally less restrictive then the d-1 withdrawals, and do not sufficiently protect important sensitive or critical resources. All together there are approximately 811,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which overlap the Gulkana and Delta WSR, the Utility Corridor, the Slana Settlement Area, and the proposed Bering Glacier RNA. These d-1 withdrawals should be maintained to provide temporary protection on these sensitive or critical areas until a more appropriate withdrawal is put into place through the land use planning process. A total of 1,293,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which include BLM and other agency managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 1.

In summary, there are a total of 20,734,100 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 1. Approximately 19,440,600 acres or 93% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 2,976,600 acres or 15% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS lands – BLM selected lands or 19440.6 - 12318 - 4146= 2976.6). The majority of these lands are roughly divided between a medium to high locatable mineral potential. None of these lands have any known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential, or known leaseable mineral potential in Area 1, were previously opened, and or selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



AREA 2 SUMMARY MATRIX

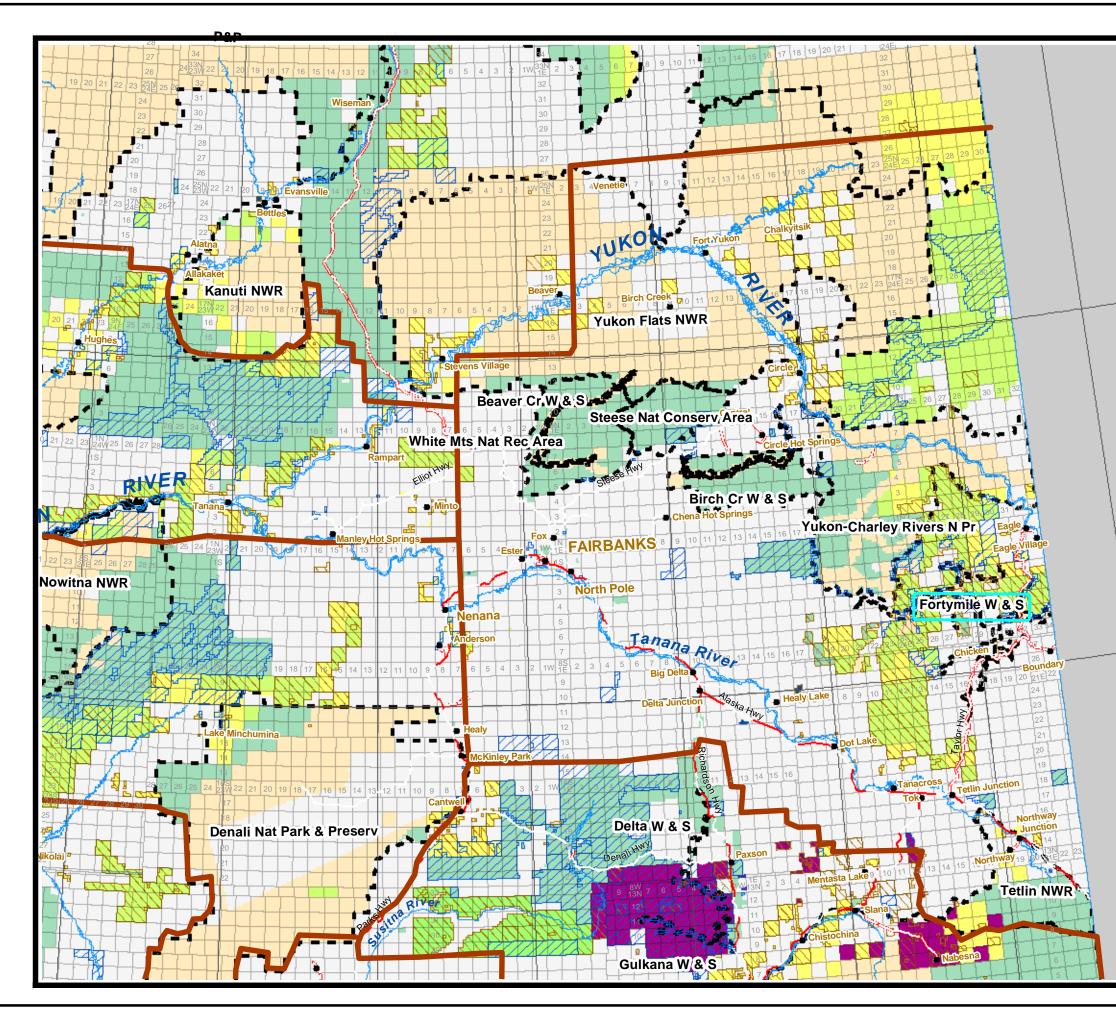
| | | | Approx | imate A | Acreage in | <u>1,000s</u> | _ <u></u> | <u> </u> | |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
| Area 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5173 | 3772 | 92 | 3680 | 0 | 2185 | 0 | 0 | 3772 | |
| PLO 5178 | 46 | 34.5 | 11.5 | 0 | 11.5 | 0 | 0 | 46 | |
| PLO 5179 | 6129.5 | 5807.5 | 322 | 0 | 92 | 604.2 | 604.2 | 5525.3 | BLM 63.5 Beaver WSR inside and 12.5 outside White Mt NCA BLM 45 Birch WSR inside and 23 outside Steese NRA BLM 246.7 40 Mile WSR BLM 120.5 adj to Beaver WSR and 93 adj to Birch WSR |
| PLO 5180 | 3036 | 1161.5 | 1874.5 | 0 | 276 | 1928.6 | 1928.6 | 1107.4 | BLM 819.5 White Mt NCA and 1074.6 Steese NRA BLM 34.5 PLO 5150 |
| PLO 5184 | 1759.5 | 1069.5 | 690 | 0 | 590 | 0 | 0 | 1759.5 | |
| TOTALS | 14743 | 8165 | 6578 | 0 | 3154.5 | 2532.8 | 2532.8 | 12210.2 | |

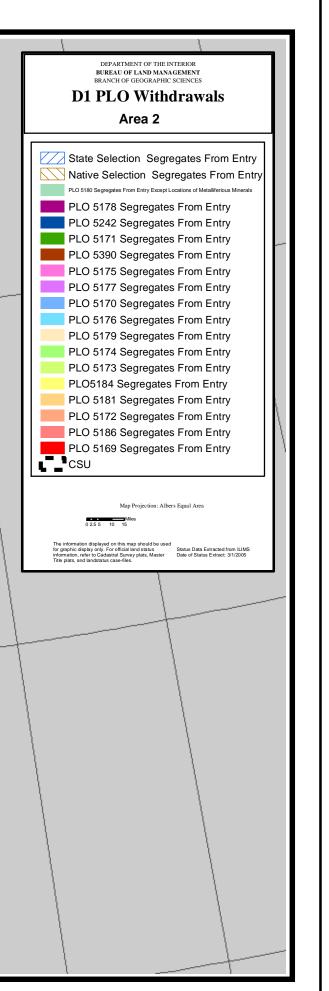
Area #2 contains approximately 8,165,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service or Fish & Wildlife Service. These agencies recommend, with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges.

There are a total of 6,578,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM, none of which were previously open to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Altogether, approximately 3,154,500 acres of BLM administered lands are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, entitlements are met, or selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 45% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

There are 2,532,800 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM which overlap withdrawals for the Beaver, Birch, 40 Mile WSRs, White Mountains National Conservation Area, the Steese National Recreation Area and the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis and public comments indicate these withdrawals are generally less restrictive than the d-1 withdrawals, and do not sufficiently protect important sensitive or critical resources. The d-1 withdrawals on the Beaver, Birch, and 40 Mile WSRs should be maintained to provide temporary protection on these sensitive or critical areas until a more appropriate withdrawal is put into place through the land use planning process. The d-1 withdrawals on the White Mountains and Steese Areas should be maintained until their existing RMPs are reviewed and updated to reflect current management objectives. These RMPs are currently scheduled for review in 2007. A total of 2,532,800 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which includes BLM-managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 2.

In summary, there are a total of 14,743,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 2. Approximately 12,210,200 acres or 82% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 890,700 acres or 7% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS &FWS lands – BLM selected lands or 12210.2-8165-3154.5= 890.7). The majority of these lands primarily have a low to medium locatable mineral potential. Essentially all of these lands have a known potential for oil and gas only. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential, and some of the lands with known leaseable potential in Area 2, were previously selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.





AREA 3 SUMMARY MATRIX

Approximate Acreage in 1,000s

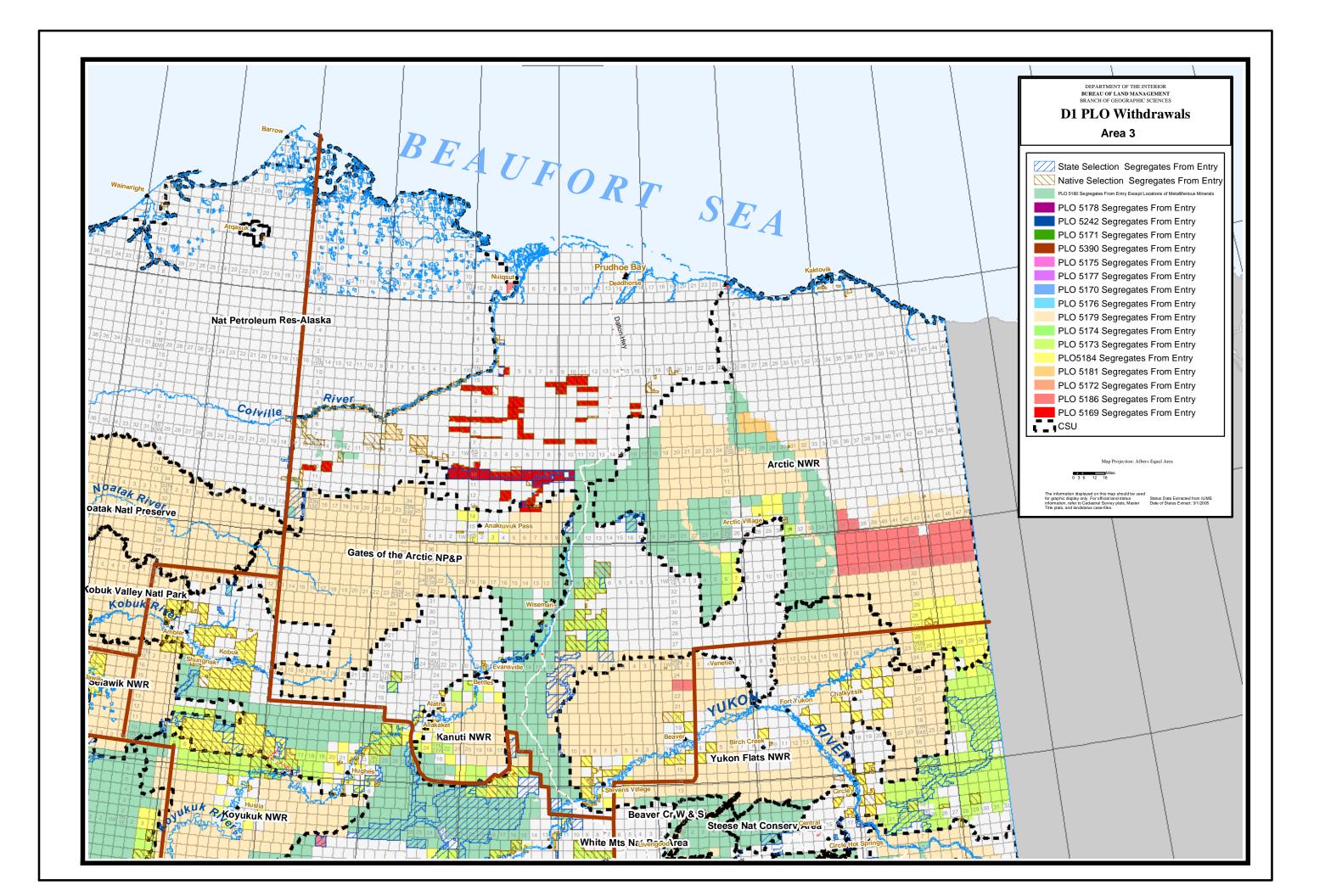
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Area 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5169 | 816.5 | 23 | 793.5 | 0 | 793.5 | 0 | 34.5 | 782 | BLM CAMA Wilderness |
| PLO 5173 | 759 | 322 | 437 | 0 | 437 | 0 | 0 | 759 | |
| PLO 5179 | 15053.5 | 14340 | 713.5 | 0 | 322 | 0 | 69 | 14984.5 | BLM CAMA Wilderness |
| PLO 5180 | 6451.5 | 4117 | 2334.5 | 0 | 92 | 1840 | 1840 | 4611.5 | BLM Utility Corridor PLO 5150 includes 80.5 CAMA Wilderness and 149.5 Jim River |
| PLO 5181 | 126.5 | 126.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 126.5 | |
| PLO 5184 | 1161.5 | 1161.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 69 | 1092.5 | BLM CAMA Wilderness |
| PLO 5186 | 1253.5 | 1253.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1253.5 | |
| TOTALS | 25622 | 21343.5 | 4278.5 | 0 | 1644.5 | 1840 | 2012.5 | 23609.5 | |

Area #3 contains approximately 21,343,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service or Fish & Wildlife Service. These agencies recommend, with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges.

There are a total of 4,278,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM, none of which were previously open to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Altogether, approximately 1,644,500 acres of BLM administered lands are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 75% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

There are 1,840,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM which overlap the withdrawal for the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis and public comments indicate these withdrawals are generally less restrictive than the d-1 withdrawals, and do not sufficiently protect important sensitive or critical resources. These d-1 withdrawals should be maintained to provide temporary protection on these sensitive or critical areas until a more appropriate withdrawal is put into place through the land use planning process. A total of 1,840,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which includes BLM-managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 3.

In summary, there are a total of 25,622,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 3. Approximately 23,609,500 acres or 92% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 621,500 acres or 2% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS &FWS lands – BLM selected lands or 23609.5-21343.5-1644.5= 621.5). The majority of these lands primarily have a medium locatable mineral potential. Essentially none of these lands have a known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential, and some of the lands with known leaseable potential in Area 3, were previously selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



AREA 4 SUMMARY MATRIX

| - | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened PLO 6477 | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
| Area 4 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5169 | 1506.5 | 0 | 1506.5 | 0 | 1406.5 | 0 | 0 | 1506.5 | |
| PLO 5171 | 310.5 | 115 | 195.5 | 0 | 195.5 | 0 | 0 | 310.5 | |
| PLO 5179 | 9280.5 | 8452.5 | 828 | 713 | 322 | 0 | 0 | 9280.5 | |
| PLO 5180 | 816.5 | 0 | 816.5 | 0 | 57.5 | 0 | 5 | 811.5 | BLM 300' setback Kivalina River |
| PLO 5184 | 989 | 276 | 713 | 0 | 713 | 0 | 0 | 989 | |
| TOTALS | 12903 | 8843.5 | 4059.5 | 713 | 2694.5 | 0 | 5 | 12898 | |

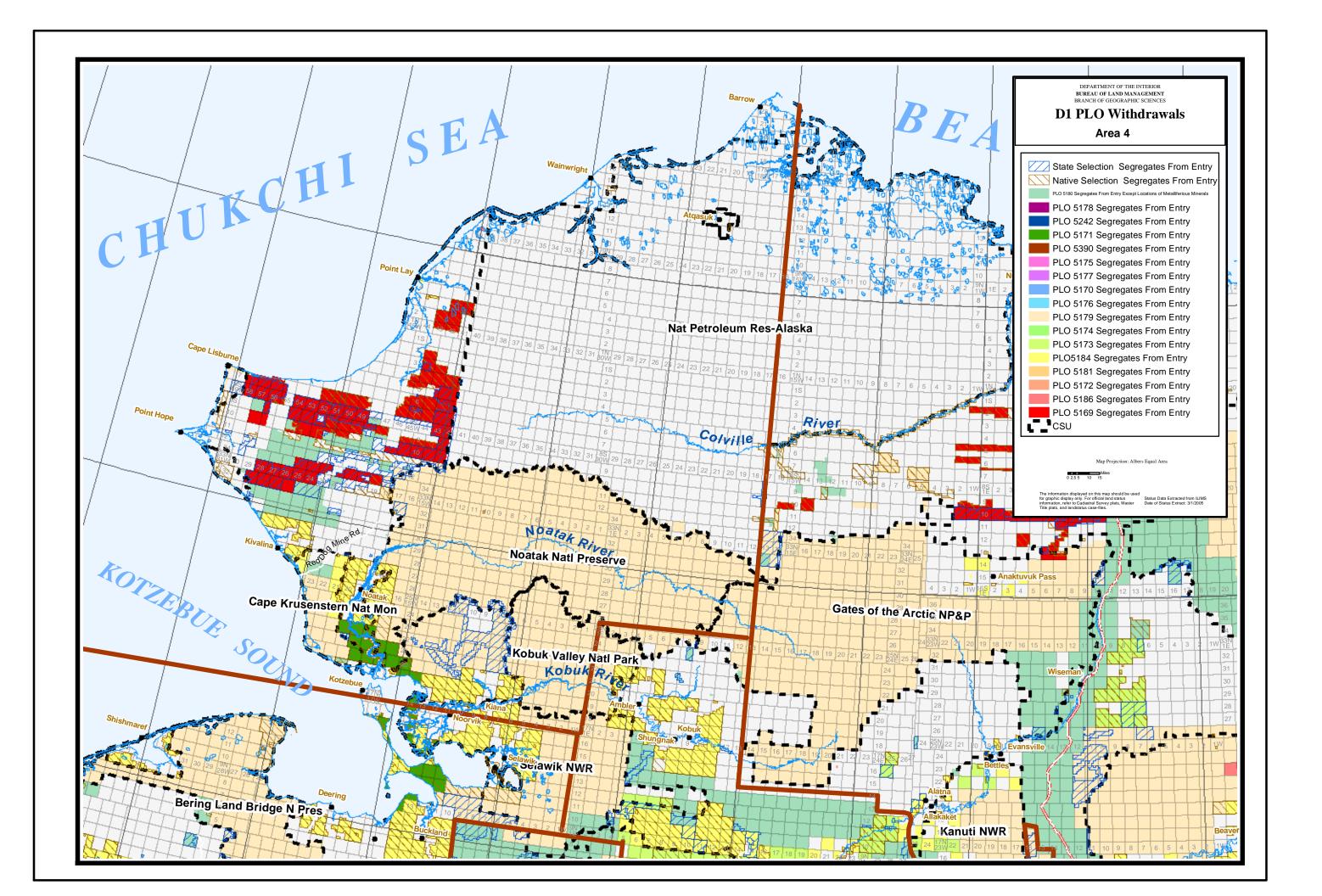
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Area #4 contains approximately 8,843,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service, and Fish & Wildlife Service. These agencies recommend, with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges.

There are a total of 4,059,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM. Approximately 713,000 acres have already been open to some combination of entry for leaseable or locatable minerals. However, 50% of those lands already opened are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. Altogether, approximately 2,694,500 acres of BLM administered lands are selected, including portions of those lands already opened. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 70% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

None of the d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM overlap BLM CSU withdrawals or the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis including the draft Kobuk-Seward Resource Management Plan (KSRMP), and public comments indicate there are only 5,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals which overlap the proposed Kivalina River setback area. These d-1 withdrawals should be maintained to provide temporary protection on these sensitive or critical areas until a more appropriate withdrawal is put into place through the land use planning process. A total of 5,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which includes BLM-managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 4.

In summary, there are a total of 12,903,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 4. Approximately 12,898,000 acres or 99% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 1,003,500 acres or 7% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS& FWS lands – BLM previously opened/not selected - BLM selected lands or 12898-8843.5-(713 x .50)-2694.5= 1003.5). The majority of these lands primarily have an unidentified or low locatable mineral potential, with some scattered medium to high potential areas. Essentially none of these lands have a known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential, or lands with known leaseable potential in Area 4, were previously opened, and or selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



AREA 5 SUMMARY MATRIX

Approximate Acreage in 1,000s

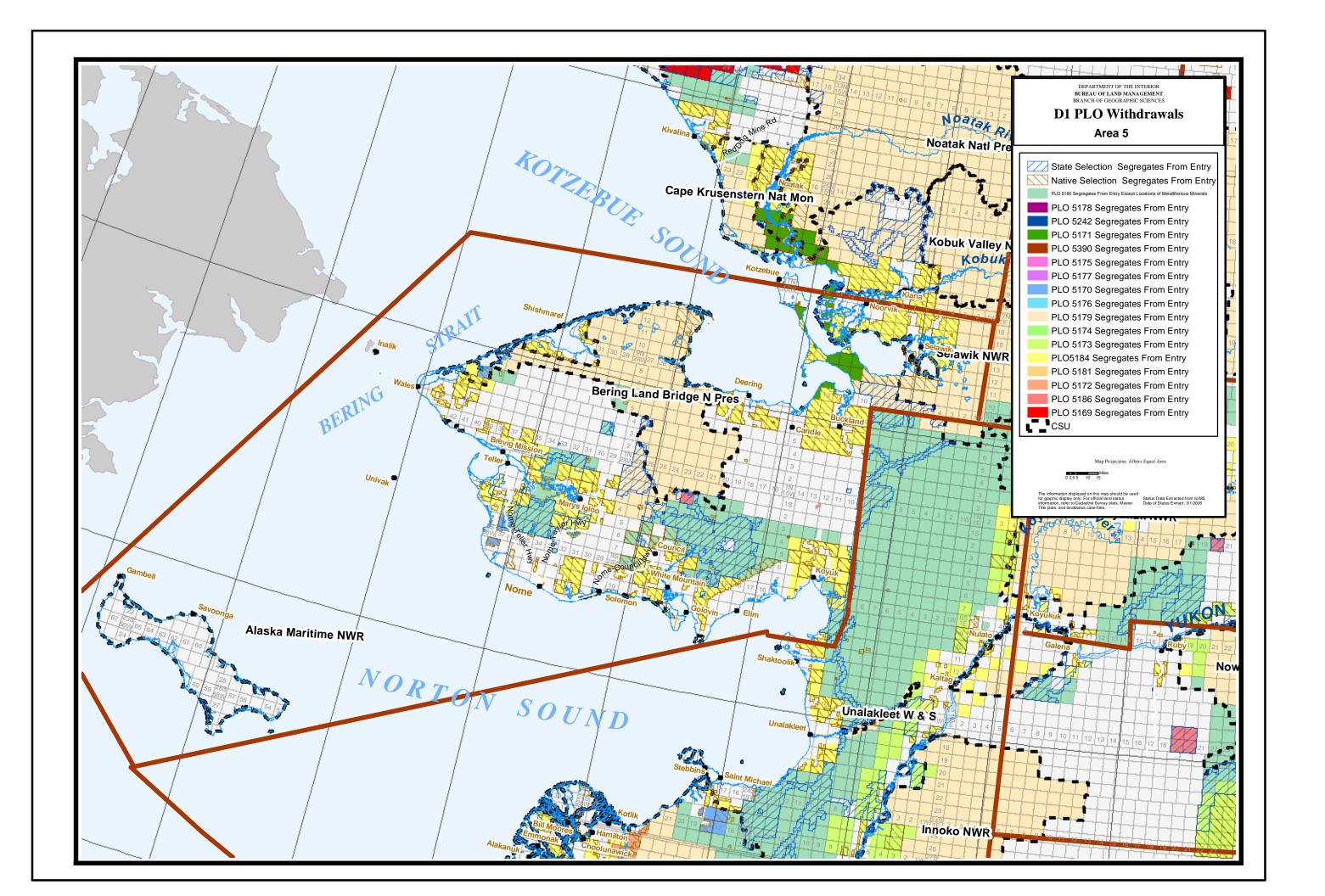
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened PLO 6477 | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Area 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5170 | 63.2 | 23 | 40.2 | 0 | 40.2 | 0 | 0 | 63.2 | |
| PLO 5171 | 132.2 | 23 | 109.2 | 0 | 109.2 | 0 | 0 | 132.2 | |
| PLO 5179 | 3749 | 3254.5 | 494.5 | 494.5 | 330.5 | 0 | 0 | 3749 | |
| PLO 5180 | 1794 | 80.5 | 1713.5 | 1058 | 1230 | 0 | 51 | 1743 | BLM 5 300' Setback Boston Creek BLM 46 Mt Osborne RNA |
| PLO 5186 | 23 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 23 | |
| PLO 5184 | 2380.5 | 425.5 | 1955 | 230 | 1817 | 0 | 38 | 2342.5 | BLM 38 Mt Osborne RNA |
| TOTALS | 8141.9 | 3806.5 | 4335.4 | 1782.5 | 3549.9 | 0 | 89 | 8052.9 | |

Area #5 contains approximately 3,806,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service or Fish & Wildlife Service. These agencies recommend with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges.

There are a total of 4,335,400 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM. Approximately 1,782,500 acres have already been open to some combination of entry for leaseable or locatable minerals. However, 67% of those lands already open are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. Altogether, approximately 3,549,900 acres of BLM-administered lands are selected, including portions of those lands already opened. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or the selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 35% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

None of the d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM overlap other BLM CSU withdrawals or the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis including the draft Kobuk-Seward Resource Management Plan (KSRMP), and public comments indicate there are only 89,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals which overlap the proposed Mt Osborne RNA and Boston Creek setback area. These d-1 withdrawals should be maintained to provide temporary protection on these sensitive or critical areas until a more appropriate withdrawal is put into place through the land use planning process. A total of 89,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which includes BLM-managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 5.

In summary, there are a total of 8,141,900 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 5. Approximately 8,052,900 acres or 98% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 108,200 acres or 1% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS & FWS lands – BLM previously opened/not selected - BLM selected lands or 8052.9-3806.5 - (1782.5 x .33) - 3549.9= 108.2). The majority of these lands are roughly divided between a medium to high locatable mineral potential. Essentially none of these lands have a known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential, or lands with known leaseable potential in Area 5, were previously opened, and or selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



AREA 6 SUMMARY MATRIX

Approximate Acreage in 1,000s

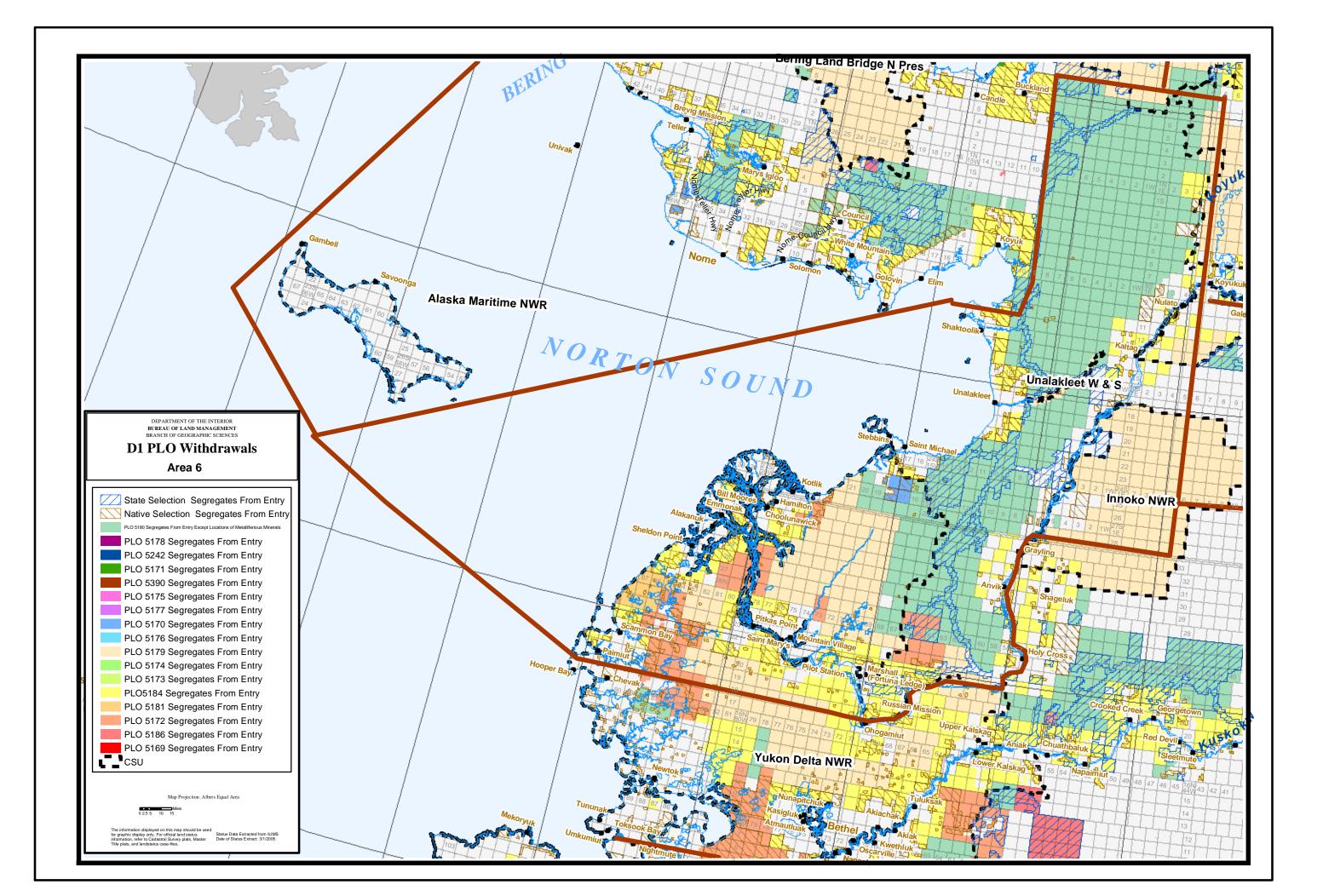
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened PLO 6477 | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Area 6 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5170 | 92 | 92 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 92 | |
| PLO 5172 | 1150 | 897 | 253 | 0 | 86 | 0 | 0 | 1150 | |
| PLO 5179 | 5117.5 | 4784 | 333.5 | 0 | 46 | 80.5 | 80.5 | 5037 | BLM Unakaleet WSR |
| PLO 5180 | 9142.5 | 966 | 8176.5 | 2346 | 1161.5 | 0 | 301.7 | 8840.8 | BLM 16.6 (6) 300' Setbacks, 11.2 Box River RNA, 273.9 Kaltag Nulato Watershed |
| PLO 5181 | 201.5 | 201.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 201.5 | |
| PLO 5184 | 2645 | 1673 | 972 | 46 | 279.5 | 0 | 46 | 2599 | BLM 46 Kaltag Nulato Watershed |
| TOTALS | 18348.5 | 8613.5 | 9735 | 2392 | 1573 | 80.5 | 428.2 | 17920.3 | |

Area #6 contains approximately 8,613,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units (CSUs) administered by the Fish & Wildlife Service. The agency recommends with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges.

There are a total of 9,735,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM. Approximately 2,392,000 acres have already been open to some combination of entry to leaseable or locatable minerals. However, 30% of those lands already open are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. Altogether, approximately 1,573,000 acres of BLM-administered lands are selected, including portions of those lands already opened. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or the selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 29% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

There are 80,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM which overlap the withdrawal for the Unakaleet WSR (CSU). The BLM analysis, including the Central Yukon and Kobuk-Seward Resource Management Plan (CYRMP & KSRMP), and public comments indicate these withdrawals are generally less restrictive than the d-1 withdrawals, and do not sufficiently protect important sensitive or critical resources. All together there are approximately 428,200 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which overlap the Unakaleet WSR, as well as (6) 300' setback areas, the Box River RNA, and the Kaltag Nulato Watershed Areas identified primarily in the CYRMP. These d-1 withdrawals should be maintained until the CYRMP is reviewed and updated to reflect current management objectives. The CYRMP is currently scheduled for review in 2009. A total of 428,200 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which includes BLM-managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 6.

In summary, there are a total of 18,348,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 6. Approximately 17,920,300 acres or 97% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 6,059,400 acres or 33% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – FWS lands – BLM previously opened/not selected - BLM selected lands or 17920.3-8613.5-(2392 x .70)-1573= 6059.4). The majority of these lands are roughly divided between a low to medium locatable mineral potential with a few scattered high potential areas. Essentially none of these lands have any known potential for coal and very few of these lands have a known potential for oil or gas. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential, or lands with known leaseable potential in Area 6, were previously opened, and or selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



AREA 7 SUMMARY MATRIX

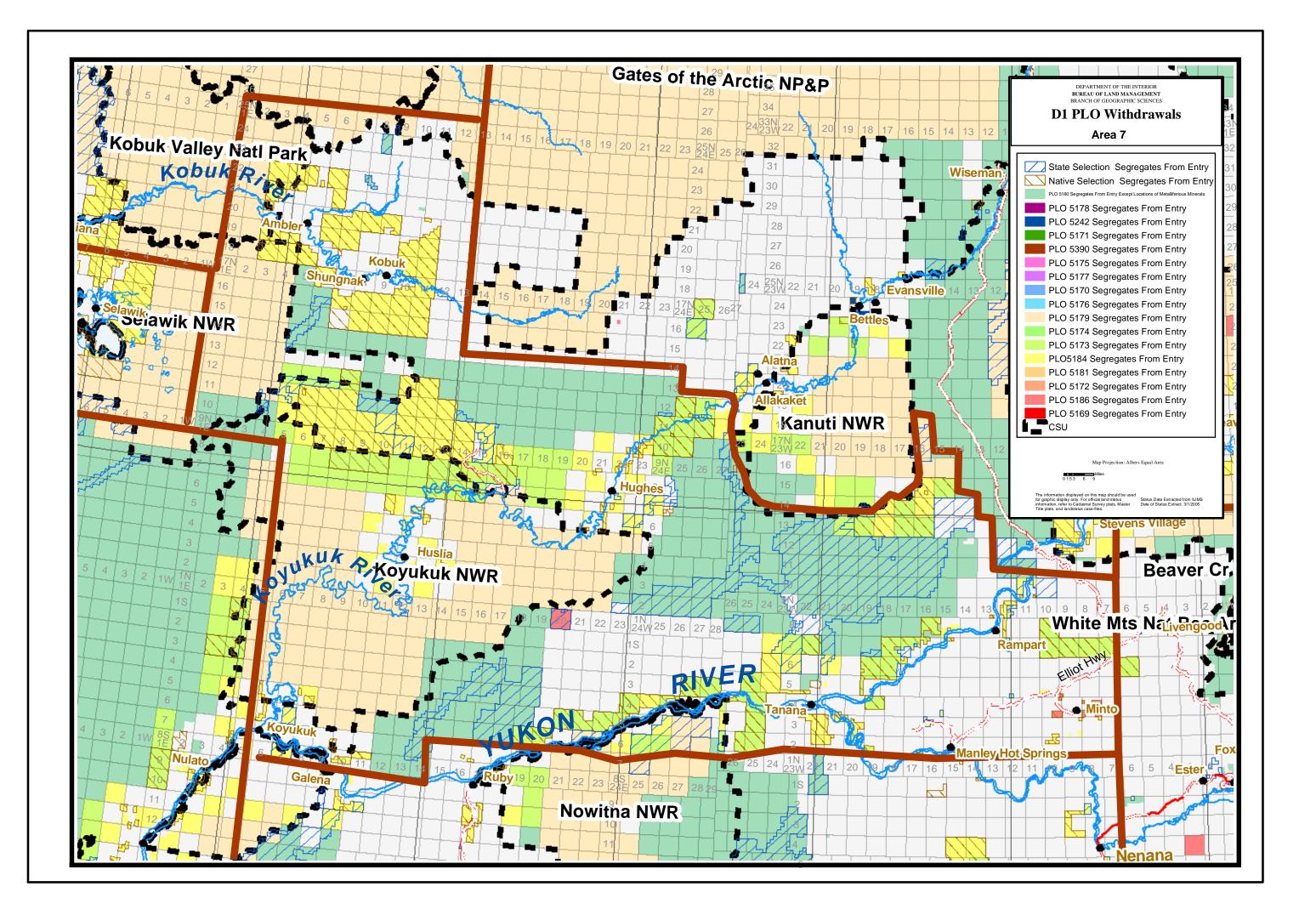
| | | | Ар | proximat | e in 1,000 |)s | | | |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened PLO 6477 | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
| Area 7 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5173 | 1748 | 517.5 | 1230.5 | 0 | 1000.5 | 0 | .3 | 1747.7 | BLM 300' Setback |
| PLO 5179 | 4197.5 | 4013.5 | 184 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 4197.5 | |
| PLO 5180 | 4715 | 310.5 | 4404.5 | 552 | 1472 | 0 | 37.8 | 4677.2 | BLM 15.2 (3) RNAs, 12.7 Peregrine Falcon Habitat 9.9 (4) 300' Setbacks |
| PLO 5184 | 2173.5 | 402.5 | 1771 | 0 | 1518 | 0 | 1.9 | 2171.6 | BLM 1.9 (3) 300' Setbacks |
| PLO 5186 | 46 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 | |
| TOTALS | 12880 | 5244 | 7636 | 552 | 4082.5 | 0 | 40 | 12840 | |

Area #7 contains approximately 5,244,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service or Fish & Wildlife Service. These agencies recommend with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges.

There are a total of 7,636,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM. Approximately 552,000 acres have already been open to some combination of entry to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. However, 10% of those lands already open are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. Altogether, approximately 4,082,500 acres of BLM-administered lands are selected, including portions of those lands already opened. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or the selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 42% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

None of the d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM overlap other BLM CSU withdrawals or the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis including the Central Yukon Resource Management Plan (CYRMP), and public comments indicate there are only 40,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals which overlap the Ishalitna, McQuestion, Spooky Valley RNAs, the Peregrine Falcon Habitat Area, the Indian River, Tozitna River, Clear Creek, Caribou Creek, Ray Creek and Squaw Creek setbacks. These d-1 withdrawals should be maintained until the CYRMP is reviewed and updated to reflect current management objectives. The CYRMP is currently scheduled for review in 2009. A total of 40,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which includes BLM-managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 7.

In summary, there are a total of 12,880,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 7. Approximately 12,840,000 acres or 99% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 3,016,700 acres or 23% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS & FWS lands – BLM previously opened/not selected - BLM selected lands or 12840-5244-(552 x .90)-4082.5= 3016.7). The majority of these lands are roughly divided between low to medium locatable mineral potential, with some scattered high potential areas. Essentially none of these lands have known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with medium to high locatable mineral potential, or lands with known leaseable potential in Area 7, were previously opened, and or selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



AREA 8 SUMMARY MATRIX

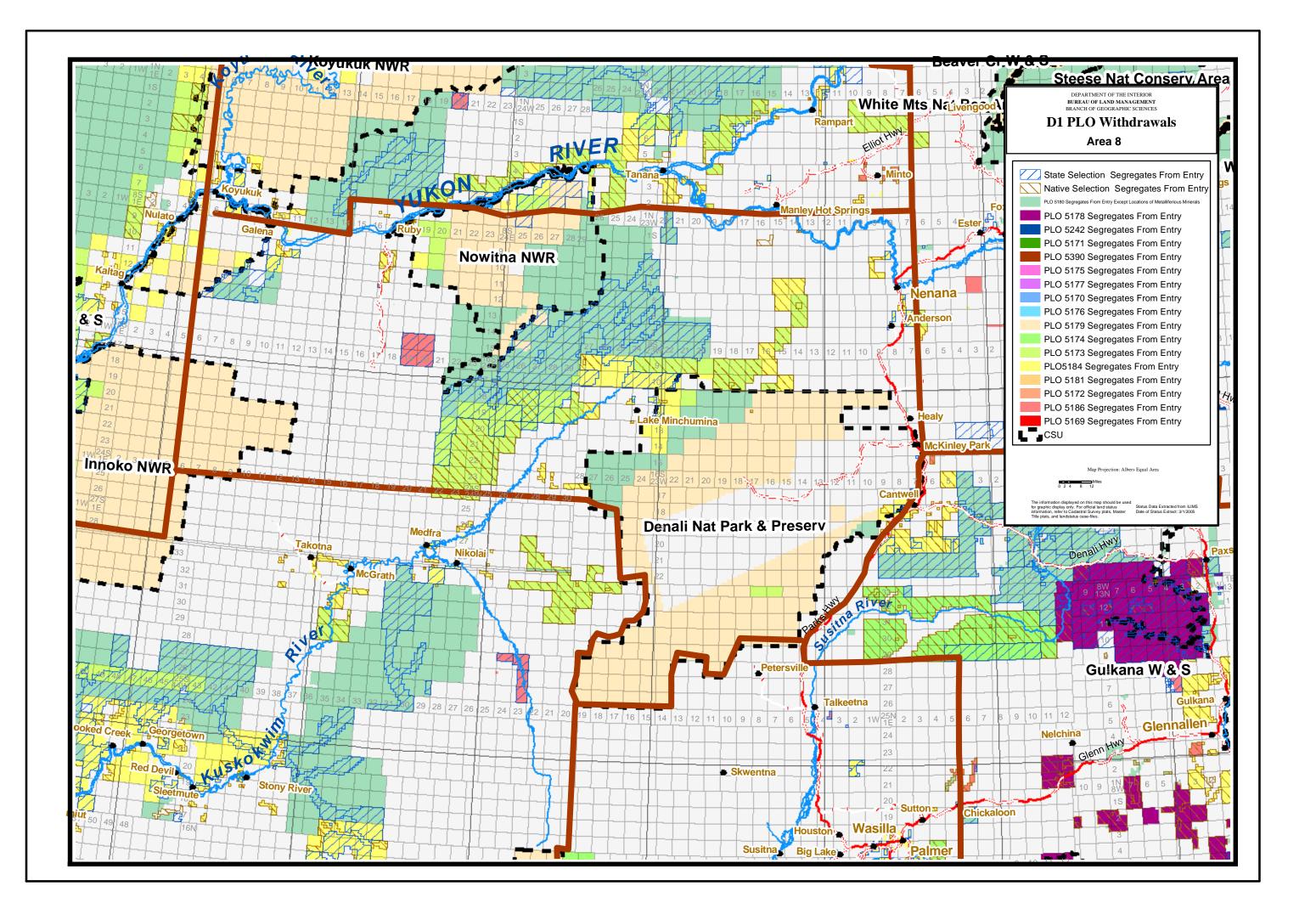
| | | | Ар | proximate | Acreage | in 1,000 | S | | |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened PLO 6098 | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
| Area 8 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5173 | 1224.5 | 138 | 1086.5 | 230 | 1063.5 | 0 | 0 | 1224.5 | |
| PLO 5179 | 4807 | 4761 | 46 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 9.6 | 4797.4 | BLM Peregrine Falcon Habitat |
| PLO 5180 | 3047.5 | 1138.5 | 1909 | 517.5 | 1437.5 | 0 | 14.6 | 3032.9 | BLM (2) RNAs |
| PLO 5184 | 759 | 218.5 | 540.5 | 184 | 460 | 0 | 0 | 759 | |
| PLO 5186 | 92 | 0 | 92 | 0 | 92 | 0 | 0 | 92 | |
| TOTALS | 9930 | 6256 | 3674 | 931.5 | 3099 | 0 | 24.2 | 9905.8 | |

Area #8 contains approximately 6,256,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service or Fish & Wildlife Service. These agencies recommend with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, the d-1withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges.

There are a total of 3,674,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM. Approximately 931,500 acres have already been open to some combination of entry for leaseable or locatable minerals. However, 92% of those lands already open are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. Altogether, approximately 3,099,000 acres of BLM-administered lands are selected, including portions of those lands already opened. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or the selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 30% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

None of the d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM overlap other BLM CSU withdrawals or the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis including the Central Yukon Resource Management Plan (CYRMP), and public comments indicate there are only 24,200 acres of d-1 withdrawals which overlap the Arms Lake and Redlands Lake RNAs, and the Peregrine Falcon Habitat Area. These d-1 withdrawals should be maintained until the CYRMP is reviewed and updated to reflect current management objectives. The CYRMP is currently scheduled for review in 2009. A total of 24,200 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which includes BLM-managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 8.

In summary, there are a total of 9,930,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 8. Approximately 9,905,800 acres or 99% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 476,300 acres or 4% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS & FWS lands – BLM previously opened/not selected - BLM selected lands or 9905.8-6256-(931.5 x .08)-3099= 476.3). The majority of these lands are roughly divided between a low, medium and high locatable mineral potential. Essentially none of these lands have a known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential were already selected. Most lands with low to medium locatable mineral potential, or lands with known oil and gas potential in Area 8, were previously opened, and or selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



AREA 9 SUMMARY MATRIX

| | | | roximate | Acreage | e in 1,000 | s | | | |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened PLO 6787 | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
| Area 9 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5172 | 1437.5 | 1207.5 | 230 | 0 | 92 | 0 | 0 | 1437.5 | |
| PLO 5173 | 747.5 | 0 | 747.5 | 230 | 701 | 0 | 0 | 747.5 | |
| PLO 5174 | 138 | 138 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 138 | |
| PLO 5179 | 3266 | 3266 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3266 | |
| PLO 5180 | 4473.5 | 678.5 | 3795 | 1587 | 1391.5 | 0 | 0 | 4473.5 | |
| PLO 5184 | 3622.5 | 1702 | 1920.5 | 23 | 724.5 | 0 | 0 | 3622.5 | |
| PLO 5186 | 149.5 | 23 | 126.5 | 0 | 109 | 0 | 0 | 149.5 | |
| TOTALS | 13834.5 | 7015 | 6819.5 | 1840 | 3018 | 0 | 0 | 13834.5 | |

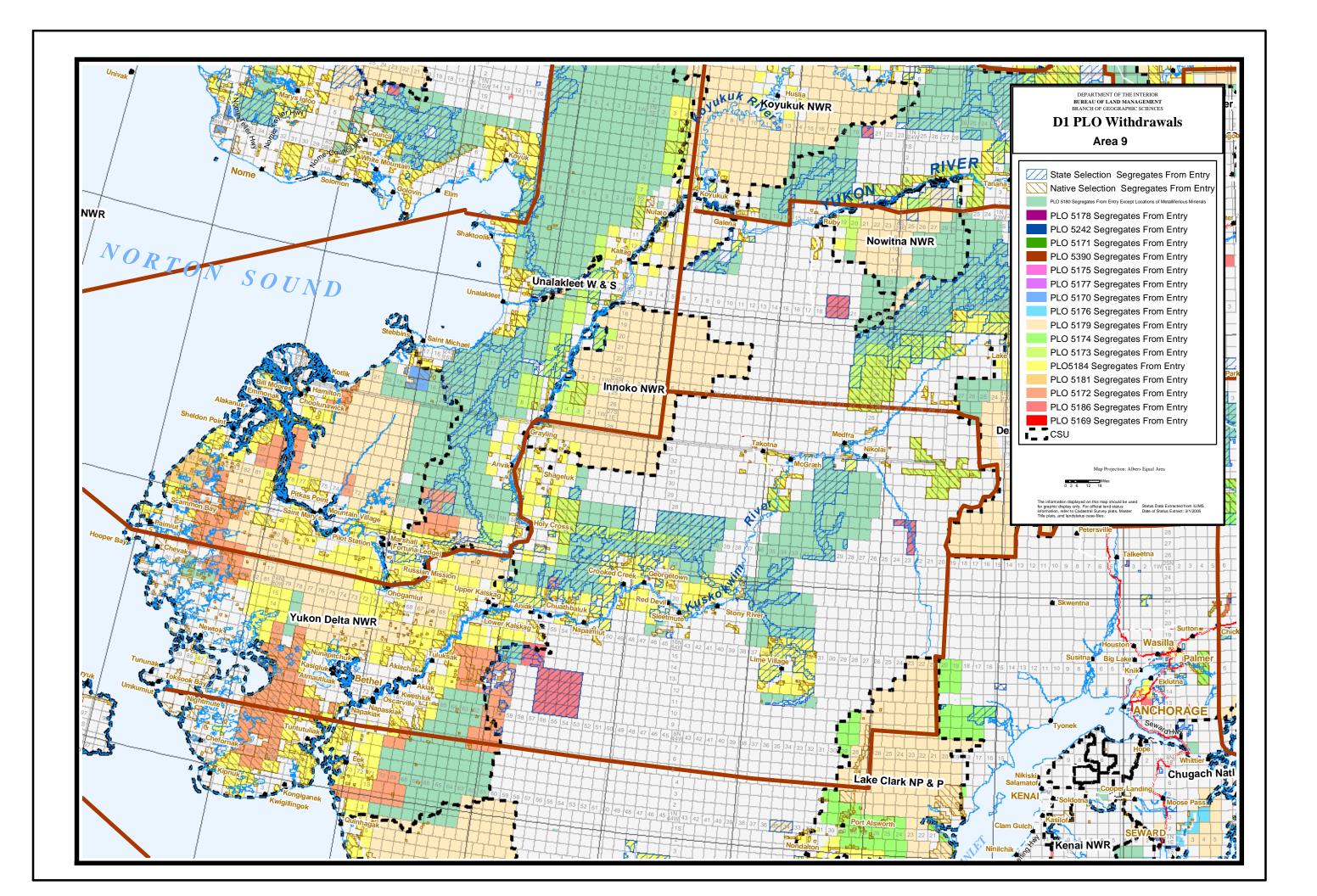
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Area #9 contains approximately 7,015,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service or Fish & Wildlife Service. These agencies recommend with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, the d-1withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges.

There are a total of 6,819,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM. Approximately 1,840,000 acres have already been open to some combination of entry for leaseable or locatable minerals. However, 75% of those lands already open are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. Altogether, approximately 3,018,000 acres of BLM-administered lands are selected, including portions of those lands already opened. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or the selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 57% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

None of the d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM overlap other BLM CSU withdrawals or the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis indicates there are no d-1 withdrawals which should be maintained. A total of 0 acres of d-1 withdrawals should be maintained at this time in Area 9.

In summary, there are a total of 13,834,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 9. Approximately 13,834,500 acres or 100% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 3,341,500 acres or 24% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS & FWS lands – BLM previously opened/not selected - BLM selected lands or 13834.5-7015-(1840 x .25)-3018 = 3341.5). The majority of these lands have a low to medium locatable mineral potential, with some scattered high potential areas. Essentially 1/3 of these lands have a known potential for primarily oil and gas, with some scattered coal potential. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential or lands with known oil and gas potential in Area 9 were previously opened, and or selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



AREA 10 SUMMARY MATRIX

Approximate Acreage in 1,000s

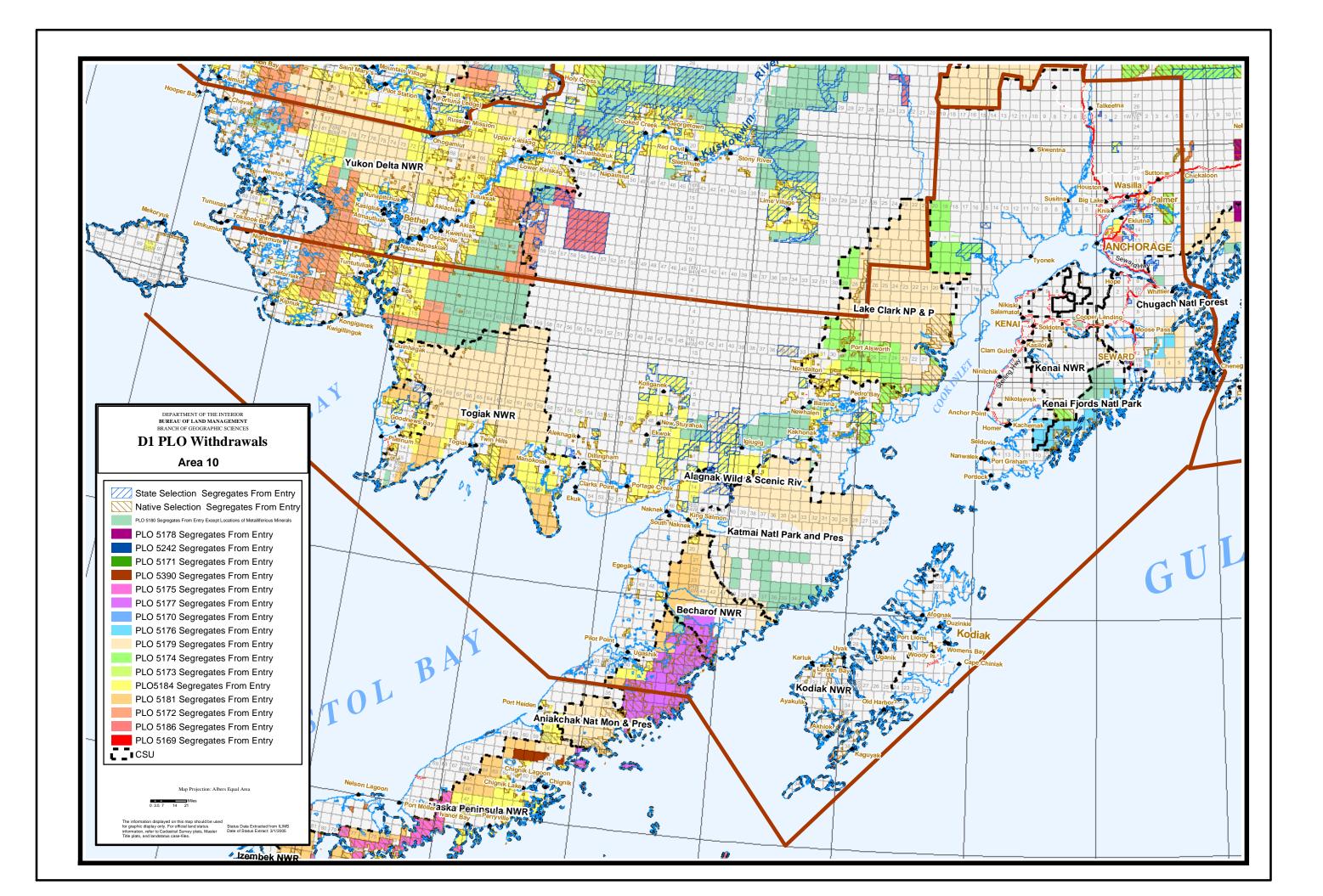
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Area 10 | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| PLO 5172 | 667 | 667 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 667 | |
| PLO 5174 | 1322 | 701.5 | 620.5 | 0 | 253 | 0 | 0 | 1322 | |
| PLO 5176 | 386 | 386 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46.1 | 339.9 | BLM .120 Halibut Cove Forest Study Area NFS 46 Nellie Juan |
| PLO 5177 | 770.5 | 770.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 770.5 | |
| PLO 5179 | 6704.5 | 6348 | 356.5 | 0 | 299 | 0 | 248.5 | 6456 | NFS 207 Nellie Juan, 41.5 Lost Lake |
| PLO 5180 | 2564.5 | 2081.5 | 483 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 9 | 2555.5 | NFS Portage |
| PLO 5181 | 1069.5 | 1069.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1069.5 | |
| PLO 5184 | 3254.5 | 1782.5 | 1472 | 0 | 770.5 | 0 | 0 | 3254.5 | |
| TOTALS | 16738.5 | 13806.5 | 2932 | 0 | 1368.5 | 0 | 303.6 | 16434.9 | |

Area #10 contains approximately 13,806,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units/National Forest Service lands (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service, Fish & Wildlife Service or the Forest Service. These agencies recommend with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections and the ANILCA additions to Forest Service lands, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges (NPS and F&WS totals 13,503,000 acres). In general, Forest Service lands would be open to leaseable and locatable entry like the rest of the forest. However, the Forest Service recommends maintaining 303,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals overlapping the Nellie Juan, Lost Lake, and Portage areas, to provide temporary protection on sensitive areas until a more appropriate withdrawal or land management prescription is put into place through the land use planning process.

There are a total of 2,932,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM, none of which were previously open to leasable or locatable mineral entry. Altogether, approximately 1,368,500 acres of BLM-administered lands are selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or the selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 90% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

None of the d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM overlap other BLM CSU withdrawals or the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis including the draft Ring of Fire Resource Management Plan (RFRMP), and public comments indicate there are only 120 acres of d-1 withdrawals which overlap the proposed Halibut Cove Forest Study Area. These d-1 withdrawals should be maintained to provide temporary protection on sensitive areas until a more appropriate withdrawal or land management prescription is put into place through the land use planning process. A total of 303,620 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which includes both BLM and other agency managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 10.

In summary, there are a total of 16,738,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 10. Approximately 16,434,900 acres or 98% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 1,563,400 acres or 9% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS & FWS lands – BLM selected lands or 16434.9 – 13503 – 1368.5 = 1563.4). The majority of these lands have a medium locatable mineral potential, with very few scattered high potential areas. Essentially none of these lands have a known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential, or lands with known leaseable potential in Area 10, were previously selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



AREA 11 SUMMARY MATRIX

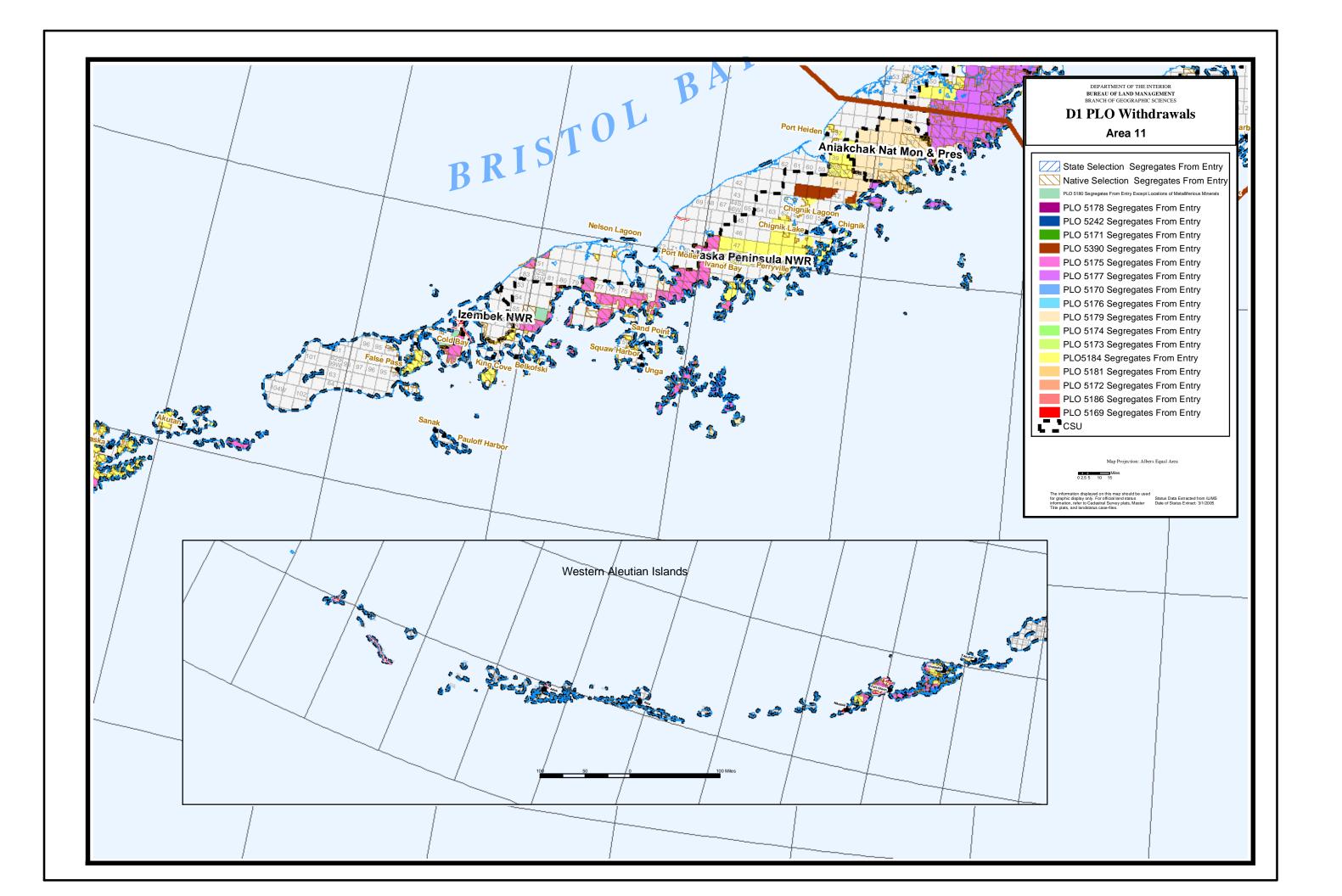
| | Total Lands Withdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
|----------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Area 11 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5175 | 575 | 552 | 23 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 575 | |
| PLO 5177 | 368 | 368 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 368 | |
| PLO 5179 | 655.5 | 655.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 655.5 | |
| PLO 5180 | 46 | 46 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46 | |
| PLO 5184 | 989 | 988 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 989 | |
| PLO 5390 | 92 | 92 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 92 | |
| TOTALS | 2725.5 | 2701.5 | 24 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 2725.5 | |

Area #11 contains approximately 2,701,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service or Fish & Wildlife Service. These agencies recommend with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Fish & Wildlife Service lands would be open to only leaseable entry upon a future determination of compatibility with individual refuges.

There are a total of 24,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM, none of which were previously open to leaseable or locatable mineral entry. Altogether, approximately 24,000 acres of BLM-administered lands are selected. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or the selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 100% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

None of the d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM overlap other BLM CSU withdrawals or the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis indicates no d-1 withdrawals should be maintained. A total of 0 acres of d-1 withdrawals should be maintained at this time in Area 11.

In summary, there are a total of 2,725,500 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 11. Approximately 2,725,500 acres or 100% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on none of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS & FWS lands - BLM selected lands or 2725.5-2701.5-24 = 0). There is no known potential for coal, oil or gas in Area 11. Those lands with any known locatable mineral potential in Area 11 were previously selected by the State of Alaska, or a Native corporation.



AREA 12 SUMMARY MATRIX

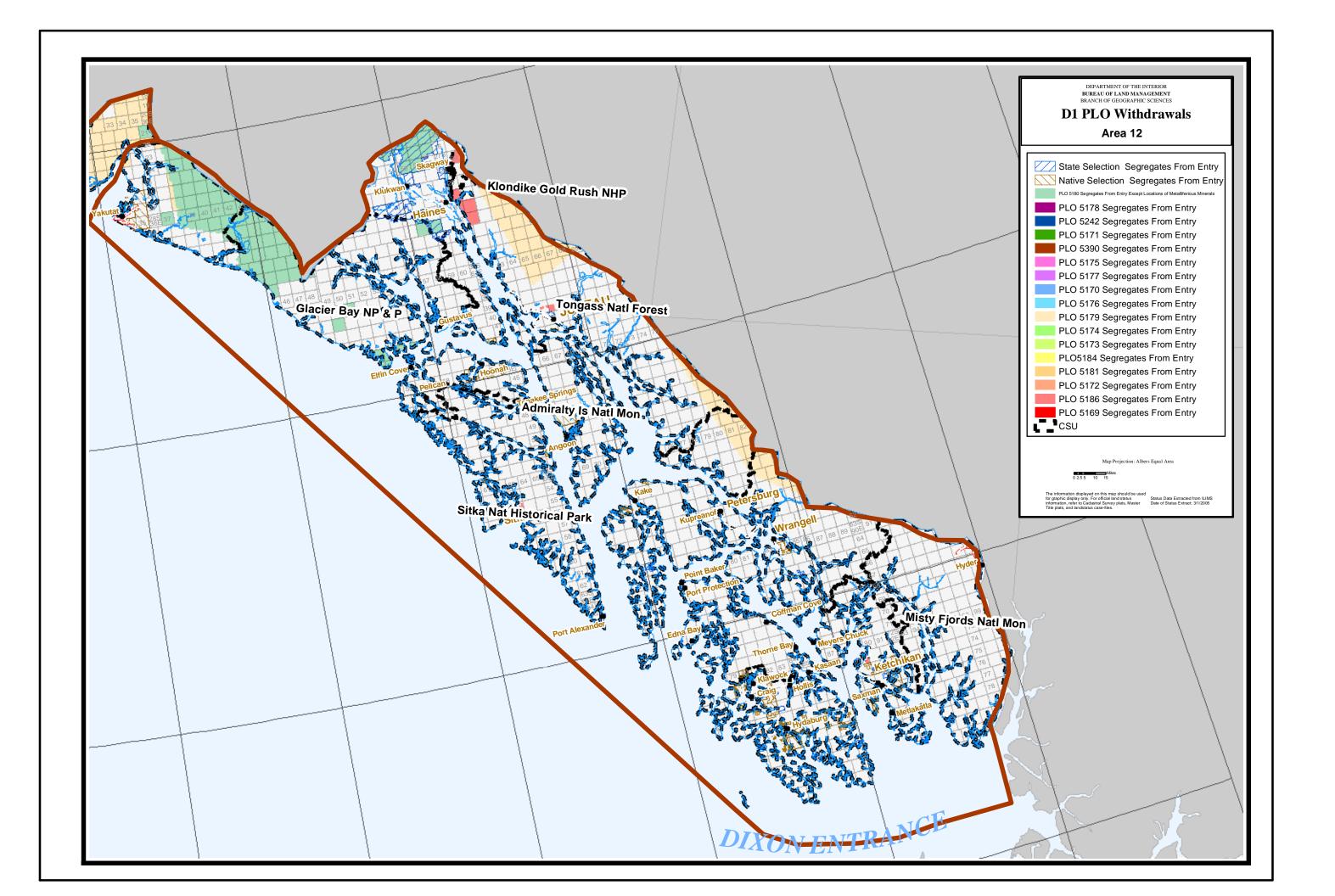
| | | | Ар | proximat | e Acreag | e in 1,00 | 0s | | |
|----------|---------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Total Lands Withzdrawn | Other Fed Agencies Administered Lands | BLM Administered Lands | BLM Lands Previously Opened | BLM Lands Selected | BLM Overlapping Withdrawals | Recommend Maintaining | Recommend Lifting | Rationale for maintaining d-1 withdrawals |
| Area 12 | | | | | | | | | |
| PLO 5179 | 885 | 885 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 885 | |
| PLO 5180 | 1391.5 | 1161.5 | 230 | 0 | 230 | 0 | 0 | 1391.5 | |
| PLO 5186 | 80.5 | 80.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47.8 | 32.7 | BLM 1.8 Lake Carlana Muni Watershed NFS 23 Warm Pass NRA, 23 Katezehein WSR |
| TOTALS | 2357 | 2127 | 230 | 0 | 230 | 0 | 47.8 | 2309.2 | |

Area #12 contains approximately 2,127,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals within Conservation System Units/National Forest Service lands (CSUs) administered by the National Park Service or Forest Service. These agencies recommend with the exception of ANCSA 14(h) selections, and the ANILCA additions to Forest Service lands, the d-1 withdrawals can be lifted without adverse effects on these CSUs. National Park Service lands would not be opened to leaseable or locatable mineral entry (677,000 acres). In general, Forest Service lands would be open to leaseable and locatable entry like the rest of the forest. However, the Forest Service recommends maintaining 46,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals overlapping the Warm Pass RNA and proposed Katezehein WSR, to provide temporary protection on sensitive areas until a more appropriate withdrawal or land management prescription is put into place through the land use planning process.

There are a total of 230,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM none of which were previously open to leasable or locatable mineral entry. Altogether, approximately 230,000 acres of BLM-administered lands are selected. If the d-1 withdrawals are lifted selected lands will remain segregated to entry until the lands are conveyed, the entitlements are met, or the selections are relinquished or rejected. State or Native conveyance priorities indicate 40% of these lands will likely be conveyed.

None of the d-1 withdrawals administered by the BLM overlap BLM CSU withdrawals or the Utility Corridor (PLO 5150). The BLM analysis including the draft Ring of Fire Resource Management Plan (RFRMP), and public comments indicate there are only 1,800 acres of d-1 withdrawals which overlap the proposed Lake Carlanna Municipal Watershed Area. These d-1 withdrawals should be maintained to provide temporary protection on sensitive areas until a more appropriate withdrawal or land management prescription is put into place through the land use planning process. A total of 47,800 acres of d-1 withdrawals, which includes BLM and other agency managed lands, should be maintained at this time in Area 12.

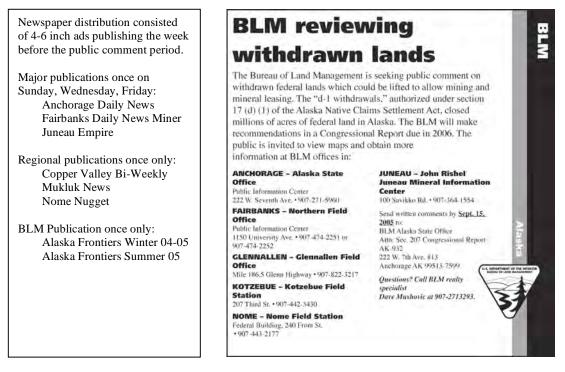
In summary, there are a total of 2,357,000 acres of d-1 withdrawals in Area 12. Approximately 2,309,200 acres or 97% of these withdrawals can be lifted consistent with the protection of the public's interest. Much of these lands would remain segregated or require additional administrative procedures (NEPA/decisional) before any development can take place. Lifting these withdrawals would likely provide immediate entry on only 1,402,200 acres or 60% of these lands (lands immediately opened to entry = total lifted – NPS lands – BLM selected lands or 2309.2 - 677 - 230 = 1402.2). The majority of these lands have no known locatable mineral potential, with very few scattered high potential areas. Essentially none of these lands have known potential for coal, oil or gas. Most lands with high locatable mineral potential in Area 12, were previously selected by the State of Alaska or a Native corporation.



Chapter III: Public Involvement

Scope

The BLM developed a communication plan to involve the public in the review process through newspaper ads, press releases, direct mailings, and briefings. The communication plan initially called for a public website, but internet access to BLM's website was interrupted due to the *Cobell vs Norton* litigation. A site was eventually developed and placed on the BLM National website late in the public comment period. Advertisements were placed in the 3 major newspapers, 3 regional papers and the BLM's external newsletter *BLM Alaska Frontiers*, which reaches more than 3,500 individuals and groups interested in BLM resource management issues. The comments from the public and other agencies were incorporated into the area matrix analysis in Chapter II. *See pages 14-37, Area Matrices.*



The mailing included State and local government agencies, federal agencies, Native organizations, industry associations, and environmental groups. An initial 707 stakeholder letters, 84 packets consisting of a fact sheet, the 2 statewide maps, and 12 area maps were mailed. *See pages 45-58, Mailing List.*

No public meetings were held, but briefings were provided upon request. The BLM briefed affected federal agencies, the Alaska Congressional delegation, the Special Assistant to the Secretary for Alaska, the State of Alaska, Lake Peninsula Borough, Yakutat Borough, Eyak

Report to Congress June 2006 Sec. 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act

Tribal Council, Alaska Coalition, and the Alaska Miners Association. In addition the BLM regularly briefed the BLM Resource Advisory Council (RAC), who also reviewed the report at critical junctures.

Summary

The BLM's public outreach generated approximately 102 inquiries or requests for information packets and maps. Seven news organizations including radio and newspapers conducted interviews with BLM staff which resulted in additional statewide coverage. *See pages 45-58, Mailing List.*

The BLM received only 10 written comments from government agencies, or the public, including one which was a compilation from 10 major environmental groups (Alaska Coalition). In general, the comments were split with 5 supporting lifting all d-1 withdrawals, and 5 supporting maintaining all d-1 withdrawals. All comments included some specific qualifications or concerns for certain geographic areas. Specific concerns are addressed in the individual area analysis where applicable. *See pages 60-114, Public Comments*.

Although a strong advocate of the original Section 207 proposed legislation, the Alaska Miners Association (AMA) did not submit any comments during the comment period. In briefings with the AMA, their preference was to expedite the report process to coincide with the current federal budget cycle and they stated that a 90 day public comment period was too long.

The AMA originally surmised a great deal more public lands were actually affected by d-1 withdrawals. The AMA acknowledged that lifting d-1 withdrawals in national parks or refuges would not open the lands to locatable mineral entry. The AMA was primarily focused on BLM-administered lands, particularly the Steese National Recreation Area and Forest Service-administered lands. The AMA is most interested in areas with known mineral potential. The majority of these lands are already opened to entry or selected by the State of Alaska or Native corporations, and the selections segregate the land to entry independent of the d-1 withdrawals.

The commonalty in many of the comments received is the preference for the land use planning process as the appropriate mechanism for reviewing withdrawals. Some comments from environmental groups concern recommendations developed during current RMP efforts. The RMP efforts that have progressed sufficiently to address d-1 withdrawals have been incorporated in the analysis portion of this report. Other comments from the environmental groups challenge the legality of the report process and the need for additional review of a draft report. These comments are outside the scope of the report and are not addressed.





Bureau of Land Management, Alaska State Office, External Affairs 222 W. 7th Avenue #13, Anchorage AK 99513-7599 Tel: 907-271-5555 Fax: 907-271-5421

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE Contact: Dave Mushovic, 907. 271.3293 Or Susan Lavin, 907.271.3826 News Release No. 05-16 Date: 6/22/05

Public Has Opportunity to Comment on Opening of BLM Withdrawn Lands

Anchorage-Until September 15, the Bureau of Land Management will accept comments from the public on whether withdrawn public land in Alaska should be open to entry under public land laws which includes mining and mineral leasing. Currently millions of acres of federal land are withdrawn under public land orders for study and classification purposes. Although these lands are reviewed for opening under the current BLM planning process, its timeframes and schedules can be lengthy and many stakeholders want a more expeditious process. In response, BLM has been asked to submit a report due to Congress in 2006 recommending whether withdrawn lands can be open to entry.

Many of these withdrawn lands, referred to as d-1 withdrawals because the public land orders withdrawing these lands were authorized under Section 17(d) (1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, are selected by the State of Alaska or Native corporations and are included in other administrative or Congressional withdrawals. Even if withdrawals are lifted, selected lands will remain segregated until the land is conveyed or selections are relinquished. Some lands under study include national wildlife refuge, park and forest systems and conservation units which may have more restrictive or additional administrative procedures to follow before mining or leasing can occur.

The public can review maps depicting withdrawn lands at BLM offices in Anchorage, Fairbanks, Kotzebue, Nome and Juneau. A 90-day comment period ends September 15 and people are encouraged to visit those BLM offices to view maps of the withdrawn areas. Additional information and copies of the maps can be obtained by calling Dave Mushovic at 271-3293 or Susan Lavin at 271-3826.

The report BLM is preparing is advisory in nature and no environmental analysis is required under the National Environmental Policy Act. The BLM will focus its recommendations on BLM managed lands, but will incorporate recommendations from other federal land management agencies into the report.



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Alaska State Office 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599 http://www.ak.blm.gov



Dear Stakeholders:

The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) is preparing a report for the Secretary of the Interior to submit to Congress. The report will review certain Public Land Orders (PLOs) that withdrew millions of acres of Federal land in Alaska for study and classification purposes. The report will consider whether any of these withdrawn lands should be opened to entry under the public land laws, including mining or mineral leasing. Through this letter and other public notice, BLM is requesting comments regarding opening the withdrawn lands during a 90-day comment period ending Sept. 15, 2005.

The PLOs under review are a series of orders issued by the Secretary of the Interior in the 1970's under the authority of Section 17(d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA) and are referred to as "d-1" PLOs or withdrawals. Most of the original d-1 withdrawals closed or segregated the lands from entry under all the public land laws including mining and mineral leasing laws. One exception was PLO No. 5180 which allowed location for metalliferous minerals. The purpose of these orders was to maintain the status quo of the lands in order to complete inventories and assess resources for consideration in land management objectives. The BLM's current land use planning process serves as the means to review the d-1 withdrawals and make determinations regarding opening lands. However, schedules, time-frame requirements, and priorities for this process are a frustration for many stakeholders. In response to this concern, Congress, through the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act of Dec. 10, 2004, directed the Secretary to submit a report that determines if any lands withdrawn by the d-1 PLOs can be opened to entry.

In many instances, the lands withdrawn by the d-1 PLOs are included in other administrative or Congressional withdrawals or are selected by the State of Alaska or ANCSA Native corporations. Each additional withdrawal or selection has its own independent authority and closes or segregates the lands to certain uses based on its own terms. Many d-1 withdrawals include lands that have now been added to the National Wildlife Refuge, Park and Forest systems or other conservation system units. The federal managing agency for these units will be asked to review and submit comments.

The BLM will make recommendations for d-1 lands managed by BLM and is responsible for preparing the overall report. Preparation and submission of the report is advisory only and not an action requiring environmental analysis under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA).

Maps showing the d-1 withdrawal lands are available for review at the following BLM offices:

- Alaska State Office, Public Information Center, 222 W. 7th Ave, Anchorage, tele. 907.271.5960
- Northern Field Office, Public Information Center, 1150 University Ave, Fairbanks, tele. 907.474.2251 or 907.474.2252
- Glennallen Field Office, Mile 186.5 Glenn Highway, Glennallen, tele. 907.822.3217
- Kotzebue Field Station, 207 Third Street, Kotzebue, tele. 907. 442.3430
- Nome Field Station, Federal Building, 240 Front Street, Nome, Alaska, tele. 907.443.2177
- Juneau Mineral Information Center, 100 Savikko Road, Douglas, tele. 907.364.1554

A set of maps can be provided upon written request at the address listed below.

Send written comments and maps requests to: Bureau of Land Management Alaska State Office Attn: Section 207 Congressional Report (AK-932) 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599

Direct questions to Dave Mushovic, 907-271-3293 or Susan Lavin, 907-271-3826.

Sincerely yours,

Henri Bisson Alaska State Director

Fact Sheet

What is the action?

The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) is preparing a report for the Secretary of the Interior to submit to Congress in accordance with Section 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act of Dec. 10, 2004, Public Law 108-452. This law requires:

Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act the Secretary shall:

- Review withdrawals made pursuant to Section 17(d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA) hereafter "d-1" to determine if any portion of the withdrawn lands can be opened to entry under the public land laws
- Provide for public notice and comment
- Submit to House and Senate committees a report that makes recommendations as to lands that can be opened

What are "d-1" withdrawals?

The d-1 withdrawals are a series of Public Land Orders (PLOs) issued by the Secretary of the Interior under the authority of Section 17(d)(1) of ANCSA that withdrew and reserved Federal lands in Alaska for study and classification. These d-1 withdrawals closed or segregated the lands from entry and disposal under all the public land laws (including mining and mineral leasing laws) except for PLO No. 5180, which allowed location for metalliferous minerals. The purpose of these orders was to maintain the status quo of the lands in order to complete inventories and assess resources for consideration in land management objectives for present and future public needs. Although the Secretary of the Interior has the authority to modify or revoke these withdrawals, such action usually occurs following the completion of land use plans. It will be many years before BLM can complete land use plans on all of the d-1 lands it currently manages.

What will happen?

There are millions of acres of Federal lands withdrawn by the d-1 PLOs. The BLM will review and map the d-1 PLOs and identify the specific closures authorized by each order. The BLM will assess each BLM-managed area to determine the extent of available information regarding resource values, prior planning decisions, and land ownership patterns. Based on available data and known management objectives, BLM will make recommendations to Congress on lands that can be opened to entry, primarily for mining and mineral leasing.

Other Federal agencies also manage lands subject to d-1 withdrawals. Many of the additions to the National Wildlife Refuge System, the National Park System, and the National Forest System created by the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (ANILCA) were previously included in d-1 withdrawals. These Federal agencies will be asked to make recommendations on whether to lift or maintain the d-1 withdrawals on lands under their jurisdiction.

The report to Congress will contain recommendations as required by Section 207. This report is advisory only and does not require environmental analysis under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA).

Many d-1 lands are also included in other administrative withdrawals or Congressional withdrawals established under independent authorities other than d-1. Also many d-1 lands are segregated from appropriation under the public land laws by State of Alaska or ANCSA Native corporation selections.

Report to Congress June 2006 Sec. 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act

Overlapping withdrawals independent of d-1 PLOs and selection applications will continue to keep lands closed under their own terms regardless of any recommendation or action on the d-1 withdrawals.

How is the public involved?

The law requires the Secretary to provide an opportunity for public notice and comment. Public notice of the report is being done through direct mailing, newspaper ads, agency publications, and press releases. The BLM is providing a 90 day public comment period.

What information is displayed on the maps?

The two statewide maps display lands that are affected by the d-1 withdrawals, the location of existing federally recorded mining claims, and pending selections filed by the State of Alaska and ANCSA Native corporations. One map shows BLM-managed lands located outside of conservation system units and special areas designated by ANILCA. The other map shows d-1 lands located within conservation system units (refuges, parks, wild and scenic rivers), national conservation and recreation areas, and national forests. Please note on the legends for both statewide maps that the green and purple colors indicate the two general categories of the segregation of the land created by the d-1 withdrawals.

Both statewide maps are divided into 12 geographic areas. For each of these12 areas, there is a map that identifies individual d-1 withdrawals, conservation system units, and pending State and Native selections. For the area maps, the lands previously denoted in purple are further broken down and each d-1 withdrawal is individually identified by color. The map legend identifies the PLO number and the extent of the segregation created by the individual d-1 withdrawal.

How do I make comments?

We suggest you use the two statewide maps to locate areas of interest and importance to you to determine whether these areas are affected by d-1 withdrawals. Then review the specific area map for those locations to obtain more detailed information.

Please submit your comments and supporting rationale as to which lands withdrawn by the d-1 PLOs can be opened to entry or if the d-1 withdrawal should be maintained. To help assess the comments please include:

- Area map number(s) 1 through 12 as well as other geographic references that would help identify specific lands that concern you. *For example: Area Map 2, twelve miles due north of Chicken.*
- Reference to PLO number for the specific d-1 withdrawal
- Specific information or knowledge of the area or its resources that concerns you

Send written comments to:

Bureau of Land Management Alaska State Office Attn: Section 207 Congressional Report (AK-932) 222 W. Seventh Ave., #13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599

| | | | | ongressional Report N | /lailing List <i>06/10/05</i> | (707 total/ | 84 letters & | | | | | | |
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| 1 | GREGORY | BEISCHER | | BRISTOL ENV & ENG SERVICES CORP | 2000 W INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT RD | #C1 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99502 | AKRAC | X | | |
| | CHARLIE | BODDY | | USIBELLI COAL MINE INC | 100 CUSHMAN ST STE 210 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99701 | AKRAC | X | _ | |
| 3 L | TOM | CRAFFORD DRIVER | | ALASKA DNR MIDNIGHT SUN ADVENTURES | 9501 NETTLETON DRIVE 1306 E 26TH AVE | | ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE | AK AK | 99507 99508 | AKRAC AKRAC | X | | |
| + 5 | RANDALL | FRANK | | SOURDOUGH FUEL | PO BOX 81109 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99508 99708-1109 | AKRAC | X | | |
| 5 | TERESA | IMM | | ARCTIC SLOPE REG CORP | 3900 C ST STE 801 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503-5963 | AKRAC | X | | |
| 7 | SANDRA | KEY | | | PO BOX 790 | | COOPER LANDING | AK | 99572 | AKRAC | X | | |
| 3 | JUNE | MCATEE | | CALISTA CORP | 301 CALISTA CT # A | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99518-3028 | AKRAC | X | | |
| 9 | SUZANNE | MCCARTHY | | RIVER WRANGELLERS | PO BOX 146 | | GLENNALLEN | AK | 99586 | AKRAC | Х | | |
| 0 | SUSAN | OLSEN | | AK QUIET RIGHTS COALITION | 8601 SULTANA DR | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99516 | AKRAC | Х | | |
| 1 | JIM | POSEY | | MUNICIPAL LIGHT POWER | 1200 E FIRST AVE | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | AKRAC | X | | |
| 2 | LARRY AND JUNE | | | FORTYMILE RIVERBOAT TOURS | PO BOX 101 | | EAGLE | AK | 99738 | AKRAC | Х | | |
| 3 | KEITH | TRYCK | | TRYCK CONSULTING | 3060 ADMIRALTY BAY DR | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99515 | AKRAC | X | | |
| 4 | DAVID | VAN DEN BERG | 1 | ARCTICWILD | PO BOX 80562 | 1 | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99708 | AKRAC | Х | | |
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| | STATE OF ALAS | KA | | | | | i de la companya de l | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | AK COASTAL MGMT PROGRAM | 302 GOLD ST STE 202 | | JUNEAU | AK | 99801 | STATE OF ALASKA | X | | |
| 6 | | | | AK COASTAL MGMT PROGRAM | 550 W 7TH AVE STE 1660 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | STATE OF ALASKA | Х | | |
| 7 | | | | OFC OF THE GOVERNOR | 550 W 7TH AVE STE 1700 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | STATE OF ALASKA | X | | |
| 8 | 000 | | | OFC OF THE GOVERNOR | PO BOX 110001 | | JUNEAU | AK | 99811-0001 | STATE OF ALASKA | X | X | X |
| 9 0 | BOB RICHARD | LOEFFLER HUGHES | | DNR DIV OF MINING LAND & WATER AK MINERALS COMMISSION | 550 7TH AVE STE 1070 211 CUSHMAN ST | | ANCHORAGE FAIRBANKS | AK AK | 99501 99701 | STATE OF ALASKA STATE OF ALASKA | X | Х | х |
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| 3 | BOROUGHS & C | IIIE5 | | ALEUTIANS EAST BOROUGH | PO BOX 349 | | SAND POINT | AK | 99661 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | | |
| 3 4 | | | | BRISTOL BAY BOROUGH | PO BOX 349 PO BOX 189 | | NAKNEK | AK | 99633 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | | |
| 5 | | | | CITY AND BOROUGH OF JUNEAU | 155 S SEWARD ST | | JUNEAU | AK | 99801 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | | |
| 6 | | | | CITY AND BOROUGH OF SITKA | 100 LINCOLN ST | | SITKA | AK | 99835 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | | |
| 27 | SKIP | RYMAN | | CITY AND BOROUGH OF YAKUTAT | BOX 160 | | YAKUTAT | AK | 99689 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | Х | | Х |
| 8 | | | | DENALI BOROUGH | PO BOX 480 | | HEALY | AK | 99743 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | Х | | |
| 9 | | | | FAIRBANKS NORTH STAR BOROUGH | PO BOX 71267 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99707 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | Х | | |
| 0 | | | | HAINES BOROUGH | PO BOX 1049 | | HAINES | AK | 99827 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | | |
| 31 | | | | KENAI PENINSULA BOROUGH | 144 N BINKLEY ST | | SOLDOTNA | AK | 99669 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | Х | |
| 2 | | | | KETCHIKAN GATEWAY BOROUGH | 344 FRONT ST | | KETCHIKAN | AK AK | 99901 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | | |
| 13 14 | MARRE | SMITH | | KODIAK ISLAND BOROUGH LAKE PENINSULA BOROUGH | 710 MILL BAY RD PO BOX 595 | | KODIAK KING SALMON | AK | 99615 99613 | BOROUGHS/CITIES BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | x | |
| 94 85 | | GWITTI | | MUNICIPALITY OF ANCHORAGE | PO BOX 595 PO BOX 196650 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99613 99519-6650 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | ^ | |
| 16 | | | | NORTH SLOPE BOROUGH | PO BOX 69 | | BARROW | AK | 99723 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | | |
| 17 | | | | NW ARCTIC BOROUGH | PO BOX 1110 | | KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | X | | |
| 8 | | | | MATANUSKA SUSITNA BOROUGH | 350 E DAHLIA AVE | | PALMER | AK | 99645 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | Х | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | | | | CITY OF ADAK | PO BOX 2011 | | ADAK | AK | 99546 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | CITY OF AKHIOK | PO BOX 5050 | | AKHIOK | AK | 99615 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | 1 | 1 |

| | First Name | LastName | Suff | Organization | Address1 | Address2 | City | ST | Zip | GroupName | Received Maps | Requested Info or Maps | Submitted Comments | Undeliverable |
|----------|------------|---------------|------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------|----------------|----|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---|---------------|
| 41 | Thothane | Lustituite | oun. | CITY OF AKIAK | PO BOX 187 | Addresse | AKIAK | AK | 99552 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 42 | | | | CITY OF AKUTAN | PO BOX 109 | | AKUTAN | AK | 99553 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 43 | | | | CITY OF ALAKANUK | PO BOX 167 | | ALAKANUK | AK | 99554 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | í – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – | |
| 44 | | | | CITY OF ALEKNAGIK | PO BOX 33 | | ALEKNAGIK | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 45 | | | | CITY OF ALLAKAKET | PO BOX 30 | | ALLAKAKET | AK | 99720 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 46 | | | | CITY OF AMBLER | PO BOX 9 | | AMBLER | AK | 99786 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 47 | DOROTHY | HOPSON | | CITY OF ANAKTUVUK PASS | P O BOX 21030 | | ANAKTUVUK PASS | | 99721 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 48 | | | | CITY OF ANDERSON | PO BOX 3100 | | ANDERSON | AK | 99744 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | 1 |
| 49 | | | | CITY OF ANGOON | PO BOX 189 | | ANGOON | AK | 99820 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 50 | | | | CITY OF ANIAK | PO BOX 189 | | ANIAK | | 99557 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 51 | | | | CITY OF ANVIK | PO BOX 50 | | ANVIK | AK | 99558 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 52 | | | | CITY OF ATKA | PO BOX 47070 | | ATKA | AK | 99547 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | L | |
| 53 | HERMAN | KIGNAK | SR | CITY OF ATQASUK | PO BOX 91119 | | ATQASUK | AK | 99791 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | L | |
| 54 | JIM | VORDERSTRASSE | | CITY OF BARROW | PO BOX 629 | | BARROW | AK | 99723 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | L | |
| 55 | | | | CITY OF BETHEL | PO BOX 1388 | | BETHEL | AK | 99559 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢−−−∔ | <u> </u> |
| 56 | | | | CITY OF BETTLES | PO BOX 26023 | | BETTLES FIELD | AK | 99726 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢ → | |
| 57 | BRIAN | CROCKETT | | CITY OF BREVIG MISSION | PO BOX 85021 | | BREVIG MISSION | AK | 99785 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢ – – | <u> </u> |
| 58 | | | | CITY OF BUCKLAND | PO BOX 49 | | BUCKLAND | | 99727 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢ | |
| 59 | | | | CITY OF CHEFORNAK | PO BOX 29 | | CHEFORNAK | AK | 99561 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢ → | |
| 60 | | - | | CITY OF CHEVAK | PO BOX 136 | | CHEVAK | AK | 99563 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢ → | |
| 61 | | | | CITY OF CHIGNIK | PO BOX 110 | | CHIGNIK | | 99564 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢ | |
| 62 | | | | CITY OF CHUATHBALUK | PO BOX CHU | | CHUATHBALUK | AK | 99557 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | — | |
| 63 | | | | CITY OF CLARKS POINT | P O BOX 110 | | CLARKS POINT | AK | 99569 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | — | 1 |
| 64 | | | | CITY OF COFFMAN COVE | PO BOX 18135 | | COFFMAN COVE | AK | 99918 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | |
| 65 | | | | CITY OF COLD BAY | PO BOX 10 | | COLD BAY | AK | 99571 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | |
| 66 67 | | | | CITY OF CORDOVA | PO BOX 1210 PO BOX 725 | | CORDOVA | AK | 99574 99921 | BOROUGHS/CITIES BOROUGHS/CITIES | | х | — | |
| 68 | RONALD | мото | SR | CITY OF DEERING | PO BOX 725 PO BOX 36049 | | DEERING | AK | 99921 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | ^ | | |
| 69 | DAVID | ZIMMERMAN | 5K | CITY OF DEEKING | PO BOX 38049 PO BOX 229 | | DELTA JUNCTION | | 99737 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | Х | — | |
| 70 | DAVID | | | CITY OF DILLINGHAM | P O BOX 229 | | DILLINGHAM | | 99576 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | ^ | — | |
| 71 | | | | CITY OF DIOMEDE | PO BOX 7039 | | LITTLE DIOMEDE | AK | 99762 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 72 | | | | CITY OF EAGLE | PO BOX 1901 | | EAGLE | AK | 99738 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 73 | | | | CITY OF EEK | PO BOX 09 | | EEK | AK | 99578 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 74 | | | | CITY OF EGEGIK | PO BOX 189 | | EGEGIK | AK | 99579 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 75 | | | | CITY OF EKWOK | P O BOX 49 | | EKWOK | AK | 99580 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 76 | PAUL | NAGARUK | | CITY OF ELIM | PO BOX 39009 | | ELIM | AK | 99739 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 77 | | | | CITY OF EMMONAK | PO BOX 9 | | EMMONAK | AK | 99581 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 78 | | | | CITY OF FAIRBANKS | 800 CUSHMAN ST | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99701 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | í – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – | |
| 79 | | | | CITY OF FALSE PASS | PO BOX 50 | | FALSE PASS | AK | 99583 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 80 | | | | CITY OF FORT YUKON | PO BOX 269 | | FORT YUKON | | 99740 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | 1 |
| 81 | | | | CITY OF GALENA | PO BOX 149 | | GALENA | | 99741 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | 1 |
| 82 | | | | CITY OF GAMBELL | PO BOX 189 | | GAMBELL | AK | 99742 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 83 | | | | CITY OF GOLOVIN | PO BOX 62059 | | GOLOVIN | AK | 99762 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 84 | | | | CITY OF GOODNEWS BAY | P O BOX 139 | | GOODNEWS BAY | AK | 99589 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 85 | | | | CITY OF GRAYLING | PO BOX 89 | | GRAYLING | | 99590 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 86 | | | | CITY OF HOLY CROSS | PO BOX 203 | | HOLY CROSS | AK | 99602 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 87 | | | | CITY OF HOMER | 491 E PIONEER AVE | | HOMER | AK | 99603 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 88 | | | | CITY OF HOONAH | PO BOX 360 | | HOONAH | AK | 99829 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 89 | | | | CITY OF HOOPER BAY | PO BOX 29 | | HOOPER BAY | AK | 99604 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 90 | | | | CITY OF HOUSTON | PO BOX 940027 | | HOUSTON | AK | 99694 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 91 | | | _ | CITY OF HUGHES | PO BOX 45010 | | HUGHES | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢ – – | |
| 92 | | | _ | CITY OF HUSLIA | PO BOX 10 | | HUSLIA | AK | 99746 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢−−−∔ | |
| 93 | | | | CITY OF HYDABURG | PO BOX 49 | | HYDABURG | AK | 99922 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢−−−∔ | <u> </u> |
| 94 | | | _ | CITY OF KACHEMAK | PO BOX 958 | | HOMER | AK | 99603 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ⊢−−−∔ | <u> </u> |
| 95 | | | | CITY OF KAKE | PO BOX 500 | | KAKE | AK | 99830 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | 1 | · |

| | First Name | LastName | Suff | Organization | Address1 | Address2 | City | ST | Zip | GroupName | Received Maps | Requested Info or Maps | Submitted Comments | Undeliverable |
|------------|------------|----------|-------|--|--------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|----------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| 96 | LON | SONSALLA | - Cum | CITY OF KAKTOVIK | PO BOX 27 | 710010002 | KAKTOVIK | | 99747 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | _ | | | |
| 97 | | | | CITY OF KALTAG | PO BOX 9 | | KALTAG | AK | 99748 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 98 | | | | CITY OF KASAAN | PO BOX KXA | | KASAAN | AK | 99950 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 99 | | | | CITY OF KENAI | 210 FIDALGO AVE STE 200 | | KENAI | AK | 99611 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 100 | | | | CITY OF KETCHIKAN | 334 FRONT ST | | KETCHIKAN | AK | 99901 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 101 | | | | CITY OF KIANA | PO BOX 150 | | KIANA | AK | 99749 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 102 | | | | CITY OF KING COVE | PO BOX 37 | | KING COVE | AK | 99612 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 103 | | | | CITY OF KIVALINA | PO BOX 50079 | | KIVALINA | AK | 99750 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 104 | | | | CITY OF KLAWOCK | PO BOX 469 | | KLAWOCK | AK | 99925 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 105 | | | | CITY OF KOBUK | PO BOX 20 | | KOBUK | AK | 99751 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 106 | | | | CITY OF KODIAK | 710 MILLBAY RD RM 220 | | KODIAK | AK | 99615 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 107 | | | | CITY OF KOTLIK | PO BOX 20268 | | KOTLIK | AK | 99620 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | 1 |
| 108 | | | | CITY OF KOTZEBUE | PO BOX 46 | | KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 109 | | | | CITY OF KOYUK | PO BOX 53029 | | KOYUK | AK | 99753 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 110 | | | | CITY OF KOYUKUK | PO BOX 49 | | KOYUKUK | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 111 | | | | CITY OF KUPREANOF | PO BOX 50 | | PETERSBURG | AK | 99833 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 112 | | | | CITY OF LARSEN BAY | PO BOX 8 | | LARSEN BAY | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 113 | | | | CITY OF LOWER KALSKAG | PO BOX 69 | | LOWER KALSKAG | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 114 | | | | CITY OF MANOKOTAK | PO BOX 170 | | MANOKOTAK | AK | 99628-0170 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 115 | | | | CITY OF MARSHALL | PO BOS 9 | | MARSHALL | AK | 99585 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 116 | | | | CITY OF MCGRATH | PO BOX 30 | | MCGRATH | AK | 99627 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | l |
| 117 | | | | CITY OF MEKORYUK | PO BOX 29 | | MEKORYUK | AK | 99630 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | L | |
| 118 | | | | CITY OF MOUNTAIN VILLAGE | PO BOX 32085 | | MOUNTAIN VILLAGE | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | L | L |
| 119 | | | | CITY OF NAPAKIAK | PO BOX 34009 | | NAPAKIAK | AK | 99634 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | L | L |
| 120 | | | | CITY OF NAPASKIAK | PO BOX 6109 | | NAPASKIAK | AK | 99559 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | L |
| 121 | | | | CITY OF NENANA | PO BOX 70 | | NENANA | | 99760 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | L |
| 122 | | | | CITY OF NEW STUYAHOK | PO BOX 10 | | NEW STUYAHOK | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ļ' | <u> </u> |
| 123 | | | | CITY OF NEWHALEN | PO BOX 165 | | NEWHALEN | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | |
| 124 | | | | CITY OF NIGHTMUTE | PO BOX 90010 | | NIGHTMUTE | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | |
| 125 | | | | CITY OF NIKOLAI | PO BOX 9145 | | NIKOLAI | AK | 99691 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | |
| 126 | | | | CITY OF NOME | PO BOX 281 | | NOME | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | |
| 127 | | | | CITY OF NONDALTON | PO BOX 089 | | NONDALTON | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 128 | | | | CITY OF NOORVIK | PO BOX 146 | | NOORVIK | | 99763 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ───′ | — |
| 129 | | | | CITY OF NORTH POLE | 125 SNOWMAN LANE | | NORTH POLE | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | ⊢ |
| 130 | | | | CITY OF NUIQSUT | PO BOX 148 | | NUIQSUT | AK | 99789 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 131 | | | | CITY OF NULATO | PO BOX 65009 | | NULATO | AK | 99765 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | ├ ──┤ | <u> </u> |
| 132 133 | | | | CITY OF NUNAM IQUA | PO BOX 26 PO BOX 190 | | NUNAM IQUA NUNAPITCHUK | AK AK | 99666 99641 | BOROUGHS/CITIES BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | <u> </u> | + |
| 133 | | | | | PO BOX 190 | | OLD HARBOR | AK | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| 134 | + | | | CITY OF OLD HARBOR CITY OF OUZINKIE | PO BOX 109 PO BOX 109 | | OUZINKIE | AK | 99643 99644 | BOROUGHS/CITIES BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | \vdash |
| 136 | том | HEALY | | CITY OF PALMER | 231 W EVERGREEN AVE | | PALMER | AK | 99645 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | <u> </u> |
| 137 | | HEALT | | CITY OF PELICAN | BOX 737 | | PELICAN | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | <u> </u> |
| 138 | | | | CITY OF PETERSBURG | PO BOX 329 | | PETERSBURG | AK | 99833 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | t | <u> </u> |
| 139 | | | | CITY OF PILOT POINT | PO BOX 430 | | PILOT POINT | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 140 | | | | CITY OF PILOT STATION | PO BOX 430 | | PILOT STATION | | 99650 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 141 | - | | | CITY OF PLATINUM | PO BOX 3040 | | PLATINUM | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | - |
| 142 | DAROLD | FRANKSON | | CITY OF POINT HOPE | PO BOX 169 | | POINT HOPE | AK | 99766 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | 1 | | |
| 143 | | | | CITY OF PORT ALEXANDER | PO BOX 8068 | | PORTALEXANDER | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | х | | |
| 143 | 1 | - | | CITY OF PORT HEIDEN | PO BOX 49050 | | PORT HEIDEN | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 145 | 1 | | | CITY OF PORT LIONS | PO BOX 43030 | | PORTLIONS | | 99550 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | \square |
| 146 | 1 | - | | CITY OF QUINHAGAK | PO BOX 90 | | QUINHAGAK | AK | 99655 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 147 | | | | CITY OF RUBY | PO BOX 90 | | RUBY | AK | 99768 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 148 | 1 | | | CITY OF RUSSIAN MISSION | PO BOX 49 | | RUSSIAN MISSION | AK | 99657 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 149 | | | | CITY OF SAINT GEORGE | PO BOX 929 | | SAINT GEORGE | AK | 99591 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 150 | | | | CITY OF SAINT MARYS | PO BOX 209 | | SAINT MARYS | | 99658 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |

| | First Name | LastName | Suff | Organization | Address1 | Address2 | City | ST | Zip | GroupName | Received Maps | Requested Info or Maps | Submitted Comments | Undeliverable |
|------------|-----------------|--------------|------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 151 | Thothanic | Lustitume | oun. | CITY OF SAINT MICHAEL | PO BOX 59070 | Addresse | SAINT MICHAEL | | 99659 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | 0,0 | |
| 152 | | | | CITY OF SAINT PAUL | PO BOX 901 | | SAINT PAUL ISLAND | | 99660 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 153 | | | | CITY OF SAND POINT | PO BOX 249 | | SAND POINT | | 99661 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 154 | | | | CITY OF SAVOONGA | PO BOX 40 | | SAVOONGA | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 155 | | | | CITY OF SAXMAN | RT 2 BOX 1 SAXMAN | | KETCHIKAN | AK | 99901 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 156 | | | | CITY OF SCAMMON BAY | PO BOX 90 | | SCAMMON BAY | AK | 99662 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 157 | | | | CITY OF SELAWIK | PO BOX 99 | | SELAWIK | AK | 99770 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 158 | | | | CITY OF SELDOVIA | DRAWER B | | SELDOVIA | AK | 99663 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 159 | | | | CITY OF SEWARD | PO BOX 167 | | SEWARD | AK | 99664 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | 1 |
| 160 | | | | CITY OF SHAGELUK | PO BOX 110 | | SHAGELUK | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 161 | | | | CITY OF SHAKTOOLIK | PO BOX 10 | | SHAKTOOLIK | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | L |
| 162 | | | | CITY OF SHISHMAREF | PO BOX 72083 | | SHISHMAREF | | 99772 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 163 | | | | CITY OF SHUNGNAK | PO BOX 59 | | SHUNGNAK | | 99773 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 164 | | | | CITY OF SKAGWAY | PO BOX 415 | | SKAGWAY | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | L |
| 165 | | | | CITY OF SOLDOTNA | 177 N BIRCH ST | | SOLDOTNA | | 99671 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | L |
| 166 | | | | CITY OF STEBBINS | PO BOX 22 | | STEBBINS | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | L |
| 167 | | | | CITY OF TANANA | PO BOX 77249 | | TANANA | | 99777 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | <u> </u> |
| 168 | | | | CITY OF TELLER | PO BOX 548 | | TELLER | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | <u> </u> |
| 169 | | | | CITY OF TENAKEE SPRINGS | PO BOX 52 | | TENAKEE SPRINGS | | 99778 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 170 | | | | CITY OF THORNE BAY | PO BOX 19110 | | THORNE BAY | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 171 | | | | CITY OF TOGIAK | PO BOX 190 | | TOGIAK | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | <u> </u> |
| 172 173 | | | | CITY OF TOOKSOK BAY CITY OF UNALAKLEET | PO BOX 37008 PO BOX 28 | | TOOKSOK BAY UNALAKLEET | | 99637 99684 | BOROUGHS/CITIES BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | <u> </u> |
| 173 | | | | CITY OF UNALAKLEET | PO BOX 28 PO BOX 610 | | UNALASKA | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | <u> </u> |
| 174 | | | | CITY OF UPPER KALSKAG | PO BOX 810 | | UPPER KALSKAG | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | <u> </u> |
| 176 | | | | CITY OF VALDEZ | PO BOX 80 | | VALDEZ | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | \vdash |
| 177 | | | | CITY OF WAINWRIGHT | PO BOX 9 | | WAINWRIGHT | | 99782 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | <u> </u> |
| 178 | | | | CITY OF WALES | PO BOX 489 | | WALES | | 99783 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 179 | | | | CITY OF WASILLA | 290 E HERNING AVE | | WASILLA | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 180 | | | | CITY OF WHITE MOUNTAIN | PO BOX 130 | | WHITE MOUNTAIN | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 181 | | | | CITY OF WHITTIER | PO BOX 608 | | WHITTIER | AK | | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 182 | | | | CITY OF WRANGELL | PO BOX 531 | | WRANGELL | | 99929 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| 183 | | | | METLAKATLA INDIAN COMMUNITY | PO BOX 8 | | METLAKATLA | | 99926 | BOROUGHS/CITIES | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | NATIVE ORGANIZ | ATIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 184 | | | | AHTNA INC | PO BOX 649 | | GLENNALLEN | AK | 99588-0649 | ANCSA REGCORPS | Х | | Х | |
| 185 | | | | ARCTIC SLOPE REGIONAL CORP | PO BOX 129 | 1230 AGVIK ST | BARROW | AK | 99723-0129 | ANCSA REGCORPS | Х | | | |
| 186 | | | | BERING STRAITS NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 1008 | | NOME | AK | 99762-1008 | ANCSA REGCORPS | Х | | | |
| 187 | | | | BRISTOL BAY NATIVE CORP | 800 CORDOVA ST STE 200 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501-6299 | ANCSA REGCORPS | Х | | | |
| 188 | ATTN LAND DEPT | | | CALISTA CORP | 301 CALISTA COURT STE A | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99518-3028 | ANCSA REGCORPS | Х | | | |
| 189 | ATTN LAND DEPT | | | COOK INLET REGION INC | PO BOX 93330 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | | ANCSA REGCORPS | Х | | | |
| 190 | ATTN LANDS AND | NAT RES DEPT | | DOYON LTD | 1 DOYON PL STE 300 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99701-2941 | ANCSA REGCORPS | Х | | | |
| 191 | | | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | PO BOX 49 | | KOTZEBUE | AK | | ANCSA REGCORPS | X | | | |
| 192 | ATTN JEFF NELSO | N | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | 1001 E BENSON BLVD | | ANCHORAGE | AK | | ANCSA REGCORPS | X | | | |
| 193 | | | | SEALASKA CORP | ONE SEALASKA PLAZA STE 400 | | JUNEAU | AK | | ANCSA REGCORPS | X | | | |
| 194 | | | | ALEUT CORP | ONE ALEUT PLAZA | 4000 OLD SEWARD HWY #300 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503-6079 | ANCSA REGCORPS | X | | | - |
| 195 | | | | KONIAG INC | ANGLO ENERGY BLDG | 4300 B ST STE 407 | ANCHORAGE | AK | | ANCSA REGCORPS | X | | | \vdash |
| 196 | | 1 | | CHUGACH ALASKA CORP | 560 E 34TH AVE STE 300 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSA REGCORPS | Х | | | |
| 197 | | + | | AFOGNAK NATIVE CORP | 215 MISSION RD STE 212 | | KODIAK | AK | 99615 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | + |
| 197 | | | | AHTNA INC | CHEESHA NA INC | PO BOX 649 | GLENNALLEN | AK | 99588-0649 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | 1 | | \vdash |
| 198 | | | | AHTNAINC | GAKONA CORP | PO BOX 649 PO BOX 649 | GLENNALLEN | AK | | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | 1 | | \vdash |
| | | 1 | | | KLUTI KAAH CORP | PO BOX 649 PO BOX 649 | GLENNALLEN | | 99588-0649 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | l | <u> </u> |

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|------------|------------|----------|-------|---|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------|----------------|--|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| 201 | | | | AHTNA INC | CANTWELL YEDATENENA CORP | PO BOX 649 | GLENNALLEN | AK | 99588-0649 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 202 | | | | AHTNA INC | MENTASTA INC | PO BOX 649 | GLENNALLEN | AK | 99588-0649 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 203 | | | | AHTNA INC | TAZLINA INC | PO BOX 649 | GLENNALLEN | AK | 99588-0649 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 204 | | | | AHTNA INC | STA KEH CORP | PO BOX 649 | GLENNALLEN | AK | 99588-0649 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 205 | | | | AKHIOK-KAGUYAK INC | 1400 W BENSON BLVD STE 350 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | Х |
| 206 | | | | AKIACHAK LTD | PO BOX 51010 | | AKIACHAK | AK | 99551 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 207 | | | | AKUTAN CORP | PO BOX 8 | | AKUTAN | AK | 99553 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 208 | | | | ALAKANUK NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 89 | | ALAKANUK | AK | 99554 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 209 | | | | ALASKA PENINSULA CORP | MESHIK INC | 800 CORDOVA ST STE 103 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 210 | | | | ALASKA PENINSULA CORP | KOKHANOK NATIVE CORP | 800 CORDOVA ST STE 103 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 211 | | | | ALASKA PENINSULA CORP | NEWHALEN NATIVE CORP | 800 CORDOVA ST STE 103 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 212 | | | | ALASKA PENINSULA CORP | UGASHIK NATIVE CORP | 800 CORDOVA ST STE 103 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 213 | | | | ALASKA PENINSULA CORP | QINUYANG LTD | 800 CORDOVA ST STE 103 | ANCHORAGE | AK | | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | _ | | |
| 214 | | | | ALEKNAGIK NATIVES LTD | PO BOX 1630 | | DILLINGHAM | AK | 99576 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 215 | | | | ALEXANDER CREEK INC | 8126 WISTERIA | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99502 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 216 | | | | ANTON LARSEN INC | PO BOX 1366 | | KODIAK | AK | 99615 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 217 | | | | ARVIQ INC | PO BOX 9 | | PLATINUM | AK | 99651 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 218 | | | | ASKINUK CORP | PO BOX 89 | | SCAMMON BAY | AK | 99662 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 219 | MOSES A. | PAVILA | SR | ATMAUTLUAK LTD (Traditional council) | PO BOX 6568 | | ATMAUTLUAK | AK | 99559 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | Х | |
| 220 | JIMMY | NAYUKOK | | ATQASUK CORP | PO BOX 91021 | | ATQASUK | AK | 99791 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 221 | | | | ATXAM CORP | PO BOX 47001 | | ATKA | AK | 99547 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 222 | | | | AYAKULIK INC | PO BOX 8801 | | KODIAK | AK | 99615 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 223 224 | | | | AZACHOROK INC BAAN O YEEL KON CORP | PO BOX 32213 PO BOX 74558 | | MOUNTAIN VILLAGE | AK AK | 99632 99707 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 224 | | | | BAY VIEW INC | 4651 CASCADE CIR | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99707 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 225 | | | | BAY VIEW INC | PO BOX 233407 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99523-3407 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 227 | DIXIE | DAYO | | BEAN RIDGE CORP | PO BOX 862062 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99708 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | Х |
| 228 | DIAL | DATO | | BEAVER KWITCHIN CORP | PO BOX 24090 | | BEAVER | AK | 99724 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | ~ |
| 229 | | | | BECHAROF CORP | 1225 E INTL AIRPORT RD STE 135 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 230 | | | | BELKOFSKI CORP | PO BOX 46 | | KING COVE | AK | 99612 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 230 | | | | BELLS FLATS NATIVES GROUP INC | PO BOX 54 | | SOLDOTNA | AK | 99669 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | x |
| 232 | | | | BETHEL NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 719 | | BETHEL | AK | 99559 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | ~ |
| 233 | | | | BREVIG MISSION NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 85024 | | BREVIG MISSION | AK | 99785 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 234 | | | | CAPE FOX CORP | PO BOX 8558 | | KETCHIKAN | AK | 99901 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 235 | | | | CASWELL NATIVE CORP | HC 89 BOX 83 | | WILLOW | AK | 99688 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 236 | | | | CHALKYITSIK NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 53 | | CHALKYITSIK | AK | 99788 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 237 | | | | CHALUKA CORP | 8630 ANGE ST | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99515 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 238 | | | | CHEFARNRMUTE INC | PO BOX 70 | | CHEFORNAK | AK | 99561 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 239 | | | | CHENEGA CORP | PO BOX 60 | | CHENEGA BAY | AK | 99674 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 240 | | | | CHEVAK CORP | PO BOX 179 | | CHEVAK | AK | 99563 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 241 | | | | CHICKALOON-MOOSE CREEK NATIVE ASSOC INC | PO BOX 1105 | | CHICKALOON | AK | 99674 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 242 | | | | CHIGNIK LAGOON NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 169 | | CHIGNIK LAGOON | AK | 99565 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 243 | | | | CHIGNIK RIVER LTD | PO BOX 33 | | CHIGNIK LAKE | AK | 99548 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 244 | | | | CHINURUK INC | NGTA INC | PO BOX NME | NIHGTMUTE | AK | 99690 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 245 | | | | CHINURUK INC | UMKUMUITE LTD | PO BOX NME | NIGHTMUTE | AK | 99690 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 246 | | | | CHITNA NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 3 | | CHITNA | AK | 99566 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 247 | | | | CHOGGIUNG LTD | OHGSENAKALE CORP | PO BOX 330 | DILLINGHAM | AK | 99576 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 248 | | | | CHOGGIUNG LTD | EKUK NATIVES LTD | PO BOX 330 | DILLINGHAM | AK | 99576 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 249 | | | | CHOGGIUNG LTD | PO BOX 330 | | DILLINGHAM | AK | 99576 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 250 | | | | CHULOONAWICK CORP | 2635 DRAPER DR | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99517 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 251 | | | | COUNCIL NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 1183 | | NOME | AK | 99762 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 252 | | | | CULLY CORP | GENERAL DELIVERY | | POINT LAY | AK | 99790 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 253 | | | | DANZHIT HANLAII CORP | PO BOX 16 | | CIRCLE | AK | 99733 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |

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| 254 | | - | | DELOY GES INC | PO BOX 150 | | ANVIK | AK | | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | <u> </u> |
| 255 | DONIALD | LIONEA | 0.0 | DELOYCHEET INC | PO BOX 206 | | HOLY CROSS | AK | 99602 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | <u> </u> |
| 256 | DONALD | HONEA | SR | DINEEGA CORP | PO BOX 28 | | RUBY | AK | 99768 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | <u> </u> |
| 257 258 | | | | DINYEA CORP DOT LAKE NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 71372 PO BOX 275 | | FAIRBANKS DOT LAKE | AK | 99707 99737 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | <u> </u> |
| 258 | - | | | EKLUTNA INC | 16515 CENTERFIELD DR STE 201 | | EAGLE RIVER | AK | 99737 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 259 | - | | | EKWOK NATIVES LTD | PO BOX 42 | | EKWOK | AK | 99580 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 260 | | | | ELIM NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 42 PO BOX 39010 | | ELIM | AK | 99739 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | <u> </u> |
| 262 | | | | EMMONAK CORP | PO BOX 39010 PO BOX 49 | | EMMONAK | AK | 99581-0049 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | <u> </u> |
| 263 | | | | ENGLISH BAY CORP | 1637 STANTON AVE | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 264 | | | | ENGLISH BAY CORP | PO BOX 8058 | | NANWALEK | AK | 99603-6658 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 265 | | | | EVANSVILLE INC | 122 1ST AVE STE 600 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99701 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 266 | | | | EYAK CORP | PO BOX 340 | | CORDOVA | AK | 99574-0340 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 267 | | | | FAR WEST INC | PO BOX 124 | | HOMER | AK | 99603 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 268 | | | | GANAA YOO LTD | MINEELGHAADZA LTD | 3000 A ST STE 417 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 269 | | | | GANAA YOO LTD | KIKAGHAM LTD | 3000 A ST STE 417 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 270 | | | | GANAA YOO LTD | NOTAAGHLEEDIN LTD | 3000 A ST STE 417 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 271 | | | | GANAA YOO LTD | TAKATHLEE TADIN INC | 3000 A ST STE 417 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 272 | | | | GOLD CREEK SUSITNA NATIVE ASSOC | PO BOX 847 | C/O HAROLD LARSON | TALKEETNA | AK | 99676 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 273 | | | | GOLDBELT INC | 9097 GLACIER HWY STE 200 | | JUNEAU | AK | 99801 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 274 | | | | GOLOVIN NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 62099 | | GOLOVIN | AK | 99762 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 275 | | | | GWITCHYAA ZHEE CORP | PO BOX 329 | | FORT YUKON | AK | 99740 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 276 | | | | HAIDA CORP | PO BOX 89 | | HYDABURG | AK | 99922 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 277 | | | | HEEYEALINDGE CORPORATION | BOX 9 | | GRAYLING | AK | 99590 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 278 | | | | HUNA TOTEM CORP | 9301 GLACIER HWY | | JUNEAU | AK | 99801 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 279 | | | | HUNGWITCHIN CORP | PO BOX 81927 | APT 208 | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99708 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 280 | | | | IGIUGIG NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 4009 | | IGIUGIG | AK | 99613-4009 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 281 | | | | INALIK NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 7040 | | LITTLE DIOMEDE | AK | 99762 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 282 | | | | IQFIJOUAQ CORP | PO BOX 49 | | EEK | AK | 99578 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | <u> </u> |
| 283 | | | | ISANOTSKI CORP | 101 ISANOTSKI DR | | FALSE PASS | AK | 99583 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 284 | | | | KAKE TRIBAL CORP | 3017 CLINTON DR STE 100 | | JUNEAU | AK | 99801 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | X |
| 285 | | | | KAKTOVIK INUPIAT CORP | PO BOX 73 | | KAKTOVIK | AK | 99747 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | <u> </u> |
| 286 | | | | KASIGLUK INCORPORATED | PO BOX 39 | | KASIGLUK | AK | 99609 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 287 | | | | KAVILCO INC | PO BOX KXA | | KETCHIKAN KENAI | AK | 99901 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | X |
| 288 289 | | | | KENAI NATIVES ASSOC KIAN TREE CORP | 215 FIDALGO ST STE 203 CANYON VILLAGE | PO BOX 111 | FORT YUKON | AK AK | 99611 99740 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | ^ |
| 209 | | | | KIJIK CORP | 4155 TUDOR CENTER DR STE 104 | FO BOX III | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99508 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 291 | | | | KIKITAGRUK INUPIAT CORP | PO BOX 1050 | | KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 292 | | | | KING COVE CORP | PO BOX 1030 | | KING COVE | AK | 99612 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | <u> </u> |
| 293 | - | | | KING ISLAND NATIVE CORP | BOX 992 | | NOME | AK | 99762 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 294 | 1 | | | KLAWOCK HEENYA CORP | PO BOX 129 | 1 | KLAWOCK | AK | 99925 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 295 | | | | KLUKWAN FOREST PRODUCTS INC | PO BOX 34659 | 1 | JUNEAU | AK | 99803 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | X |
| 296 | 1 | | | KLUKWAN INC | PO BOX 32077 | 1 | JUNEAU | AK | 99803-2077 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | X |
| 297 | КІМ | MORRIS | | KNIKATNU INC | PO BOX 872130 | | WASILLA | AK | 99687-2130 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | х | |
| 298 | | | | KOKARMUIT CORP | PO BOX 195 | | AKIAK | AK | 99552 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 299 | | | | KOLIGANEK NATIVES LTD | PO BOX 5023 | | KOLIGANEK | AK | 99576 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 300 | | | | KONGNIGKILNOMIUT YUITA CORP | PO BOX 20037 | | KOTLIK | AK | 99620 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 301 | | | | KONIAG INC | KARLUK NATIVE CORP | ANGLO ENERGY BLDG 4300 B ST S | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 302 | | | | KONIAG INC | NU NACHK PIT INC | ANGLO ENERGY BLDG 4300 B ST S | | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 303 | | | | KOOTZNOOWOO INC | 8585 OLD DAIRY RD STE 201 | | JUNEAU | AK | 99801 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 304 | | | | KOTLIK YUPIK CORP | PO BOX 20207 | | KOTLIK | AK | 99620-0207 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 305 | | | | KOYITLOTSINA LTD | AALA KAA KA INC | 1603 COLLEGE RD | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99709-4175 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |
| 306 | 1 | | | KOYITLOTSINA LTD | ALATNA ENDEAVORS INC | 1603 COLLEGE RD | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99709-4175 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | |

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| 307 | | | | KOYITLOTSINA LTD | HADOHDLEEKAGA INC | 1603 COLLEGE RD | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99709-4175 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | _ |
| 308 | | | | KOYITLOTSINA LTD | BIN GOOGA INC | 1603 COLLEGE RD | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99709 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 309 | | | | KOYUK NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 50 | | KOYUK | AK | 99753 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 310 | | | | KUGKAKTLIK LTD | PO BOX 36 | | KIPNUK | AK | 99614 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 311 | | | | KUITSARAK INC | PO BOX 10 | | GOODNEWS BAY | AK | 99589 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 312 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | GEORGETOWN INC | 4300 B ST STE 207 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | _ |
| 313 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | KIPCHAUGHPUK LTD | 4300 B ST STE 207 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 314 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | LOWER KALSKAG INC | 4300 B ST STE 207 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 315 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | NAPAIMUTE LTD | 4300 B ST STE 207 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503-5951 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 316 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | PO BOX 227 | | ANIAK | AK | 99557 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 317 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | 4300 B ST STE 207 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 318 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | RED DEVIL INC | 4300 B ST STE 207 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503-5951 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 319 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | UPPER KALSKAG INC | 4300 B ST STE 207 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 320 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | SLEETMUTE LTD | 4300 B ST STE 207 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503-5951 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 321 | | | | KUSKOKWIM CORP | STONY RIVER VILLAGE | 4300 B ST STE 207 | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 322 | JOE | NUKAPIGAK | | KUUKPIK CORP | PO BOX 187 | | NUIQSUT | AK | 99789-0187 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 323 | | | | KWETHLUK INC | PO BOX 109 | | KWETHLUK | AK | 99621 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 324 | | | | KWIK INC | PO BOX 50 | | KWIGILLINGOK | AK | 99622 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 325 | | | | LEISNOI INC | 711 H ST | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | Х |
| 326 | | | | LEVELOCK NATIVES LTD | PO BOX 109 | | LEVELOCK | AK | 99625 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 327 | | | | LIME VILLAGE CO | PO BOX 92813 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99509 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | Х |
| 328 | | | | LITNIK INC | PO BOX 1962 | | KODIAK | AK | 99615 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 329 | | | | MANOKOTAK NATIVES LTD | PO BOX 65 | | MANOKOTAK | AK | 99628 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 330 | | | | MARYS IGLOO NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 590 | | TELLER | AK | 99778 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 331 | | | | MASERCULIQ INC | PO BOX 90 | | MARSHALL | AK | 99585 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 332 | | | | MENDAS CHAAG NATIVE CORP | 457 CINDY DR | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99701 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 333 | | | | MINCHUMINA NATIVES INC | GENERAL DELIVERY | | LAKE MINCHUMINA | AK | 99575 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | Х |
| 334 | | | | MONTANA CREEK NATIVE ASSOC | HC 89 BOX 520 | | WILLOW | AK | 99688 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 335 | | | | MTNT LIMITED | SESEUI INC | PO BOX 309 | MCGRATH | AK | 99627 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 336 | | | | MTNT LIMITED | CHAMAI INC | PO BOX 309 | MCGRATH | AK | 99627 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 337 | | | | MTNT LIMITED | DONLEE CORP | PO BOX 309 | MCGRATH | AK | 99627 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 338 | | | | MTNT LIMITED | GOLD CREEK | PO BOX 309 | MCGRATH | AK | 99627 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | x |
| 339 | | | | NAGAMUT LTD | PO BOX 2105 | | BETHEL | AK | 99559 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | X |
| 340 | | | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | DEERING IPNATCHIAK INC | PO BOX 49 | KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 341 | | | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | KATYAAK CORP | PO BOX 49 | KOTZEBUE | AK AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | - | + | — |
| 342 343 | + | | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | KIVALINA SINAUKMEUT CORP | PO BOX 49 PO BOX 49 | KOTZBUE KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | + | _ |
| 343 | | | | | | PO BOX 49 PO BOX 49 | KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 344 | | | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | | PO BOX 49 PO BOX 49 | | AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 345 | | | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | NUNACIAK CORP PUTOO CORP | PO BOX 49 PO BOX 49 | KOTZEUE | AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 340 | | | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | ISINGNAKMEUT INC | PO BOX 49 | KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 348 | | | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | AKULIUK CORP | PO BOX 49 PO BOX 49 | KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 348 | + | | | NANA REGIONAL CORP INC | IVISAAPAAGMIT CORP | PO BOX 49 PO BOX 49 | KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | - | + | - |
| 349 | + | | | NAPAKIAK CORP | PO BOX 34030 | F O BOA 49 | NAPAKIAK | AK | 99752 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | - | + | - |
| 350 | + | | | NAPASKIAK INC | PO BOX 34030 PO BOX 6069 | | NAPAKIAK | AK | 99559 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | - | \vdash | - |
| 351 | + | | | NATIVES OF KODIAK INC | 215 MISSION DR #201 | | KODIAK | AK | 99559 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | - | \vdash | - |
| 352 | + | | | NELSON LAGOON CORP | GENERAL DELIVERY | | NELSON LAGOON | AK | 99571-9999 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | - | + | - |
| 353 | + | | | NERKLIKMUTE NATIVE CORP | GENERAL DELIVERY | | ST MARYS | AK | 99658 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | - | + | - |
| 355 | + | - | | NEWTOK CORP | PO BOX 5528 | | NEWTOK | AK | 99559 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | 1 | \vdash | - |
| 356 | - | | | NIMA CORP | PO BOX 522 | | MEKORYUK | AK | 99630 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | 1 | \vdash | - |
| 357 | | | | NINICHIK NATIVES ASSN INC | 701 W 41ST AVE STE 201 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503-6604 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | 1 | \vdash | - |
| 358 | | | | NORTHWAY NATIVES INC | PO BOX 476 | | NORTHWAY | AK | 99764 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | 1 | \vdash | - |
| 359 | | - | | NUNAKAUIAK YUPIK CORP | PO BOX 37068 | | TOKSOOK BAY | | 99637 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | ++ | - |

| | First Name | LastName | Suffix | Organization | Address1 | Address2 | City | ST | Zip | GroupName | Received Maps | Requested Info or Maps | Submitted Comments | Undeliverable |
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| 360 | | | | NUNAMIUT CORP | PO BOX 21009 | | ANAKTUVIK PASS | | 99721 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 361 | | | | NUNAPIGLLURAQ CORP | PO BOX 20187 | | KOTLIK | AK | 99620 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | _ |
| 362 | | | | NUNAPITCHUK LTD | PO BOX 129 | | NUNAPITCHUK | AK | 99641 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 363 | | | | OCEANSIDE CORP | 2101 W 47TH AVE | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99517 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 364 | | | | OCEANSIDE CORP | PO BOX 84 | | PERRYVILLE | AK | 99648 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 365 | | | | OHOG INC | PO BOX 28 | | LOWER KALSKAG | AK | 99626 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | | |
| 366 | | | | OLD HARBOR NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 71 | | OLD HARBOR | AK | 99643 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 367 | | | | OLD HARBOR NATIVE CORP | 323 CAROLYN ST | | KODIAK | AK | 99615 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 368 | | | | OLGOONIK CORP INC | PO BOX 27 | | WAINWRIGHT | AK | 99782 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | | |
| 369 | | | | | PO BOX 571 | | DILLINGHAM | AK | 99576 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 370 | | | | OSCARVILLE NATIVE CORP | GENERAL DELIVERY PO BOX 149 | | OSCARVILLE | AK | 99559 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | | |
| 371 372 | | | | | 333 DENALI STE 220J | | UNALASKA | AK AK | 99685 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | | х |
| 372 | | | | OUZINKIE NATIVE CORP OUZINKIE NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 89 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 99644 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | | _X |
| 373 | - | | | PAIMUIT CORP | GENERAL DELIVERY | | OUZINKIE HOOPER BAY | AK | 99604 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 374 | | | | PAUGVIK INCORPORATED LTD | BOX 61 | | NAKNEK | AK | 99633 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 375 | DEBI | WILSONJACKO | | PEDRO BAY CORP | PO BOX 47015 | | PEDRO BAY | AK | 99647 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 377 | | WILSONSACIO | | PILOT POINT NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 47013 | | PILOT POINT | AK | 99649-0487 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 378 | | | | PILOT STATION INC | PO BOX 5059 | | PILOT STATION | AK | 99650 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 379 | - | | | PITKAS POINT NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 289 | | ST MARYS | AK | 99658 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 380 | | | | POINT POSSESSION INC | 1321 OXFORD DR | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 381 | | | | PORT GRAHAM CORP | PO BOX 5569 | | HOMER | AK | 99603-5569 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 382 | | | | QANIRTUUQ INC | PO BOX 69 | | QUINHAGAK | AK | 99655 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 383 | | | | QEMIRTALEK COAST CORP | PO BOX 5070 | | KONGIGANAK | AK | 99559 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 384 | | | | QINARMIUT CO | GENERAL DELIVERY | | TUNTUTULIAK | AK | 99680 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 385 | | | | RUSSIAN MISSION NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 48 | | RUSSIAN MISSION | AK | 99657 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | _ |
| 386 | | | | SAGUYAK INC | PO BOX 4 | | CLARKS POINT | AK | 99569 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | _ |
| 387 | | | | SALAMATOF NATIVE ASSN INC | PO BOX 2682 | | KENAI | AK | 99611-2682 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 388 | | | | SANAK CORP | PO BOX 194 | | SAND POINT | AK | 99661 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 389 | | | | SAVOONGA NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 150 | | SAVOONGA | AK | 99769 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 390 | | | | SEA LION CORP | PO BOX 87 | | HOOPER BAY | AK | 99604 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 391 | | | | SEALASKA TIMBER CORP | 400 MISSION ST | | KETCHIKAN | AK | 99901 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | Х |
| 392 | | | | SELDOVIA NATIVE ASSN INC | PO DRAWER L | | SELDOVIA | AK | 99663 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 393 | | | | SETHDEYAAH CORP | PO BOX 56 | | MINTO | AK | 99758-9999 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 394 | | | | SHAAN SEET INC | PO BOX 690 | | CRAIG | AK | 99921 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | | |
| 395 | | | | SHAKTOOLIK NATIVE CORP SHEE ATIKA INC | PO BOX 46 | | SHAKTOOLIK | AK | 99771 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | | х |
| 396 397 | | | | | 201 KATLIAN ST STE 200 | | - | AK | 99835 99772 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | _ | | _X |
| 397 | - | | | SHISHMAREF NATIVE CORP SHUMAGIN CORP | PO BOX 72151 PO BOX 189 | | SHISHMAREF SAND POINT | AK | 99772 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 399 | | | | SHUYAK INC | PO BOX 783 | | KODIAK | AK | 99615 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 400 | | | | SITNASUAK NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 733 | | NOME | AK | 99762 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 401 | | | | SIVUQUA INC | PO BOX 101 | | GAMBELL | AK | 99742 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 402 | | | | SOLOMON NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 243 | | NOME | AK | 99762 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 403 | | | | ST GEORGE TANAQ CORP | 2600 DENALI ST STE 300 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503-2746 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | - |
| 404 | | | | ST MARYS NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 149 | | ST MARYS | AK | 99658 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | х | | _ |
| 405 | | | | ST MICHAEL NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 59049 | | ST MICHAEL | AK | 99659 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 406 | | | | STEBBINS NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 70110 | | STEBBINS | AK | 99671 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 407 | | | | STUYAHOK LTD | PO BOX 50 | | NEW STUYAHOK | AK | 99636 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 408 | | | | SWAN LAKE CORP | PO BOX 31 | | SHELDON POINT | AK | 99666 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 409 | | | | TANACROSS INC | GENERAL DELIVERY | | TANACROSS | AK | 99776 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 410 | | | | TANADGUSIX CORP | BOX 88 | | ST PAUL ISLAND | AK | 99660 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 411 | | | | TANADGUSIX CORPORATION | 1500 WEST 33RD STE 220 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 412 | | | | TANALIAN INC | GENERAL DELIVERY | | PORT ALSWORTH | AK | 99653 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | _ |

| | First Name | LastName | Suff. | Organization | Address1 | Address2 | City | | Zip | GroupName | Received Maps | Requested Info or Maps | Submitted Comments | Undeliverable |
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| 413 | - | | | TANALIAN INC | 2425 MERRILL FIELD DR | | ANCHORAGE | | 99501 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | + | |
| 414 | | | - | TATITLEK CORP | PO BOX 650 | | CORDOVA | | 99574 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | _ | | | |
| 415 416 | | | | | PO BOX 590 GENERAL DELIVERY | BIRCH CREEK VILLAGE | FORT YUKON | AK AK | 99778 99740 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | _ | | | |
| 416 | | - | - | TIHTEETAII INC TIKIGAQ CORP | PO BOX 9 | BIRCH CREEK VILLAGE | POINT HOPE | AK | 99766 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | + | |
| 417 | | | - | TOGHOTTHELE CORP | PO BOX 249 | | NENANA | AK | 99760 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 419 | WILLIAM | ACTIVE | | TOGIAK NATIVES LTD | PO BOX 150 | | TOGIAK | AK | 99678 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | - | х | | |
| 420 | | 101112 | | TOZITNA LTD | PO BOX 129 | | TANANA | AK | 99777 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | ~ | | |
| 421 | | | | TULKISARMUTE INC | PO BOX 65 | | TULUKSAK | AK | 99679 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 422 | | | | TUNUNRMIUT RINIT CORP | PO BOX 89 | | TUNUNAK | AK | 99681 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 423 | | | | TWIN HILLS NATIVE CORP | PO BOX TWA | | TWIN HILLS | AK | 99576 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 424 | | | | TYONEK NATIVE CORP | 1689 C ST STE 219 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 425 | | | | UGANIK NATIVE GROUP INC | PO BOX 241963 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99524 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 426 | | | | | PO BOX 890 | | BARROW | AK | 99723 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 427 | | | | UNALAKLEET NATIVE CORP | BOX 100 | | UNALAKLEET | AK | 99684 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 428 | | | _ | UNGA CORP | PO BOX 130 | | SAND POINT | AK | 99661 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 429 | | | - | UNITED CROW BAND | PO BOX 131 | | TOK | AK | 99780 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | _ | | | Х |
| 430 | | | - | UYAK NATIVES INC | PO BOX 2731 | | KODIAK | AK | 99615 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | _ | | | |
| 431 | | | - | WALES NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 529 | | WALES | AK | 99783 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | _ | | | |
| 432 | | | - | | PO BOX 81 | | WHITE MOUNTAIN | AK | 99784 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | _ | | | |
| 433 434 | | | | YAKTAT KWAAN INC ZHO TSE INC | BOX 416 PO BOX 108 | | YAKUTAT SHAGELUK | AK AK | 99689 99665 | ANCSAVILLAGECORPS ANCSAVILLAGECORPS | | | | |
| 434 | ARTHUR | NEWMAN | - | AGDAAGUX TRIBE OF KING COVE | PO BOX 108 PO BOX 249 | | KING COVE | AK | 99612 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 436 | PHILLIP | PETER | SR | AKIACHAK NATIVE COMMUNITY | PO BOX 70 | | AKIACHAK | AK | 99551-0070 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 437 | MOSES | OWEN | 0.1 | AKIAK NATIVE COMMUNITY | PO BOX 52127 | | AKIAK | AK | 99552 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 438 | HARDING | SAM | | ALATNA VILLAGE | PO BOX 70 | | ALATNA | AK | 99720 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 439 | GUSTY | CHYTHLOOK | SR | ALEKNAGIK TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 115 | | ALEKNAGIK | AK | 99555 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 440 | RICHARD | ZACHAROF | | ALEUT COMMUNITY OF ST PAUL ISLAND | PO BOX 86 | | ST PAUL ISLAND | AK | 99660 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 441 | MOSES | PAUKAN | SR | ALGAACIQ NATIVE VILLAGE | PO BOX 48 | | ST MARYS | AK | 99658 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 442 | GILBERT | VENT | | ALLAKAKET VILLAGE | PO BOX 30 | | ALLAKAKET | AK | 99720 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 443 | ED | GAMBLE | | ANGOON COMMUNITY ASSOC | PO BOX 188 | | ANGOON | AK | 99820 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 444 | CARL | JERUE | | ANVIK VILLAGE | PO BOX 10 | | ANVIK | AK | 99558 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 445 | EVON | PETER | | ARCTIC VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 22079 | | ARCTIC VILLAGE | AK | 99722 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | | |
| 446 | JAMES | LANDLORD | _ | ASA CARSARMIUT TRIBE | PO BOX 32249 | | MOUNTAIN VILLAGE | AK | 99632 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | | |
| 447 | JAMES | BROWER | - | | PO BOX 91108 | | ATQASUK | AK | 99791 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 448 | SELINA WINSTON | JAMES | - | BEAVER VILLAGE COUNCIL BIRCH CREEK TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 24029 PO BOX KBC | | BEAVER FORT YUKON | AK AK | 99724 99701 | TRIBES/BIA REPS TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 449 | EDWARD | THOMAS | - | CENTRAL COUNCIL TLINGIT & HAIDA INDIAN TRIBES | 320 W WILLOUGHBY AVE STE 300 | | JUNEAU | AK | 99701 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | + | + | |
| 450 | PAUL | EDWIN | 1 | CHALKYITSIK VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 57 | 1 | CHALKYITSIK | AK | 99788 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | - | \vdash | - |
| 452 | LARRY | SINYON | | CHEESH-NA TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 241 | | CHISTOCHINA | AK | 99586 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | |
| 453 | PETER | TULUK | | CHEVAK NATIVE VILLAGE | PO BOX 140 | 1 | CHEVAK | AK | 99563 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 454 | | | | CHIGNIK LAGOON VILLAGE CNCL | PO BOX 09 | | CHIGNIK LAGOON | AK | 99565 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 455 | | | 1 | CHIGNIK LAKE TRADITIONAL | PO BOX 33 | | CHIGNIK LAKE | AK | 99548 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 456 | KIMBERLY | STRONG | | CHILKAT INDIAN VILLAGE KLUKWAN | PO BOX 210 | | HAINES | AK | 99827 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 457 | | | | CHILKOOT INDIAN ASSOCIATION | PO BOX 490 | | HAINES | AK | 99827 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 458 | | | | CHINIK ESKIMO COMMUNITY | PO BOX 62020 | | GOLOVIN | AK | 99762 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 459 | DIANE | KOCHENDORFER | | CHITINA TRADITIONAL INDIAN VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 31 | | CHITINA | AK | 99566 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 460 | PIUS | HOOVER | | CHULOONAWICK NATIVE VILLAGE | PO BOX 245 | | EMMONAK | AK | 99581-0245 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | - | \vdash | |
| 461 | LARRY | NATHANIEL | | CIRCLE NATIVE COMMUNITY | PO BOX 89 | | CIRCLE | AK | 99733 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | |
| 462 | | | | CRAIG COMMUNITY ASSOC IRA | PO BOX 828 | | CRAIG | AK | 99921 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | _ | + | |
| 463 | TOM | TILDEN | | CURYUNG NATIVE VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 216 | | DILLINGHAM | AK | 99576 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | ┝──┼ | _ |
| 464 465 | | | - | DOUGLAS INDIAN ASSOC IRA | PO BOX 240541 PO BOX 29 | | JUNEAU EGEGIK | AK | 99824 99579 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | - | + | _ |
| 400 | | | 1 | EGEGIK VILLAGE | FU DUA 29 | | LEGEGIK | AN | 199219 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | <u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u> | |

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| | First Name | LastName | | Organization | Address1 | Address2 | City | | Zip | GroupName | ŵΣ | άE | σŭ | 5 |
| | LUKI | AKELKOK | | EKWOK VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 70 | | EKWOK | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | l | |
| | STAN | JIMMY | | EMMONAK VILLAGE | PO BOX 126 | | EMMONAK | AK | 99581 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 468 | | | | ENGLISH BAY CORP | 1637 STANTON AVE | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| | RHODA | MUSSER | | EVANSVILLE TRIBAL COUNCIL | BOX 26087 | | BETTLES FIELD | AK | 99726 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | I | |
| | EDMOND | APASSIGNOK | | GAMBELL IRA COUNCIL | PO BOX 90 | | GAMBELL | | 99742 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | I | |
| | EILEEN | EWAN | | GULKANA VILLAGE | PO BOX 254 | | GULKANA | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| | FRED | KIRSTEATLER | | HEALY LAKE VILLAGE | PO BOX 60300 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99706-0300 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| | EUGENE | PAUL | | HOLY CROSS VILLAGE | PO BOX 89 | | HOLY CROSS | AK | 99602 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| | FRANK | WRIGHT | | HOONAH INDIAN ASSOCIATION | PO BOX 602 | | HOONAH | AK | 99829 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | | |
| | ELLA | SAM | | HUGHES VILLAGE | PO BOX 45029 | | HUGHES | AK | 99745 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| | WILLIAM | DERENDOFF | | HUSLIA VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 70 | | HUSLIA | AK | 99746 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| 477 | | | | HYDABURG COOPERATIVE ASSOC | PO BOX 349 | | HYDABURG | | 99922 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | I | |
| 478 | | | | ILIAMNA VILLAGE COUNCIL | P O BOX 286 | | ILIAMNA | AK | 99606 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | l | |
| 479 | | | | INUPIAT COMMUNITY OF THE ARCTIC SLOPE | PO BOX 934 | | BARROW | AK | 99723 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | l | |
| | OLGA | CHANGSAK | | IQURMIUT TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 9 | | RUSSIAN MISSION | AK | 99657 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | l | |
| 481 | | | | IVANOFF BAY VILLAGE CNCL | PO BOX 500 | | PERRYVILLE | AK | 99648 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | l | Х |
| 482 | | | | JOHNNIE JOHN SR SCHL | GENERAL DELIVERY | | CROOKED CREEK | AK | 99575 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | I | |
| | LUBA | ELUSKA | | KAGUYAK VILLAGE | PO BOX 5078 | | AKHIOK | AK | 99615 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| | ISAAC | AKOOTCHOOK | | KAKTOVIK VILLAGE | PO BOX 130 | | KAKTOVIK | AK | 99747 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| | JOHN | MADROS | | KALTAG TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 129 | | KALTAG | AK | 99748 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| 486 | | | | KENAITZE INDIAN TRIBE IRA | PO BOX 988 | | KENAI | AK | 99611-0988 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | l | |
| 487 | | | | KETCHIKAN INDIAN CORP IRA | 2960 TONGASS AVE | | KETCHIKAN | AK | 99901 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | | |
| | CHARLIE | CURTIS | | KIANA TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 69 | | KIANA | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 489 | | | | KING ISLAND NATIVE COMMUNITY | PO BOX 992 | | NOME | AK | 99762 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 490 | | | | KING ISLAND NATIVE CORP | BOX 992 | | NOME | AK | 99762 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 491 | | | | KING SALMON VILLAGE COUNCIL | P O BOX 68 | | KING SALMON | AK | 99613-0068 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 492 | | | | KLAWOCK COOPERATIVE ASSN IRA | PO BOX 430 | | KLAWOCK | AK | 99925-0430 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 493 | | | | KNIK TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 871565 | | WASILLA | AK | 99687-1565 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| | ROY | ANDREWS | | KOKHANOK VILLAGE | PO BOX 1007 | | KOKHANOK | | 99606 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | I | |
| 495 | TOMMY | PHILLIP | SR | KONGIGANAK TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 5069 | | KONGIGANAK | AK | 99559-5069 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | I | |
| | PERCY | LOLNITZ | | KOYUKUK NATIVE VILLAGE | PO BOX 109 | | коүикик | AK | 99754 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| 497 | | | | LARSEN BAY TRIBAL CNCL | PO BOX 35 | | LARSEN BAY | AK | 99624 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| 498 | | | | LESNOI VILLAGE | PO BOX 9009 | | KODIAK | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| 499 | | | | LEVELOCK VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 70 | | LEVELOCK | AK | 99625 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| 500 | | | | LIME VILLAGE SCHOOL | BOX LVD | | LIME VILLAGEMCGRATH | | 99627 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| | PETER | CAPTAIN | | LOUDEN TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 244 | | GALENA | AK | 99741 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| | FRANK | GUTHER | | MANLEY HOT SPRINGS VILLAGE | BOX 105 | | | AK | 99756 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| | MICHAEL | GLOKA | | MANOKOTAK VILLAGE | PO BOX 169 | | MANOKOTAK | | 99628 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | I | |
| | NORMAN | MENADELOOK | | MARYS IGLOO TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 629 | | TELLER | | 99778 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | I | |
| | MICHAEL | FLEAGLE | | MCGRATH NATIVE VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 134 | | MCGRATH | AK | 99627 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | I | |
| | LISA | WOLF | | MENTASTA LAKE TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 6019 | | MENTASTA LAKE | AK | 99780-6019 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | I | |
| | PATRICK | PATTERSON | | NAKNEK NATIVE VILLAGE | PO BOX 58026 | | NAKNEK | AK | 99633 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | I | |
| | ROGER | MALUTIN | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF AFOGNAK | 204 E REZANOF DR STE 100 | | KODIAK | AK | 99615 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | I | |
| | SPERIDON | SIMEONOFF | SR | NATIVE VILLAGE OF AKHIOK | PO BOX 5030 | | AKHIOK | AK | 99615 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | | |
| 510 | JACOB | STEPETIN | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF AKUTAN | PO BOX 89 | | AKUTAN | AK | 99553-0089 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | | |
| | TRUMAN | CLEVELAND | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF AMBLER | PO BOX 47 | | AMBLER | AK | 99786 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | I | |
| | MARK | SPIGAROFF | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF ATKA | PO BOX 47030 | | ATKA | AK | 99547 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | I | |
| | PERCY | NUSUNGINYA | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF BARROW INUPIAT TRAD GOV | PO BOX 1130 | | BARROW | AK | 99723 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | I | |
| 514 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF BELKOFSKI | PO BOX 57 | | KING COVE | | 99612 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | I | |
| | EMMANUEL | KEYES | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF BILL MOORES SLOUGH | PO BOX 20288 | | KOTLIK | AK | 99620 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | I | |
| 516 | | | | | PO BOX 85039 | | BREVIG MISSION | AK | 99785 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | | |
| | PERCY | BALLOT | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF BUCKLAND | PO BOX 67 | | BUCKLAND | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | | |
| 518 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF CANTWELL | PO BOX 94 | | CANTWELL | AK | 99729 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | - | | | |
| | LARRY | EVANOFF | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF CHENEGA | PO BOX 8079 | | CHENEGA BAY | AK | 99574-8079 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 520 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF CHIGNIK | PO BOX 50 | | CHIGNIK | AK | 99564 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | _ | | | |
| 521 | WILLIAM | NESBIT | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF CHUATHBALUK | PO BOX CHU | | CHUATHBALUK | AK | 99557-8999 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | لــــــــ | |

| | First Name | Lasthans | S# | Ormainsting | Address | Address 2 | Situ | eT | Zia | CrownNerro | Received Maps | Requested Info or Maps | Submitted Comments | Undeliverable |
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| 522 | First Name | LastName | Sum | Organization NATIVE VILLAGE OF DEERING | Address1 PO BOX 36089 | Address2 | DEERING | ST AK | 21p 99736 | GroupName TRIBES/BIA REPS | ~ | ~ ≥ | 00 | |
| 522 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF DEERING | PO BOX 36089 PO BOX 240541 | | DIOMEDE | AK | 99762 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | <u> </u> | |
| 523 | JOANNE | BECK | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF EAGLE | PO BOX 240341 | | EAGLE | AK | 99738 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| | NICK | CARTER | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF EAGLE | PO BOX 19 PO BOX 89 | | EEK | AK | 99738 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 525 526 | NICK | CARTER | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF EEK | 26339 EKLUTNA VILLAGE RD | | CHUGIAK | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 526 | ROBERT | HEYANO | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF EKUK | PO BOX 530 | | DILLINGHAM | AK | 99567-6339 99576 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 527 | RUBERT | HE TANO | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF ELIM | | | ELIM | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| | DODEDT | | | | PO BOX 39070 | | | AK | 99739 | | | х | | |
| 529 | ROBERT | HENRICHS | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF EYAK | PO BOX 1388 | | CORDOVA | | 99574 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | ^ | | |
| 530 | GILDA | SHELLIKOFF | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF FALSE PASS | PO BOX 29 | | FALSE PASS | AK | 99583 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | <u> </u> |
| 531 532 | ADLIAI | ALEXANDER | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF FORT YUKON | PO BOX 286 | | FORT YUKON | AK | 99740 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | <u> </u> |
| | DARIN | GENE | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF GAKONA | PO BOX 102 | | GAKONA | AK | 99586 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | <u> </u> |
| 533 | GLENN | FREDERICKS | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF GEORGETOWN | 1400 VIRGINIA COURT | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | <u> </u> |
| 534 | JAMES | SMITH | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF GOODNEWS BAY | PO BOX 03 | | GOODNEWS BAY | AK | 99589 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | <u> </u> |
| 535 | GEORGE | WILLIAMS | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF HAMILTON | PO BOX 20248 | | KOTLIK | AK | 99620 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | L |
| 536 | PATRICK | LAKE | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF HOOPER BAY | PO BOX 69 | | HOOPER BAY | AK | 99604 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | L |
| 537 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KANATAK IRA | 490 N MAIN ST BOX 139 | | WASILLA | AK | 99654 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | 1 |
| 538 | ALICIA | REFT | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KARLUK | PO BOX 22 | | KARLUK | AK | 99608 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | 1 |
| 539 | HOWARD | TINKER | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KASIGLUK | PO BOX 19 | | KASIGLUK | AK | 99609 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | 1 |
| 540 | CHARLIE | PAUL | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KIPNUK | PO BOX 57 | | KIPNUK | AK | 99614 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | 1 |
| 541 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KIVALINA | PO BOX 50051 | | KIVALINA | AK | 99750 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | 1 |
| 542 | KATHERINE | MCCONKEY | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KLUTI KAAH | PO BOX 68 | | COPPER CENTER | AK | 99573-0068 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | 1 |
| 543 | | KOBUK | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KOBUK | PO BOX 51039 | | KOBUK | AK | 99751 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 544 | IAN | ERLICH | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KOTZEBUE | PO BOX 296 | | KOTZEBUE | AK | 99752 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 545 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KOYUK | PO BOX 53030 | | KOYUK | AK | 99753 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 546 | MARY ANN | WILKINSON | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KWIGLLINGOK | PO BOX 49 | | KWIGILLINGOK | AK | 99622 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 547 | WASSILLIE | BAVILLA | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF KWINHAGAK | PO BOX 149 | | QUINHAGAK | AK | 99655 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 548 | BENJAMIN | FRANCIS | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF MARSHALL | PO BOX 110 | | MARSHALL | AK | 99585 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 549 | TOM | AMOS | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF MEKORYUK | PO BOX 66 | | MEKORYUK | AK | 99630 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 550 | ROY | CHARLES | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF MINTO | PO BOX 58026 | | MINTO | AK | 99758-0026 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 551 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF NANWALEK | PO BOX 8028 | | NANWALEK | AK | 99603 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 552 | MARCIE | SHERER | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF NAPAIMUTE | PO BOX 1301 | | BETHEL | AK | 99559 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 553 | CARL | MOTGIN | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF NAPAKIA | PO BOX 34069 | | NAPAKIAK | AK | 99634 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 554 | CHRIS | LARSON | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF NAPASKIAK | PO BOX 6009 | | NAPASKIAK | AK | 99559 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 555 | | Entroon | - | NATIVE VILLAGE OF NIKOLSKI IRA | PO BOX 105 | | NIKOLSKI | AK | 99638 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 556 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF NOATAK | PO BOX 89 | | NOATAK | AK | 99761 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 557 | LEONARD | LAMPLE | SR | | PO BOX 169 | | NUIQSUT | AK | 99789 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 558 | JIMMY | STEVENS | SR | | PO BOX 130 | | NUNAPITCHUK | AK | 99641 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | - | |
| 559 | JIIVIIVII | STEVENS | 01 | NATIVE VILLAGE OF OUZINKIE | PO BOX 130 | | OUZINKIE | AK | 99644 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | - | <u> </u> |
| 560 | FRANKLIN | NAPOLEON | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF POIZINKIE | PO BOX 100193 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99510 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | х |
| 561 | FRANKLIN | | | | PO BOX 100193 | | | AK | 99510 | | | | | <u> </u> |
| | | NAPOLEON | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF PAIMIUT | | | HOOPER BAY | | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | <u> </u> |
| 562 | GERALD | KOSBRUK | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF PERRYVILLE TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 89 | | PERRYVILLE | AK | 99648 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | + | <u> </u> |
| 563 | RUTH | RILEY | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF PITKAS POINT | PO BOX 127 | | ST MARYS | AK | 99658 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | + | + | <u> </u> |
| 564 | REX | TUZROYLUK | JR | | P O BOX 109 | | POINT HOPE | AK | 99766 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | + | <u> </u> | \vdash |
| 565 | WILLARD | NEAKOK | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF POINT LAY | PO BOX 101 | | POINT LAY | AK | 99759 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | 1 | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 566 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF PORT HEIDEN | PO BOX 49007 | | PORT HEIDEN | AK | 99549 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 567 | | | _ | NATIVE VILLAGE OF PORT LIONS | PO BOX 69 | | PORT LIONS | AK | 99550 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | - | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 568 | FRITZ | WAGHIYI | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF SAVOONGA | PO BOX 120 | | SAVOONGA | AK | 99769 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | 1 | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| 569 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF SELAWIK | PO BOX 59 | | SELAWIK | AK | 99770 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | <u> </u> | |
| 570 | GABRIEL | TAKAK | SR | | PO BOX 100 | | SHAKTOOLIK | AK | 99771 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 571 | EDWARD | ADAMS | SR | NATIVE VILLAGE OF SHELDON POINT | PO BOX 27 | | SHELDONS POINT | AK | 99666-0027 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | 1 | <u> </u> | |
| 572 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF SHISHMAREF | PO BOX 72110 | | SHISHMAREF | AK | 99772 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | 1 |

| | First Name | LastName | Suff. | Organization | Address1 | Address2 | City | ST | Zip | GroupName | Received Maps | Requested Info or Maps | Submitted Comments | Undeliverable |
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| 573 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF SHUNGNAK | PO BOX 64 | | SHUNGNAK | | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | _ |
| 574 | DONALD | NIELSEN | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF SOUTH NAKNEK | PO BOX 70029 | | SOUTH NAKNEK | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | _ |
| 575 | MILTON | CHEEMUK | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF ST MICHAEL | PO BOX 59050 | | SAINT MICHAEL | AK | 99659 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 576 | RANDY | MAYO FIRST CHIEF | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF STEVENS | PO BOX 74012 | | STEVENS VILLAGE | AK | 99774 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 577 | CURTIS | SOMMER | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF TANANA | PO BOX 130 | | TANANA | AK | 99777 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 578 | GARY | KOMPKOFF | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF TATITLEK | PO BOX 171 | | TATITLEK | AK | 99677 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | |
| 579 | JULIE | BATOR | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF TAZLINA | PO BOX 87 | | GLENNALLEN | AK | 99588-0087 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | |
| 580 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF TELLER | PO BOX 567 | | TELLER | AK | 99778 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | |
| 581 | DONALD | ADAMS | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF TETLIN | PO BOX TTL | | TETLIN | AK | 99779 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | <u> </u> | |
| 582 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF TYONEK IRA | PO BOX 82009 | | TYONEK | AK | 99682-0009 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | _ | <u>├</u> | |
| 583 | WILLIAM | JOHNSON | | | PO BOX 270 | | UNALAKLEET | AK | 99684 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | ├ ── ├ | |
| 584 585 | MARY | GAMBOA | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF VENETIE TRIBAL GOV. NATIVE VILLAGE OF WALES | PO BOX 81080 PO BOX 549 | | VENETIE WALES | AK AK | 99781-0080 99783 | TRIBES/BIA REPS TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | _ |
| 586 | | | | NATIVE VILLAGE OF WALES | PO BOX 549 PO BOX 84082 | | WHITE MOUNTAIN | AK | 99783 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | <u>├──</u> ┼─ | |
| 587 | | | | NELSON LAGOON TRIBAL CNCL | PO BOX 13 - NLC | | NELSON LAGOON | AK | 99784 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | - |
| 588 | мітсн | DEMIENTIEFF | | NELSON LAGOON TRIBLE CICCE | PO BOX 13 1 NEC | | NENANA | AK | 99760 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 589 | HERMAN | NELSON | SR | | PO BOX 5057 | | KOLIGANEK | AK | 99576 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 590 | DENNIS | ANDREW | 0.11 | NEW STUYAHOK VILLAGE | PO BOX 49 | | NEW STUYAHOK | AK | 99636 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 591 | GLADYS | ASKOAK | | NEWHALEN TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 207 | | NEWHALEN | AK | 99606 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 592 | MOSES | CARL | | NEWTOK TRADIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 5545 | | NEWTOK | AK | 99559 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 593 | JOSEPH | POST | | NIGHTMUTE TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 90021 | | NIGHTMUTE | AK | 99690 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | _ |
| 594 | IGNATI | PETRUSKA | | NIKOLAI VILLAGE | PO BOX 9105 | | NIKOLAI | AK | 99691 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 595 | | | | NINILCHIK TRADITIONAL CNCL | PO BOX 39070 | | NINIKCHIK | AK | 99639 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 596 | | | | NOME ESKIMO COMMUNITY | PO BOX 1090 | | NOME | AK | 99762 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 597 | JACK | HOBSON | | NONDALTON TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 49 | | NONDALTON | AK | 99640 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 598 | | | | NOORVIK NATIVE COMMUNITY | PO BOX 209 | | NOORVIK | AK | 99763 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 599 | LORRAINE | TITUS | | NORTHWAY VILLAGE | PO BOX 516 | | NORTHWAY | AK | 99764 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | |
| 600 | MICHAEL | STICKMAN | | NULATO TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 65049 | | NULATO | AK | 99765 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | |
| 601 | DAVID | TIM | | NUNAKAUYARMIUT TRIBE | PO BOX 37048 | | TOKSOOK BAY | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | <u> </u> | |
| 602 | NICHOLAS | BOOTS | | OHAGAMUIT TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 49 | | MARSHALL | AK | 99585 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | ├ ── ├ | |
| 603 | HENRY | DEACON | | ORGANIZED VILLAGE OF GRAYLING | GENERAL DELIVERY | | GRAYLING | AK | 99590 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | _ |
| 604 | RICHARD | DETERSON | | | PO BOX 316 | | KAKE KASAAN | AK AK | 99830-0316 | TRIBES/BIA REPS TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | <u>├──</u> ┼─ | |
| 605 606 | MARTIN | PETERSON ANDREW | | ORGANIZED VILLAGE OF KASAAN ORGANIZED VILLAGE OF KWETHLUK | PO BOX 26 KASAAN PO BOX 130 | | KWETHLUK | AK | 99950-0340 99621-0130 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | - |
| 607 | IMAR I IN | ANDREW | | ORGANIZED VILLAGE OF RWEITHLOR | ROUTE 2 BOX 2 - SAXMAN | | KETCHIKAN | AK | 99901 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 608 | HENRY | HUNTER | | ORUTSARARMUIT NATIVE COUNCIL | PO BOX 927 | | BETHEL | AK | 99559 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | - |
| 609 | IGNATI | JACOB | | OSCARVILLE TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 6129 | | NAPASKIAK | AK | 99559 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 610 | PAUL | GUNDERSEN | JR | PAULOFF HARBOR VILLAGE | PO BOX 97 | | SAND POINT | AK | 99661 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | _ |
| 611 | KEITH | JENSEN | | PEDRO BAY VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 47020 | | PEDRO BAY | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 612 | | | | PETERSBURG INDIAN ASSOC | PO BOX 1418 | | PETERSBURG | AK | 99833 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | _ |
| 613 | SUZANNE | EVANOFF | | PILOT POINT TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 449 | | PILOT POINT | AK | 99649 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | _ |
| 614 | WASSILLIE | MYERS | | PIOLOT STATION TRADIONAL VILLAGE | PO BOX 5119 | | PILOT STATION | AK | 99650 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 615 | HENRY | WILLIAMS | | PLATINUM TRADITIONAL VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 8 | | PLATINUM | AK | 99651 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 616 | | | | PORT GRAHAM VILLAGE CNCL | PO BOX 5510 | | PORT GRAHAM | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | | |
| 617 | | | | PORTAGE CREEK VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX PCA | | PORTAGE CREEK | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | 1 | | |
| 618 | | | - | QAGAN TAYAGUNGIN TRIBE | PO BOX 447 | | SAND POINT | AK | 99661 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | 1 | \vdash | |
| 619 | | | | QAWALANGIN TRIBE OF UNALASKA | PO BOX 334 | | UNALASKA | AK | 99685 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | |
| 620 | JAMES | ARRISON | | RAMPART VILLAGE | PO BOX 29 | | RAMPART | AK | 99767 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | \vdash | |
| 621 | KATHERINE | DOZEETE | | RUBY TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 210 | | RUBY | AK | 99768 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | Х | ⊢−−− | |
| 622 | ALOYSIUS | AGUCHAK | SR | SCAMMON BAY TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 110 | DD AWED I | SCAMMON BAY | AK | 99662 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | + | ┝──┼─ | \rightarrow |
| 623 | | DAINITED | | SELDOVIA VILLAGE TRIBE IRA | 328 MAIN STREET | DRAWER L | SELDOVIA | AK | 99663 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | + | ┝───┤─ | - |
| 624 625 | CLARENCE ROBERT | PAINTER POLASKY | 1 | SHAGELUK NATIVE VILLAGE | PO BOX 109 | | SHAGELUK KODIAK | AK | 99665 99615 | TRIBES/BIA REPS TRIBES/BIA REPS | | - | + | - |
| 020 | INUBERI | FULASKI | 1 | SHOONAQ TRIBE OF KODIAK | 312 WEST MARINE WAY | | INUDIAN | AK | 199010 | I RIDES/BIA REPS | | 1 | | |

| | First Name | LastName | Suff. | Organization | Address1 | Address2 | City | ST | Zip | GroupName | Received Maps | Requested Info or Maps | Submitted Comments Undeliverable |
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| | LAWRENCE | WIDMARK | | SITKA TRIBE OF ALASKA | 456 KATLIAN STREET | | SITKA | AK | | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | Х | |
| 627 | | | | SITNASUAK NATIVE CORP | PO BOX 905 | | NOME | AK | 99762 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| | LANCE | TWITCHELL | | SKAGWAY VILLAGE | PO BOX 1157 | | SKAGWAY | AK | 99840 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 629 | PETE | MELLICK | | SLEETMUTE TRADIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 109 | | SLEETMUTE | AK | 99668 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 630 | CYNTHIA | GRAY | | SOLOMON TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 2053 | | NOME | AK | 99762 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 631 | ANTHONY | MERCULIEF | | ST GEORGE TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 940 | | ST GEORGE ISLAND | AK | 99591-0940 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 632 | CAROL | ABRHAM | | TAKOTNA VILLAGE | POTYC | | TAKOTNA | AK | 99675 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 633 | JERRY | ISAAC | | TANACROSS VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 76009 | | TANACROSS | AK | 99776 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | _ | |
| 634 | MIKE | FEALGE | | | PO BOX 32 | | MCGRATH | AK | 99627 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | _ | |
| 635 636 | 101111 | NADOKA | 10 | TOGIAK TRADITIONAL COUNCIL TULUKSAK NATIVE COMMUNITY | PO BOX 310 PO BOX 95 | | TOGIAK | AK | 99678 99679 | TRIBES/BIA REPS TRIBES/BIA REPS | | _ | |
| 637 | JOHN ELSIE | NAPOKA SMITH | JR | TUNTUTULIAK TRADITIONAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 95 PO BOX 8086 | | TULUKSAK TUNTUTULIAK | AK | 99680 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| | | HOOPER | CD | TUNUNAK IRA COUNCIL | PO BOX 8086 PO BOX 77 | | TUNUNAK | | 99681 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 638 639 | GEORGE | INUTER | JK | UGASHIK TRADITIONAL VILLAGE CNCL | 206 E FIREWEED LN STE 204 | | ANCHORAGE | AK AK | 99681 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | + | - | I |
| 640 | JAY | DULL | JR | UMKUMIUT NATIVE VILLAGE | PO BOX 90062 | | NIGHTMUTE | AK | 99690 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 641 | JAT | DOLL | JK | UNGA TRIBAL COUNCIL | PO BOX 508 | | SAND POINT | AK | 99661 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 642 | ERNEST | ERICK | | VENETIE VILLAGE COUNCIL | PO BOX 506 PO BOX 81119 | | VENETIE | AK | 99781 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | - | |
| 643 | MAX | AGAYAR | | VILLAGE OF ALAKANUK | PO BOX 149 | | ALAKANUK | AK | 99554-0149 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 644 | THOMAS | RULLAND | | VILLAGE OF ALARANOK VILLAGE OF ANAKTUVUK PASS | PO BOX 149 PO BOX 21065 | | ANAKTUVUK PASS | AK | 99721 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 645 | RUTH | BIRKY | | VILLAGE OF ANIAK | PO BOX 21003 | | ANIAK | AK | 99557 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 646 | MOSES A | PAVILLA | SR | VILLAGE OF ATMAUTLUAK | PO BOX 6568 | | ATMAUTLUAK | AK | 99559 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | х | |
| 647 | DAVID | JIMMY | | VILLAGE OF CHEFORNAK | PO BOX 100 | | CHESFORNAK | AK | 99561-0110 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | ~ | |
| 648 | DAVID | | 51 | VILLAGE OF IGIUGIG | P O BOX 4008 | | IGIUGIG | AK | 99613 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 649 | JULIA | DORRIS | | VILLAGE OF KALSKAG | PO BOX 50 | | KALSKAG | AK | 99607 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 650 | JOSEPH | MIKE | | VILLAGE OF KOTLIK | PO BOX 20210 | | KOTLIK | AK | 99620 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 651 | PHYLLIS | EVAN | | VILLAGE OF LOWER KALSKAG | PO BOX 27 | | LOWER KALSKAG | AK | 99626 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 652 | | | | VILLAGE OF OLD HARBOR | PO BOX 62 | | OLD HARBOR | AK | 99643 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 653 | MARY | WILLIS | | VILLAGE OF RED DEVIL | PO BOX 61 | | RED DEVIL | AK | 99656 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 654 | THOMAS | WILLIS | | VILLAGE OF STONY RIVER | PO BOX SRV | | STONY RIVER | AK | 99557 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 655 | GEORGE | AGNASSAGE | | VILLAGE OF WAINWRIGHT | PO BOX 184 | | WAINWRIGHT | AK | 99782 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 656 | GEORGE | //OIN//OD//OE | | YAKUTAT TLINGIT TRIBE | PO BOX 418 | | YAKUTAT | AK | 99689 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| 657 | GAIL | ALSTROM | | YUPIIT OF ANDREAFSKI | PO BOX 88 | | ST MARYS | AK | 99658-0088 | TRIBES/BIA REPS | | | |
| | 0, 112 | | | | 10 20/00 | | | | | THE CONTRACTOR | | | |
| | FEDERAL GOVT | | | | | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | | |
| 658 | | | | BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS | 3601 C ST STE 1100 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503-5947 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 659 | CHUCK | GILBERT | | NATIONAL PARK SERVICE | 240 W 5TH AVE RM 114 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501-2327 | FEDERAL GOVT | X | | х |
| 660 | CAM | TOOHEY | | OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR | 1689 C ST #100 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | FEDERAL GOVT | X | | |
| 661 | DON | YOUNG | | US CONGRESS | PO BOX 21247 FED BLDG RM 971 | | JUNEAU | AK | 99802 | FEDERAL GOVT | X | | |
| 662 | DON | YOUNG | | US CONGRESS | 2111 RAYBURN HOB | | WASHINGTON | DC | 20515-0201 | FEDERAL GOVT | X | | |
| 663 | DON | YOUNG | | US CONGRESS | 101 12TH AVE RM 10 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99701-6275 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 664 | DON | YOUNG | | US CONGRESS | 510 L STREET SUITE 580 | PETERSON TOWER BLDG | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501-1964 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 665 | SHARON | JANICE | | US FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE AK REGION | 1011 E TUDOR RD | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99503 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | Х |
| 666 | LISA | MURKOWSKI | | US SENATE | 709 HART SENATE BLDG | | WASHINGTON | DC | 20510 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 667 | LISA | MURKOWSKI | | US SENATE | 101 12TH AVE RM 216 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99701 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 668 | LISA | MURKOWSKI | | US SENATE | 510 L ST STE 550 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 669 | LISA | MURKOWSKI | | US SENATE | PO BOX 21247 | 709 W 9TH ST RM 971 | JUNEAU | AK | 99802 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 670 | TED | STEVENS | | US SENATE | PO BOX 21247 | FED BLDG RM 971 | JUNEAU | AK | 99802-0149 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 671 | TED | STEVENS | | US SENATE | 101 12TH AVE RM 206 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99701 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 672 | | STEVENS | | US SENATE | 522 HART SENATE BLDG | | WASHINGTON | DC | 20510-0201 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 673 | TED | STEVENS | | US SENATE | 222 W 7TH AVE # 2 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99513-7569 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | |
| 674 | MARIA | LISOWSKI | | USDA FOREST SERVICE AK REGION | PO BOX 21628 | 709 W 9TH ST | JUNEAU | AK | 99802-1628 | FEDERAL GOVT | Х | | Х |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (I I |

| | First Name | LastName Suff. | Organization | Address1 | Address2 | City | ST | Zip | GroupName | Received Maps | Requested Info or Maps | Submitted Comments | Undeliverable |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|---|----------|---|----------------|---|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| | INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | N. | | | |
| 675 676 677 678 679 | STEVEN | BORELL | AK OIL & GAS CONSERVATION COMM ALASKA ENERGY AUTHORITY ALASKA OIL & GAS ASSOC ALASKA MINERS ASSOC RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL | 333 W 7TH AVE STE 100 813 W NORTHERN LIGHTS BLVD 121 W FIREWEED LN # 207 3305 ARCTIC BLVD STE 105 121 W FIREWEED LN STE 250 | | ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE | AK AK AK | 99501-3539 99503 99503-2035 99503-4575 99503-2035 | INDUSTRY INDUSTRY INDUSTRY INDUSTRY INDUSTRY | X X X X X | x | | |
| | ENVIRONMENTA | GROUPS | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | | ł | _ |
| 680 681 682 | DEBORAH ROSS | WILLIAMS COEN | AK CONSERVATION FOUNDATION AK FORUM FOR ENVIRO RESP AK WILDERNESS CNCL | 441 W 5TH AVE #402 PO BOX 82718 1589 SUNRISE DR | | ANCHORAGE FAIRBANKS ANCHORAGE | AK AK | 99501-2340 99708 99504 | ENVIROS ENVIROS ENVIROS | X X X | X | | |
| 683 684 685 686 | RACHEL MELISSA | JAMES BLAIR | ALASKA COALITION ALASKA COALITION NATL WILDIFE FEDERATION - ALASKA SIERRA CLUB | 750 W 2ND AVE SUITE #205 750 W SECOND AVE STE 205 750 W 2ND AVE #200 333 WEST 4TH AVE STE 307 | | ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE | AK AK | 99501 99501 99501 99501-2341 | ENVIROS ENVIROS ENVIROS ENVIROS | X X X X | x | | |
| 687 688 689 690 | GLENN | ELISON | THE CONSERVATION FUND THE NATURE CONSERVANCY TRUSTEES FOR ALASKA WILDERNESS SOCIETY | 6400 ANDOVER DR 715 L ST STE 100 1026 W 4TH AVE STE 201 430 W 7TH AVE STE 210 | | ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE | AK AK | 99516 99501 99501 99501 | ENVIROS ENVIROS ENVIROS ENVIROS | × × × × | х | | |
| 030 | | | | | | | | | | ~ | | I | |
| 691 | | | AK ASSN FOR HISTORIC PRESERVATION | 645 W THIRD AVE | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501-2124 | ENVIROS | | | | |
| 692 | | | AK NATURAL HERITAGE PROG | 707 A ST | | ANCHORAGE | | 99501 | ENVIROS | | | | |
| 693 | JIM | ADAMS | AK QUIET RIGHTS COALITION AK WILDERNESS RECREATION | PO BOX 202592 2207 SPENARD RD # 201 | | ANCHORAGE | | 99520 | ENVIROS | | | | |
| 694 695 | | | ALASKA NATURAL HISTORY ASSN | 750 W 2ND AVE STE 100 | | ANCHORAGE ANCHORAGE | | 99503 99501 | ENVIROS ENVIROS | | | ł | |
| 696 | STEVE | WELLS | ALASKA WILDLIFE ALLIANCE | PO BOX 202022 | | ANCHORAGE | | 99520 | ENVIROS | | | t | |
| 697 | | | ARCTIC AUDUBON SCTY | BOX 82098 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99708 | ENVIROS | | | | |
| 698 | PAMELA | MILLER | ARCTIC CONNECTIONS | 519 W 8TH AVE STE 212 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99510 | ENVIROS | | Х | | |
| 699 | RUTH | MCHENRY | COPPER COUNTRY ALLIANCE | HC60 BOX 306T | | COPPER CENTER | | 99573 | ENVIROS | | Х | Х | |
| 700 | IRIS | KORHONEN | EARTH JUSTICE | 325 4TH AVE | | JUNEAU | | 99801 | ENVIROS | | Х | l | |
| 701 | STANLEY | SENNER | FRIENDS OF GLACIER BAY NATIONAL AUDUBON SCTY | PO BOX 135 715 L ST STE 200 | | GUSTAVUS ANCHORAGE | AK AK | 99826 99501 | ENVIROS ENVIROS | | | ł | |
| 702 | CHIP | DENNERLEIN | NATIONAL AUDOBON SCITY | 750 W 2ND AVE STE 205 | | ANCHORAGE | AK | 99501 | ENVIROS | | | ł | - |
| 703 | 0 | DENTERLEIN | NORTHERN AK ENVIRON CNTR | 830 COLLEGE RD | | FAIRBANKS | | 99701-1535 | ENVIROS | | х | | |
| 705 | | | SE ALASKA CONSERVATION COUNCIL | 419 6TH ST #328 | | JUNEAU | AK | 99801 | ENVIROS | | | | |
| 706 | GABRIELLE | BARNETT | TURNAGAIN ARM CONSERV LEAGUE | PO BOX 662 | | GIRDWOOD | AK | 99587 | ENVIROS | | | | |
| 707 | | | YUKON RIVER INTERTRIBAL WATERSHED COUNCIL | 136 DUNKEL ST #2 | | FAIRBANKS | AK | 99701 | ENVIROS | | | I | |
| | | | | | | | - | | | | | | |
| \vdash | | | | | | | - | | | | | ł | |
| | INQUERIES & CO | MMENTS GENERATED BY DI | RECT MAILING | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | | 23 | 8 | |
| | | MMENTS GENERATED BY A | | | | | | | | | 79 | 2 | |
| | TOTAL | | | | | | | | | 84 | 102 | 10 | 17 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | I | |
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Report to Congress June 2006 Sec. 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act

Public Comments

Pages 60-114

STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

FRANK H. MURKOWSKI, GOVERNOR

550 WEST 7TH AVENUE, SUITE 1400 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99501-3650 PHONE: (907) 269-8431 FAX: (907) 269-8918

September 14, 2005

Henr i Bisson Alaska State Director Bureau of Land Management Attn: Section 207 Congressional Report (AK0932) 222 West Seventh Ave., #13 Anchorage, AK 99513-7599

Dear Mr. Bisson;

The State of Alaska appreciates the opportunity to offer comments and suggestions relative to the Public Land Orders (PLOs) that withdrew millions of acres of Federal land in Alaska for study and classification purposes. The State is pleased to see BLM taking steps to evaluate the need for continued withdrawals particularly if the purpose for which they were established has been fulfilled.

Furthermore, during the scoping process for the various RMPs currently being developed for large regions of BLM managed lands within the State of Alaska, the State has consistently requested that BLM review all existing withdrawals and evaluate the purpose for which they were created relative to current needs. The current planning process provides BLM with an excellent opportunity for study and classification of these lands as envisioned in the (d)(1) Public Land Orders. Appropriate land management strategies designed to protect the resource values of lands retained in long-term BLM management can be developed with public and other agency input through the RMP process. The State is pleased to see BLM planning teams conducting reviews of existing withdrawals within the scope of these RMPs. In general the State is pleased with the planning teams' efforts and the results of these reviews, although there are instances in which the State will disagree with BLM's decision to retain some withdrawals. We suggest that appropriate management strategies or program specific withdrawals should replace existing (d)(1) withdrawals so that the appropriate management tools are used to manage BLM resources.

We appreciate that the RMP process has provided, and BLM has taken advantage of, the opportunity for study and classification of the withdrawn lands as envisioned in the (d)(1) withdrawals, thereby eliminating the need for continued (d)(1) withdrawals. The (d)(1) withdrawals unnecessarily complicate land management by placing duplicative broad restrictions on large tracts of land. The development and implementation of site-specific land management strategies is preferable to simplify land status and management and provide clear location specific direction to managers and the public. The following comments and more specific information and priorities may assist BLM in addressing those withdrawals that are not being addressed within a current RMP planning area.

General Comments:

PLOs 5169 through 5178 were all made to provide for ANCSA Village and Regional Deficiency selections. These selections are all in place and no new selections can be filed. Therefore, all of these PLOs should be revoked. These withdrawals are scattered geographically throughout the state and have no relationship to any meaningful contemporary land management strategies.

PLO 5179 was an 80 million acre withdrawal for ANCSA (d)(2) which was settled by ANILCA. Congress has already determined the fate of the lands affected by this withdrawal. If Congress has already acted by designating a conservation system unit (CSU) such as a national park or national wildlife refuge, the remaining withdrawal is meaningless and should be lifted to clarify federal land records. If Congress did not establish the withdrawn area as a CSU, then Congress already made the decision that the land should not be permanently withdrawn and the withdrawal should be revoked. In the event that BLM does not recommend revocation of PLO 5179 in its entirety, in our specific comment section of this letter the state has identified areas within National Wildlife Refuges where we request this withdrawal be revoked.

"Develop, Conserve, and Enhance Natural Resources for Present and Future Alaskans."

PLO 5180 withdrew 47 million acres, some of which overlaps with PLO 5150, a more restrictive withdrawal. Where 5150 overlaps PLO 5180, there is no need to keep PLO 5180. Other portions overlap areas that Congress placed in CSUs through ANILCA, therefore, as was the case with PLO 5179, these withdrawals are no longer relevant and should be revoked. If areas withdrawn under PLO 5180 were not put into CSUs and do not overlap PLO 5150, they should be revoked because as stated previously, Congress has already acted not to permanently withdraw these areas. In addition, the development of Resource Management Plans (RMPs) should provide BLM with sufficient opportunity to ascertain the resource values of lands that need protection and involve the public in the development of appropriate classification and management strategies.

PLO 5181 appears to overlap areas set aside as national wildlife refuges. Congress has already acted upon these areas making the withdrawals no longer necessary.

PLO 5184 contains very scattered, isolated tracts withdrawn for ANCSA villages and should be revoked for the same reasons described for PLOs 5169-5178 above.

Portions of PLO 5186 conflict with many state selections, and the PLO does not appear to preclude conveyance to the state. Congress set aside other portions of PLO 5186 as ANWR. Again, since Congress has already acted on these lands, the withdrawals should be revoked.

While both PLO 5180 and 5186 provided for location for metalliferous minerals and are not as restrictive as other withdrawals the orders themselves create an unnecessary layer of management that should be removed to clarify federal land records.

Specific Comments and Prioritization Requests:

The state prefers that the Department of Interior revoke all (d)(1) withdrawals that overlap with areas that are designated as CSUs because Congress, through ANILCA, has determined how these lands will be managed. If the Department of Interior is not willing to revoke these PLOs in their entirety, we request that where (d)(1) withdrawals overlap non-Wilderness national wildlife refuges with oil and gas development potential, that the (d)(1) withdrawals in these areas be lifted. ANILCA and other federal laws specifically provide a process for possible oil and gas exploration and development on non Wilderness Refuge lands. Refuge comprehensive conservation plans would need to separately authorize oil and gas development in these areas, but there is nothing in ANILCA that precludes such development. Hence, these Public Land Orders could prohibit uses of the refuges that are not prohibited under ANILCA. This situation does not apply to designated refuge Wilderness areas nor to national parks since they are already statutorily closed to oil and gas development with the exception of valid existing rights.

The Alaska Peninsula and in the Yukon Flats refuges are a higher priority for revocation of (d)(1) withdrawals due to higher potential for oil and gas development. We realize of course that removal of the (d)(1) does not mean that oil and gas development would necessarily be proposed or would be appropriate in these refuges.

Please consider the following for revocation of withdrawals:

(Map 1, attached)

Alaska Maritime Refuge. BLM's (d)(1) withdrawal map appears to indicate a series of very small withdrawals along the coast near Cape Thompson, south of Point Hope, that are either in or near two large potential oil and gas basins.

Alaska Peninsula Refuge. Several stair-step corners of the northwestern edge of this refuge extend into the oil and gas basin that lies on the north side of the Alaska Peninsula and extends out into Bristol Bay. The state has scheduled an oil and gas lease sale on adjacent state lands for October 2005.

(Map 3, attached)

Koyukuk Refuge. The southwest portion of the refuge, south of the designated wilderness area, overlaps a potential oil and gas basin.

Selawik Refuge. Outside designated Wilderness, over half of the refuge to the north and west overlaps a potential oil and gas basin.

(Map 4, attached)

Kanuti Refuge. The eastern half of this refuge overlaps a potential oil and gas basin.

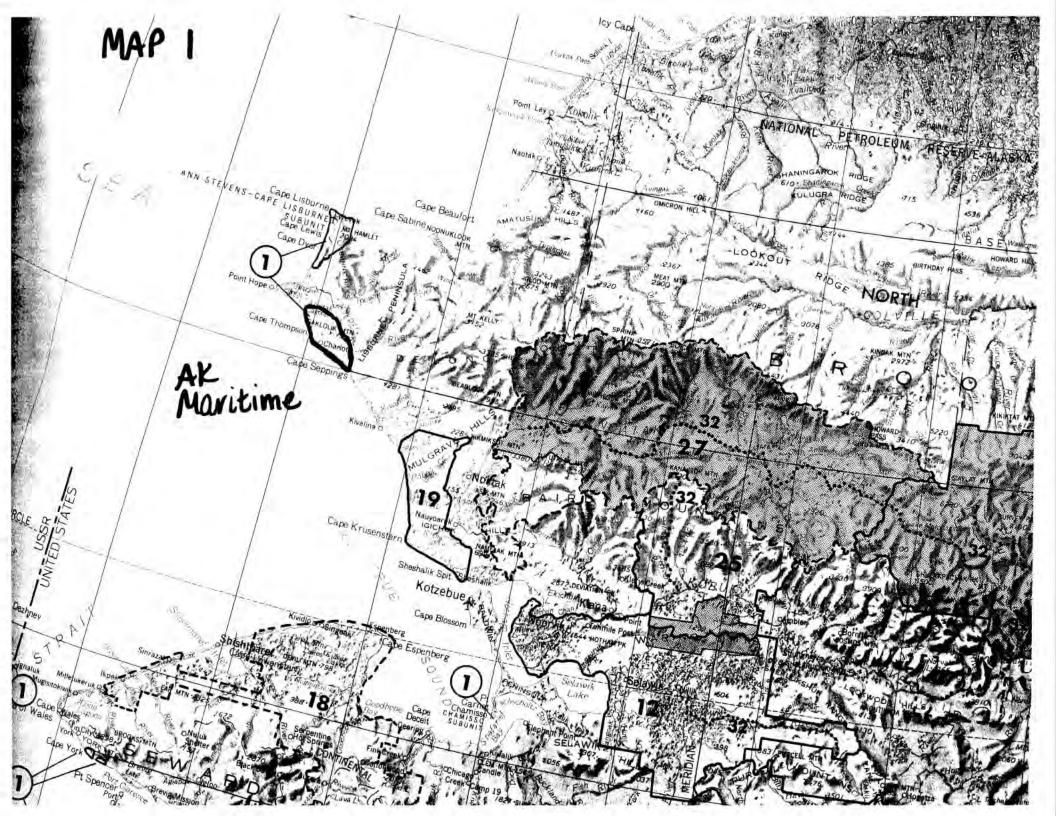
Y ukon Flats Refuge. A substantial portion of this large refuge overlaps a potential oil and gas basin. In light of the possible land exchange between the refuge and Doyon, we request the corresponding d-1 withdrawals between the O&G basin and the southern boundary of the refuge also be lifted.

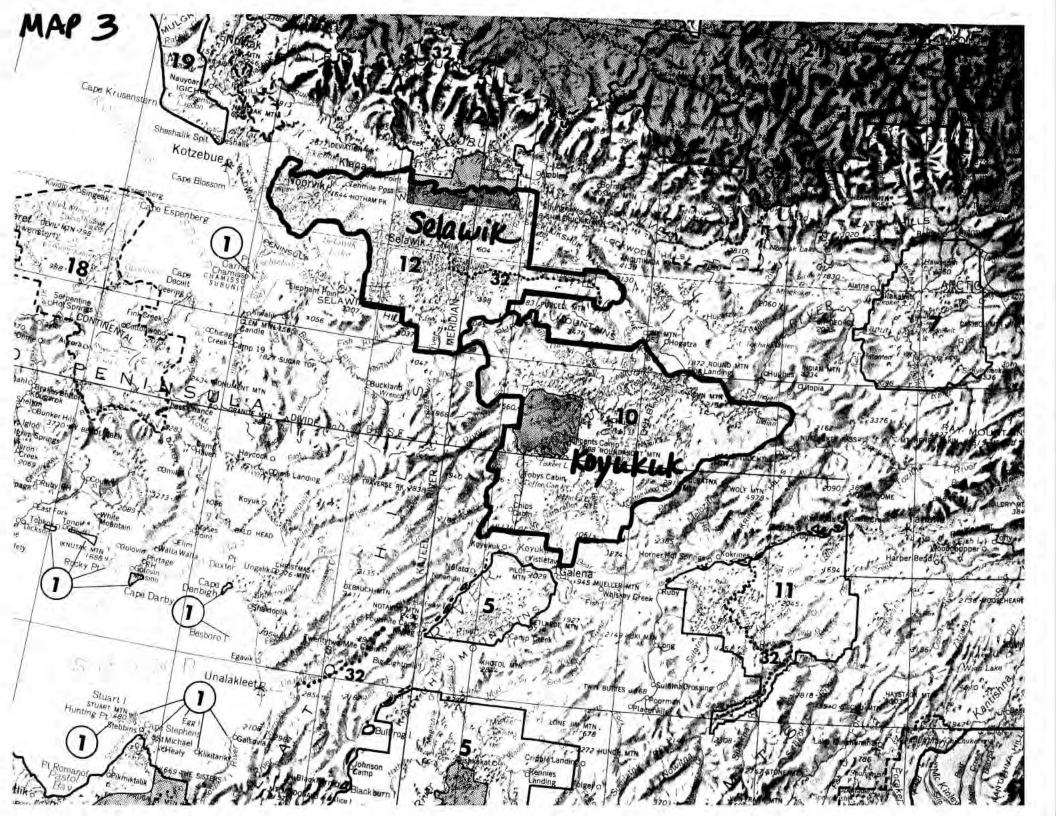
Thank you for the opportunity to offer comments on the ANCSA Section 17(d)(1) Public Land Orders. We appreciate BLM's efforts to address this issue. Should you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact me at your earliest convenience.

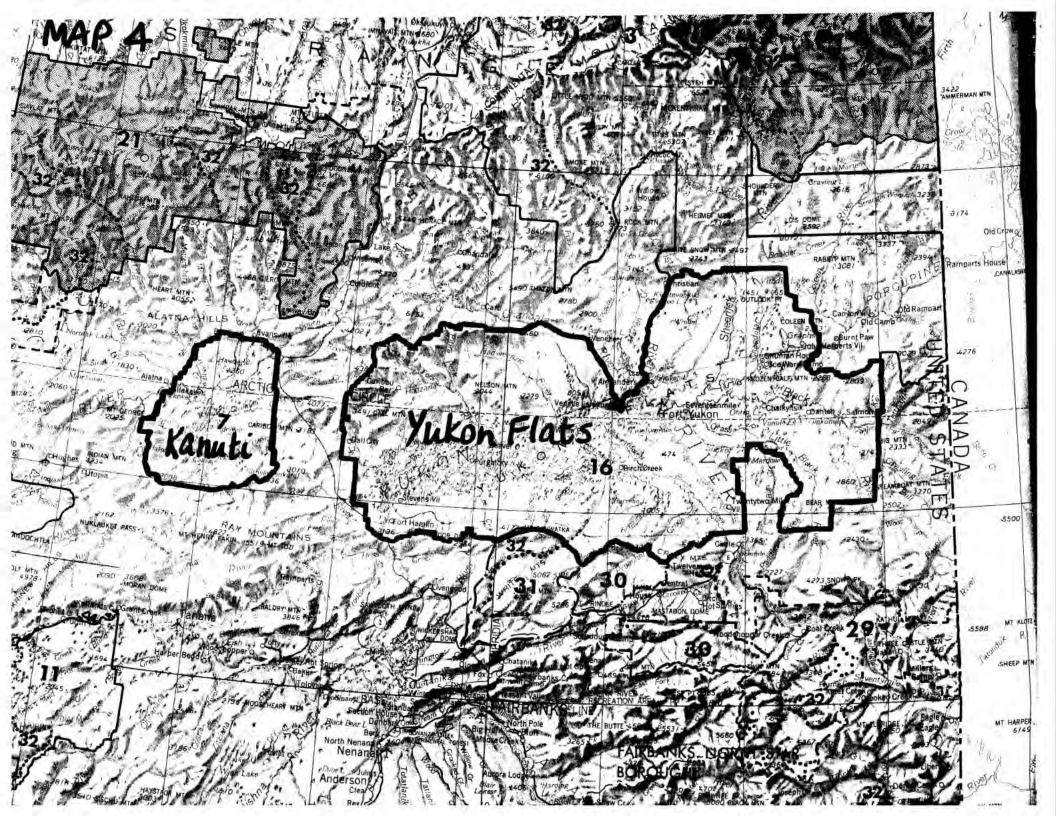
Sine Richard LeFebvre

Deputy Commissioner

Attachments: Maps 1, 3, and 4.









IN REPLY REFER TO: RE/6169.SJ

United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE 1011 E. Tudor Rd. Anchorage, Alaska 99503-6199

SEP 1 4 2005

Memorandum

To: State Director - Bureau of Land Managemen Regional Director - Region 7 From: Report to Congress Regarding Revocation of Section 17(d)(1) Withdrawals Subject:

Your memorandum of June 5, 2005, provides information regarding a report to Congress that the Bureau of Land Management is preparing in accordance with direction provided in the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act of December 10, 2004. The report concerns the review and revocation of withdrawals made pursuant to Section 17(d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. Maps of areas affected by the various (d)(1) withdrawals were furnished and an opportunity to comment has been provided.

Your memorandum states that BLM will make recommendations for public lands managed by the BLM **and** that BLM is responsible for preparing the overall report, however, it is unclear as to what information goes into the overall report in regards to Conservation System Units managed by other agencies.

We agree that certain provisions of the Alaska National Interests Lands Conservation Act close Alaskan Units of the National Wildlife Refuge System to operation of public land laws and the Mining Law of 1872 as amended, therefore, consideration of opening these areas by revocation of the (d)(1) withdrawals is moot.

We are concerned, however, with any proposed revocation of the (d)(1) withdrawals on Conservation System Units until final adjudication and conveyance of all Regional selections under Section 14(h)(1) of ANCSA has been completed. We have recently completed an inventory of Section 14(h)(1) applications filed on Refuge System Lands. This inventory found that there are approximately 1,213 pending 14(h)(1) selections, of which 537 selections comprising 33,184 acres, are located within (d)(1) withdrawal areas. A breakdown of these applications by refuge and other related information is attached for your information.

The BLM has not completed adjudication of the validity of these 537 applications as to whether they were filed on available land that was unappropriated and unreserved at the time of filing, consistent with the statutory selection criteria for selections filed under Section 14(h) of ANCSA. Therefore, we believe the (d)(1) withdrawals on Conservation System Units should not be

revoked until this adjudication takes place. Retaining the status quo of (d)(1) withdrawals and notation of the public land records will facilitate this adjudication. We understand from BLM staff that the goal established by the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleraton Act is to sunset the ANCSA conveyance program by 2009.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on the draft report to congress on (d)(1) withdrawals. As Conservation System Unit managers, we would like the opportunity to review the report when it is forwarded. For additional information on the inventory provided, contact John G. Brewer, Chief, Branch of Mapping Sciences, Division of Realty, at 786-3462.

Attachment

2

Region 7 14(h)1 Summary

| Refuge | Total # of 14(h)1 | Total # w/I D1 Area | Total acres w/l D1 Area |
|--------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| AK Maritime | 304 | 31 | 20401.2 |
| AK Peninsula | 18 | 16 | 1194.75 |
| Arctic | 30 | 5 | 815.18 |
| Becharof | 21 | 21 | 365.37 |
| Innoko | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Izembek | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Kanuti | 1 | 1 | 1591.01 |
| Kenai | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Kodiak | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Koyukuk | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nowitna | 2 | 2 | 178.5 |
| Selawik | 6 | 6 | 2.71 |
| Tetlin | 1 | 1 | 236.08 |
| Togiak | 44 | 25 | 303.08 |
| Yukon Delta | 760 | 428 | 8060.07 |
| Yukon Flats | 1 | 1 | 36 |
| Total | 1213 | 537 | 33183.95 |

Region 7 14(h)1 Summary

4

| Refuge | Total # of 14(h)1 listed on SO 3220 | Total # w/i D1 Area |
|--------------|--|---------------------|
| AK Maritime | 20 | 3 |
| AK Peninsula | 0 | 0 |
| Arctic | 13 | 11 |
| Becharof | 0 | 0 |
| Innoko | 2 | 2 |
| lzembek | 0 | 0 |
| Kanuti | 1 | 1 |
| Kenai | 3 | 0 |
| Kodiak | 2 | 1 |
| Koyukuk | 1 | 1 |
| Nowitna | 1 | 1 |
| Selawik | 1 | 1 |
| Tetlin | 2 | 2 |
| Togiak | 6 | 6 |
| Yukon Delta | 35 | 29 |
| Yukon Flats | O | 0 |
| Tota | | 58 |

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United States Forest Department of Service Agriculture Alaska Region

P.O. Box 21628 Juneau, AK 99802-1628

File Code: 2760 Date: SEP 07 1 mulovi

Mr. Henri Bisson Alaska State Director Bureau of Land Management Alaska State Office 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13 Anchorage, AK 99513-7599

Dear Mr. Bisson:

This is in response to your June 15 letter requesting comments regarding opening certain Public Land Orders (PLOs) that withdrew millions of acres of Federal land in Alaska for study and classification purposes. The PLOs under review are a series of orders issued under the authority of Section 17(d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act and are referred to as d-1 withdrawals. Our following comments are based on comparison of the d-1 withdrawal areas to the management intent for these areas as outlined in the Tongass National Forest Land Management Plan (TLMP) and the Chugach National Forest Revised Land and Resource Management Plan (Forest Plan).

Tongass National Forest

We find that the d-1 withdrawals can be removed from most areas of the Tongass National Forest, with two exceptions. We recommend that the PLO 5186 withdrawal remain in effect on lands north and south of Skagway within the Warm Pass Research Natural Area (RNA) and within that portion of the Katzehein River corridor that is recommended for designation as a Wild River by the Forest Plan (Tongass Land Mangement Plan (TLMP)).

Portions of the Warm Pass RNA are included in the PLO 5186 withdrawal and are therefore, at present, closed to mineral entry. If the withdrawal were lifted, these lands would become available for mineral entry and development; this might be incompatible with the RNA management objectives. Therefore, we recommend that the withdrawal not be lifted for this area. Specifically, we request that the withdrawal be retained for T. 26 S., R. 60 E, CRM and also for T. 27 S., R. 60 E, CRM.

The other area of concern is the Katzehein River. The upper nine miles of this river are recommended for Wild River designation in TLMP. We recommend that the withdrawal be retained on the lands within the Katzehein corridor. Specifically, we request that the withdrawal be retained for these townships: T. 30 S., R. 60 E., CRM and T. 31 S., R. 60 E., CRM. The withdrawal may be lifted on the other lands in the vicinity of the Katzehein.

Chugach National Forest

Forest Plan management direction for areas added by ANILCA Section 501(a) indicates that maintaining the status quo of the lands is appropriate and desirable (Nellie Juan, College Fjord, Copper/Rude River, and Controller Bay). The management direction for these areas is primarily

to maintain and protect the natural character of the areas, allowing natural processes to continue with minimum human intervention. Retaining the withdrawal in the Nellie Juan, College Fjord, and Controller Bay areas would facilitate implementing this direction. Section 502 of ANILCA specifically withdraws the Copper River addition, so the d-1 withdrawal could be relinquished for that addition (the Controller Bay Addition does not appear to be included in the ANILCA 502 withdrawal).

Within the ANILCA Section 501(a) lands, the areas we request the d-1 withdrawal be retained are described in the Forest Plan as Management Area Prescriptions and are named and mapped as:

- 1. Proposed Research Natural Area (141), specifically the Nellie Juan RNA in T. 4 N., R. 3 E., Seward Meridian.
- 2. Wild River Management Area (132), specifically the lower Nellie Juan River in T. 4 N., R. 4 E., Seward Meridian.
- Nellie Juan-College Fiord Wilderness Study Area (131), specifically those areas included in the d-1 withdrawals that overlap with two of the areas added to the Chugach National Forest in the Alaska National Interest Land Conservation Act (ANILCA), Section 501(a)(1). These areas are Nellie Juan and College Fjord.
- 4. Controller Bay (135), part of the 501(b)-1 Management Area.

Outside of the ANILCA Section 501(a) lands, we also request retaining the d-1 withdrawals for the Portage Area and the Lost Lake Area. Part of the Portage Area and all of the Lost Lake Area are in the Backcountry Prescription (210) with management direction to limit, as much as possible, direct human influence on ecological processes. These areas provide opportunities for solitude and isolation and are managed to enhance and protect the character of the area for future generations. The Portage Area also has portions in the Scenic River Management Area (231), with direction to maintain its outstandingly remarkable values and classification eligibility for Scenic River designation. Retaining the withdrawals will facilitate meeting this management direction.

We request these d-1 withdrawals remain in effect until we can complete the process through the BLM to have these areas formally withdrawn from entry under the public land laws, including the general mining laws.

If in the future you need maps showing locations of the areas we have identified, please contact Jackie Swanson at (907) 586-7870.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide these comments.

Sincerely,

allen, Being for

PETE GRIFFIN Acting Director, Recreation, Lands & Minerals

cc: Andrew J Schmidt, Barbara Stanley



L14 (AKRO-L)

United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE Alaska Region 240 West 5th Avenue, Room 114 Anchorage, Alaska 99501

SD ∆⊂n∙

SEP 14 2005

Memorandum

To: Alaska State Director, Bureau of Land Management

From: Regional Director, Alaska Region

Subject: Section 17 (d)(1) Withdrawal Study

It is the understanding of the National Park Service (NPS) that revocation of land withdrawals made pursuant to Section d(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1971 (ANCSA) will have no effect upon land ownership or management within units of the National Park System in Alaska. This matter has been discussed with Bureau of Land Management (BLM) staff working on the study of the possible revocations, and with BLM withdrawal staff, and there is general agreement that such revocation will have no effect on NPS units, and specifically that there would be no effect on any land selections made under Section 14(h) of ANCSA. However, it was recommended that the BLM conveyance staff review the 14(h) selections in relation to the d(1) withdrawals to confirm that revocation of the d(1) withdrawals will have no effect on conveyance of any 14(h) selections.

If the above-mentioned review is performed before the report is finalized, and it is confirmed that revocation of the d(1) withdrawals will have no effect on conveyance of any 14(h) selections within NPS units, the NPS has no objection to the revocation of the d(1) withdrawals in or around NPS units in Alaska. If, on the contrary, the revocations would allow the conveyance of 14(h) selections in NPS units that would not otherwise be conveyed, the NPS opposes the revocation of the d(1) withdrawals.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment. If you have any questions, please contact Charles Gilbert, Chief of our Lands office, at 907-644-3426.

Murcia Blaszak



TELEPHONE 573-244-8622 FAX 573-244-8624

September 14, 2005

Bureau of Land Management Alaska State Office Attn: Section 207 Congressional Report (AK-932) 222 W. 7th Ave., #13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599

We appreciate the opportunity to comment on the lands that have been withdrawn by a series of Public Land Orders by the Secretary of the Interior under the authority of Section 17 (d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. Comments have been requested on which withdrawn lands may be opened up to entry and disposal under the public land laws. The Bureau of Land Management is preparing a report for the Secretary of the Interior to submit to Congress in accordance with Section 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act to identify the withdrawn lands that will be opened to entry.

The Secretary issued 15 Public Land Orders that impacted all areas of the State. The Statewide maps provided by the BLM divided the State into 12 geographic areas. All of these 12 areas are significantly affected by the PLOs. The decision on what lands will be part of the Native corporations land base, which will become land segregated from appropriation under the public land laws by selection of the State of Alaska, needs to be completed. It is incumbent on the BLM and Secretary of the Interior to release as much land as possible from segregation after many years of administration under the withdrawal by the Public Land Orders.

All lands outside of the conservation areas should be released, as part of the Report to Congress required is Section 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act. These lands have been reviewed by the State and Native Corporations and were not selected by either as lands to be removed from segregation of the public land laws. These non-selected lands should all be opened to entry.

Some parts of the Conservation Areas within the State do allow the location of metalliferous minerals under Public Land Order 5180. However, the vast majority of PLOs issued in the Conservation Areas allow no entry, and none allow energy production. It is our view that things have changed since the issuance of the Public Land Orders and that all orders should be reviewed to be consistent with current public needs. This is particularly true with oil, gas and mineral production. We recommend that the Public land Orders for all 12 areas be reviewed for the need to continue the Orders or to a need to modify the Orders. It does appear that the Orders have served their purpose and could be discontinued. We appreciate the opportunity to comment.

Sincerely.

Don Taylor Vice President Exploration

Alaska Coalition ~ Deborah Lee Williams and Associates ~ Earthworks Alaska Conservation Voters ~ Alaska Conservation Alliance ~ Sierra Club Campaign for America's Wilderness ~ Natural Resources Defense Council Northern Alaska Environmental Center ~ The Wilderness Society

September 15, 2005

Dave Mushovic Bureau of Land Management - Alaska State Office Attn: Section 207 Congressional Report (AK-932) 222 West Seventh Avenue, #13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599

Dear Mr. Mushovic:

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the BLM's report to review the ANCSA § 17(d)(1) withdrawals pursuant to section 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act (ALTAA). On behalf of the Alaska Coalition, Alaska Conservation Alliance, Alaska Conservation Voters, Campaign for America's Wilderness, Deborah Lee Williams and Associates, Earthworks – Mineral Policy Center, Natural Resources Defense Council, Northern Alaska Environmental Center, Sierra Club, and The Wilderness Society we would like to submit the following comments and included maps for consideration.

In summary, we strongly oppose lifting the Public Land Order's (PLO's) from BLM, National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and U.S. Forest Service lands. Thus, we suggest that BLM recommend Congress take no action on the (d)(1) report that would lift the Public Land Orders (PLOs) on any federal lands in Alaska. We believe that the appropriate procedure for reviewing the (d)(1) withdrawals on BLMmanaged lands is through the Resource Management Planning process. We also believe that BLM should refrain from making recommendations regarding withdrawals on lands under National Park Service, U.S. Forest Service, or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service jurisdictions. We believe the (d)(1) withdrawals should be left in place on these agencies' lands and, in any event, we believe the proper time to review the (d)(1) withdrawals on these lands is in the context of the agencies' regular planning processes.

Legislative History

In Section § 17(d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (ANCSA), Congress withdrew millions of acres of unreserved public lands from "all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including mining (except locations for metalliferous minerals) and the mineral leasing laws" for a period of 90 days. 43 U.S.C. § 1616(d)(1). Congress ordered the Secretary of Interior to "review the public lands in Alaska and determine whether any portion of these lands should be withdrawn . . . to insure that the public interest in these lands is properly protected." *Id.* Congress also provided that any further withdrawal after the 90-day period would be pursuant to the Secretary's existing authority, and authorized the Secretary to classify or reclassify such withdrawn lands and to open lands to appropriation according to these classifications. *Id.*

Following the passage of ANCSA, the Interior Secretary issued a series of public land orders (PLOs) that withdrew from appropriation millions of acres of public lands managed by BLM. *See* BLM Public Notice, June 15, 2005. In the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (ANILCA), Congress subsequently included some of these lands in "conservation system units" (CSUs). Many others have never been reviewed or classified as mandated by ANCSA § 17(d)(1).

In 2004, Congress passed ALTAA, which required, among other provisions, that BLM review the withdrawals made pursuant to ANCSA § 17(d)(1) to "determine if any portion of the lands withdrawn pursuant to that provision can be opened to appropriation under the public land laws or if their withdrawal is still needed to protect the public interest in those lands." ALTAA, P.L. 108-452, § 207(1), 118 Stat. 3575, 3585-86 (2004). ALTAA further required BLM to submit to Congress a report that "identifies any portion of the lands so withdrawn that can be opened to appropriation under the public land laws consistent with the protection of the public interest in these lands." ALTAA § 207(3).

We believe that the regular planning processes of Federal land-management agencies are more appropriate venues for reviewing the (d)(1) withdrawals and making appropriate classifications of these vast acreages of lands. Thus, we urge BLM to recommend to Congress that it take no action on the report at this time, but instead allow the (d)(1) withdrawal issues to be resolved in the course of the agencies' regular, legally required planning processes.

Federal Agencies Should Conduct the d-1 Reviews Pursuant to Their Land-Use Management Planning Processes

BLM manages nearly 87 million acres of land in Alaska. It also manages 245 million acres of subsurface mineral estate underlying Federal surface land in Alaska. In the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA), Congress directed that BLM "shall, with public involvement and consistent with the terms and conditions of this Act, develop, maintain, and, when appropriate, revise land use plans which provide by tracts or areas for the use of the public lands." 43 U.S.C. § 1712(a). In the policy section of FLPMA, Congress declared that "the national interest will be best realized if the public lands and their resources are periodically and systematically inventoried and their present and future use is projected through a land use planning process coordinated with other Federal and State planning efforts." 43 U.S.C. § 1701(a)(2). FLPMA also requires BLM to provide opportunity for public participation in this planning process. 43 U.S.C. § 1701(a)(5).

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S. Forest Service and National Park. Service have similar planning responsibilities, each of which provides for public participation in the process.

ANILCA requires the Fish and Wildlife Service to prepare, and from time to time revise, a comprehensive conservation plan (CCP) for each National Wildlife Refuge in Alaska. ANILCA § 304(g)(1). Among other requirements, the Fish and Wildlife Service must designate areas within each refuge according to their respective resources and values and specify the uses within each such area that may be compatible with the major purposes of the refuge. ANILCA § 304(g)(3)(A). In preparing each CCP, the agency

must publish a notice in the Federal Register, hold public hearings, and provide opportunities for public comment. ANILCA § 304(g)(4)-(5).

In the National Forest Management Act, 16 U.S.C. § 1600 *et seq.*, Congress required the U.S. Forest Service to develop, maintain, and, as appropriate, revise land and resource management plans for units of the National Forest System at least every 15 years. 16 U.S.C. § 1604. The Forest Service must provide for public participation in the development, review, and revision of its land management plans. 16 U.S.C. § 1604(d).

For each unit of the National Park System, Congress mandated that the Park Service prepare and regularly revise management plans that include, *inter alia*, measures for the preservation of resources and indications of the types and general intensities of development. 16 U.S.C. § 1a-7. Park Service internal management policies require the agency to review, revise, or amend every 10 to15 years its management plans for each unit of each National Park in Alaska. NPS Management Policies, ch. 2. The agency considers these reviews major federal actions that trigger the mandates of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), which requires it to prepare environmental impact statements (EIS) and allow public participation in the process.

BLM Resource Management Planning Processes

BLM is currently revising its Resource Management Plans (RMPs) for many of the lands and mineral estates it administers in Alaska. It is in the process of preparing draft or final environmental impact statements for four such RMPs. These RMPs address the long-term management strategies for BLM-managed lands throughout the state, which include: East Alaska, about 7.1 million acres; Ring of Fire, about 1.3 million acres; Kobuk-Seward Peninsula, 13 million acres; and Bay Area, 3.6 million acres in the Bristol Bay and Goodnews Bay areas.

The draft East Alaska RMP, released for public review in April 2005, addressed the lifting of (d)(1) withdrawals. Alternative D, the "preferred alternative" proposed lifting the (d)(1) withdrawals on over 6 million acres of the 7.1 million-acre planning area. This constitutes a 78 percent increase in the amount of land open to locatable mineral entry. BLM also proposed to open 79 percent of the lands to oil and gas leasing.

In all, BLM statewide RMP revisions may open millions of acres to resource extraction and may significantly impact wildlife habitat, recreational uses of the lands, and subsistence resources. Therefore, BLM is proceeding under its mandates pursuant to FLPMA and NEPA by preparing environmental impact statements and allowing for participation and comment by interested parties.

Federal land-use planning processes are designed to provide for meaningful reviews and impact analyses of multiple land uses, utilize each agency's expertise in managing a broad spectrum of lands and resources, and allow for public participation. This comprehensive approach incorporates rational decisionmaking and provides the public an opportunity to actively participate in an agency's land-use planning, thereby assisting the agencies to consider the interests of all users of the public lands in Alaska. Given that all the aforementioned Federal agencies conduct their land management planning by geographic region or specific CSU, these planning processes are the appropriate forum for considering whether the (d)(1) withdrawals that still exist within these regions or CSUs are still warranted.

BLM Provided Inadequate Public Process for (d)(1) Report

Although BLM provided the public an opportunity to comment generally on the (d)(1) review, this comment period is limited to commenting in the abstract before the agency issues its draft report and recommendations. Thus, in the (d)(1) review, BLM provided less meaningful opportunities for public participation than are provided in the RMP process. Yet public involvement in this report is critical given that the report could lead to dramatic land management decisions regarding mineral resource management. Moreover, BLM is making these decisions without the analytical benefits of the NEPA process. Lifting the (d)(1) withdrawals, which would greatly increase exploration and development of leasable and locatable minerals in the affected areas, may destroy important wildlife habitat, despoil pristine areas, eliminate recreation opportunities, and dramatically restrict or alter subsistence uses and resources.

For these reasons, Congress should allow the BLM, Fish and Wildlife Service, Forest Service, and National Park Service to review the status of the (d)(1) withdrawals on their respective lands, with opportunities for public comment, as part of their normal

planning processes. We believe the (d)(1) withdrawals should be left in place on many of these lands and, in any event, we believe the proper time to review the (d)(1) withdrawals on these lands is in the context of the agencies' regular planning processes. We strongly believe that BLM should recommend that Congress take no action on the (d)(1) withdrawals.

A Legislative EIS May Be Required

BLM should prepare an EIS for the report on (d)(1) lands, as NEPA requires. Federal agencies must include an EIS "in every recommendation or report on proposals for legislation and other major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment." 42 U.S.C. § 4332(2)(C). In the NEPA context, Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) regulations define environmental effects as:

(a) Direct effects, which are caused by the action and occur at the same time and place.

(b) Indirect effects, which are caused by the action and are later in time or farther removed in distance, but are still reasonable foreseeable. Indirect effects may include growth inducing effects and other effects related to induced changes in the pattern of land use, population density or growth rate, and related effects on air and water and other natural systems, including ecosystems.

40 CFR § 1508.8. The CEQ regulations also define legislation as "a bill or legislative proposal to Congress developed by or with the significant cooperation and support of a Federal agency." 40 CFR § 1508.17. The test for significant cooperation is whether the proposal is predominantly that of the agency rather than another source. *Id.*

In this instance, BLM is predominantly responsible for the d-1 report to Congress and the accompanying recommendations. Moreover, the agency's recommendations regarding whether Congress should lift the (d)(1) withdrawals may significantly affect the quality of the human environment by inducing land-use changes in the affected areas. If Congress lifts most or all of the (d)(1) withdrawals as a result of BLM's recommendations, millions of acres of public lands would be opened to exploration and development of leasable and locatable minerals. This action may have serious environmental consequences. Thus, NEPA requires BLM to prepare an EIS before submitting the (d)(1) recommendations to Congress. *See, e.g., Trustees for Alaska v. Hodel*, 806 F.2d 1378, 1381 (9th Cir. 1986) (holding that Department of Interior report mandated by Congress constituted "proposal for legislation" requiring EIS because it contained specific recommendations on future land use, i.e., whether to allow further oil and gas development in Arctic Refuge coastal plain or designate it for wilderness preservation).

Analysis of (d)(1) withdrawals in BLM Conservation System Units

We request that BLM carefully review the protective authority that the following PLOs have upon the governing authority of the BLM Conservation System Units (CSUs) within which the PLOs exist. Primarily, BLM should examine the consequences of lifting the (d)(1) withdrawals in CSUs.

| CSU | Map Areas | PLO's 5179, 5180 | |
|--|-----------|------------------------|--|
| Beaver Creek Wild & Scenic River | 2 | | |
| Birch Creek Wild & Scenic River | 2 | 5179, 5180 | |
| Delta Wild & Scenic River | 1,2 | 5174, 5178, 5180, 5184 | |
| Fortymile Wild & Scenic | 2 | 5173, 5180, 5184 | |
| Gulkana Wild & Scenic River | 1,2,8 | 5178, 5180, 5184, 5186 | |
| Steese National Conservation Area | 2,3 | 5180 | |
| Unalakleet Wild River | 5,6,9 | 5173, 5179, 5180, 5184 | |
| White Mountains National Recreation Area | 2 | 5173, 5184 | |

We request that BLM withdraw all portions of all designated and eligible Wild & Scenic Rivers in Alaska from locatable and leasable mineral entry. Similarly, the agency should withdraw and all lands within Steese National Conservation Area and White Mountains National Recreation Area from mineral development. If preserving the (d)(1) withdrawals is not an appropriate method of permanently withdrawing these CSUs from locatable or leasable mineral entry, we request that BLM adopt appropriate withdrawals.

Current demands of multiple user groups on public resources threaten to overwhelm BLM Alaska's management workload. The impacts of off-highway vehicles on backcountry lands and streams, the demands of the tourism and recreation industries, and the needs for access and protection for subsistence resources are just a few of the myriad challenges BLM faces. Should Congress lift the (d)(1) withdrawals within CSUs or any of the BLM planning regions, the agency would be deluged with the additional pressures of managing commercial leasable or locatable mineral development activities in pristine areas.

For example, should Congress lift the (d)(1) withdrawals. BLM would receive a flood of applications for mineral exploration, development, and other mining activities across millions of acres of federally managed lands. We are concerned that BLM Alaska may not have adequate financial support and staff, including resource specialists, permit administrators, and law enforcement, to handle the additional workload that would accompany such a significant change in mineral management policy. Thus, Congress should not lift the (d)(1) withdrawals until it provides BLM additional permanent funding and personnel resources.

Also, BLM should analyze the long-term potential economic benefits of lifting (d)(1) withdrawals on BLM lands and include its finding in its report to Congress. Representatives of the mining, oil, and gas industries, and BLM staff, have indicated that there is little commercial interest in the leasable and locatable mineral potential of most unencumbered BLM lands. It is widely accepted that the State of Alaska and Native Corporations already have selected most of the Federal land with leasable and locatable mineral potential. These interests consider unencumbered BLM lands to be of only *marginal* mineral value. Thus, we are concerned about the integrity of any entity that would be interested in pursuing exploration and development activities on such marginal-value lands. We also are concerned about the environmental impacts of mining activities on these lands, considering that the financial viability of such activities appears to be questionable. We believe it would be inappropriate for BLM to allow these activities unless it is prepared to cover the costs of remediating hazardous or unsightly mining operations and reclaiming the land if the claimant fails to perform these functions.

We strongly suggest that BLM include in its report to Congress a discussion of the low leasable and locatable mineral value potential of unencumbered (d)(1) lands and the likelihood that any future developments would be financially unsound. On the other hand, there is tremendous potential for conserving natural resource values on these lands. Thus, BLM should recommend that Congress refrain from acting on the (d)(1) report and that it maintain the (d)(1) withdrawals until BLM can systematically analyze the conservation values of these lands through its RMP and NEPA processes. BLM also must inventory multiple-use opportunities, mitigate potential impacts, and assign appropriate land classifications and protective allocations for these lands.

Thank you again for the opportunity to participate in this review of ANCSA 17 (d)(1) withdrawals. We hope that our comments have provided useful recommendations that BLM will incorporate into the report to Congress as per Section 207 of ALTAA. We look forward to continue working with BLM through the Resource Management Planning processes to identify specific areas where (d)(1) withdrawals should be maintained or lifted as appropriate for long-term resource sustainability and multiple uses of the lands.

Sincerely,

Alaska Coalition

Dan Ritzman Executive Director 750 West 2nd Avenue #205 Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Campaign for America's Wilderness Ken Rait Campaigns Director 4035 N.E. Sandy Blvd., Ste. 242 Portland, OR 97212

Earthworks ~ Mineral Policy Center Bonnie Gestring Northwest Regional Staff 114 W. Pine St. Missoula, Montana 59802

Northern Alaska Environmental Center

David van den Berg Executive Director 830 College Road Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

The Wilderness Society

Eleanor Huffines Alaska Regional Director 430 West 7th Avenue, Suite 210 Anchorage, Alaska 99501 Cc: Becca Bernard, Trustees for Alaska Frances Raskin, Trustees for Alaska Demian Schane, Earthjustice

Attachments: Table1.;Supplement to Table 1; Area Maps 1,2,5,10,12

Alaska Conservation Voters Alaska Conservation Alliance Tom Atkinson Executive Director PO Box 100660 Anchorage, Alaska 99510

Deborah Lee Williams and Associates Deborah Williams Executive Director 308 G Street, Suite 219 Anchorage, AK 99501

Natural Resources Defense Council Charles Clusen Director, Alaska Project 1200 New York Ave., NW, Suite 400, Washington, DC 20005

Sierra Club

Betsy Goll Alaska Representative 333 W. 4th Ave, Suite 307 Anchorage, Alaska 99501

Alaska Coalition et al Recommendations for Retaining Public Land Orders Under ANCSA 17 (d)(1) Supplement to Table 1. Lands that should have ANCSA (d)(1) withdrawals maintained. September 15, 2005

East Alaska RMP Planning Area

The following lands and rivers were determined eligible for Wild and Scenic River designation in the Draft East Alaska RMP/EIS. Any additional rivers determined in planning documents to be eligible or suitable for protection under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act should also have ANCSA 17 (d)(1) withdrawals maintained to help preserve the current resource condition of their outstandingly remarkable river values until land conveyances are completed or a protective management strategy is established.

Bering Region

Nearly one million acres of BLM lands qualify for protection in the Bering region. The
glaciated and high alpine landscape, outstanding biodiversity, and rare plants and animals is
unique to BLM managed lands across the nation. Biodiversity includes migratory birds that
stage in the Bering region, harbor scals, mountain goats, bears, rare plant species, and the
largest and longest glacier in North America, the Bering Glacier. The Alaska Coalition and
several other organizations submitted a written nomination specifically for the Bering Region
Research Natural Area to the BLM in July 2003.

West Fork Gulkana River

A large percentage of the world's known population of trumpeter swans, a BLM –Alaska designated Sensitive Status Species, is the focus of this proposed ACEC. A large number of other waterfowl utilize the amazing wetlands of the West Fork for breeding grounds. The ACEC would cover nearly one-half million acres. Trophy-size bull moose inhabit the watershed and would benefit from the ACEC; the moose habitat in the West Fork of the Gulkana is impacted by encroaching off-road vehicle use. Sockeye and king salmon stocks spawn in the tributaries of the West Fork of the Gulkana. The ACEC would compliment the management scheme for the lower portions of the Gulkana, which was designated by ANILCA as a Wild and Scenic River corridor in 1980.

Nelchina Caribou Herd Calving Grounds

The Nelchina Caribou Herd is an integral part of the functioning ecosystem in Eastern Alaska. Subsistence hunters, wildlife photographers, recreationists, and tourists benefit from a thriving, healthy herd in the region. The northern third of the caribou herd calving grounds are on BLM administered lands. This ACEC of nearly one-half million acres, would protect the calving grounds, which are located in the tundra-covered foothills region of the Talkeetna Mountains. Caribou habitat is shrinking and under pressure from rapidly increasing OHV use and a flood of mining projects in the region.

Delta Bison Habitat

This ACEC would be created to protect the Delta bison herd in Eastern Alaska. Quality
habitat for the Delta Bison becoming scarce as more lands in the Delta Junction region are
developed for crop and livestock production. The ACEC would be located in the riparian
zone between the Black Rapids and Delta River would protect Delta Bison habitat and the
traditional calving range for the herd. The ACEC would compliment the management scheme
of the upper portions of the Delta River which was designated by ANILCA as a Wild and
Scenic River corridor.

Maclaren River

50 miles, including the East and West Forks Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- · Views of the Alaska Range; habitat for moose and waterfowl
- Lower Maclaren has recreational value as it connects with Tyone River trail system.

Tangle Lakes trail system

12 miles, Tangle Lakes to Maclaren River

Outstandingly Remarkable Values

• Visual qualities; fish, wildlife and recreational values.

Monsoon Creek/Lake

13 miles, Tributary to West Fork Gulkana River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- · Scenic and fisherics values
- · Extension of Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River

Victor Creek

20 miles, Tributary to West Fork Gulkana River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- Scenic values
- · Major anadromous fish spawning area
- Extension of Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River

South Branch of the West Fork of the Gulkana River

9 miles, tributary to the West Fork of the Gulkana River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- · Scenic, fish, and wildlife values
- Recreational opportunities
- Extension of Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River

* This river system was determined *suitable* for Wild and Scenic River designation if retained in long-term federal ownership. Draft East Alaska RMP, April 2005

Hungry Hollow Creek

12 miles, Tributary to Middle Fork Gulkana River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- Northernmost population of steelhead trout.
- Extension of Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River

12-mile Creek,

13 miles, Tributary to main stem of Gulkana River

Outstandingly Remarkable Values

• Extension of Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River. It is presumed that BLM intended to recognize that 12-mile creek also possesses the same outstandingly remarkable values which the Gulkana National Wild and Scecni River was designated to protect.

Tyone River

25 miles, Tributary to Maclaren River Outstandingly Remarkable ValuesHistoric and cultural values

Ewan Lake

In Gulkana River watershed Outstandingly Remarkable Values • Historic and cultural values Fish Lake system

In Gulkana River watershed

Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- Scenic, wildlife, and fisheries values
- Extension of Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River

Chistochina River

25 miles, East Fork

- Outstandingly Remarkable Values
- Wildlife and fisheries values

Sourdough Creek

21 miles, Tributary to main stem Gulkana River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

 Extension of Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River. It is presumed that BLM intended to recognize that 12-mile creek also possesses the same outstandingly remarkable values which the Gulkana National Wild and Scecni River was designated to protect.

Haggard Creek

13 miles, Tributary to Sourdough Creek Outstandingly Remarkable Values

 Extension of Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River. It is presumed that BLM intended to recognize that 12-mile creek also possesses the same outstandingly remarkable values which the Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River was designated to protect.

Susitna River

152 miles, Portion above Devil's Canyon Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- · Scenic values
- · Floatboating opportunities
- · Fish and wildlife values

Suslota Creek

24 miles, Slana area Outstandingly Remarkable Values

· Scenic, recreation, and wildlife values

Tonsina River

55 miles, Tributary to the Copper River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

· Recreational and wildlife values

Greyling Creek

15 miles, Tributary to Tonsina River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

- Scenic values (Chugach Mountains)
- · Wildlife and fisheries values

Tiekel River

40 miles, Tributary to Copper River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

Scenic values, hanging glaciers

Bernard Creek

20 miles, Tributary to Tonsina River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

· Scenic and recreational values

Liberty Creek 14 miles, Tributary to Copper River Outstandingly Remarkable Values • Scenic and recreational values

Kaliakh River

40 miles, Bering Glacier area, flows into Gulf of Alaska Outstandingly Remarkable Values

· Scenic, recreational, and wildlife values

Clearwater Creek

22 miles, Tributary to Susitna River Outstandingly Remarkable Values

· Unique clearwater stream

· Recreation, fish, and wildlife values

Brushkana Creek

12 miles, Tributary to Nenana River

Outstandingly Remarkable Values

Scenic, recreation, historical, fish, and wildlife values

Nenana River

40 miles, Upper portion above Parks Highway Outstandingly Remarkable Values

· Scenic, recreation, and wildlife values

Ring of Fire RMP Planning Area

The Draft Ring of Fire RMP/EIS has not been released for public review. The following river systems and lands were nominated by the public during the scoping process for consideration as potential Wild and Scenic Rivers and Areas of Critical Environmental Concern. Any additional rivers determined in planning documents to be eligible or suitable for protection under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act should also have ANCSA 17 (d)(1) withdrawals maintained to help preserve the current resource condition of their outstandingly remarkable river values until land conveyances are completed or a protective management strategy is established.

Iniskin River, Western Cook Inlet

- · Wildlife habitat, especially brown bears
- · Fisheries, excellent spawning and rearing habitat for salmon
- · Scenery within the Iniskin valley is stunning, as well as the views of Cook Inlet, adjacent
- mountains and nearby St. Augustine volcano.
- Recreational hunting and subsistence values

Kirschner Lake, Western Cook Inlet

 Unique scenic values, including a stunning waterfall that drops over sheer coastal cliffs into Cook Inlet.

Ursus Cove River System, Western Cook Inlet, Bruin Bay

- · Wildlife and fisheries values
- Scenic values

McArthur River and Blockade Glacier and Lake, Western Cook Inlet

- · Remarkable visual and recreation values
- · Wildlife habitat for moose and bears

Harriet Creek, Western Cook Inlet

Wildlife habitat and fisheries values

Chilligan River, Western Cook Inlet, Tributary of Chakachamna Lake
 Outstanding scenery and recreation resources

Barbara Creek, Port Heiden area

 Critical shorebird habitat for many species, including the Stellar's Eider and Beringian marbled godwit

Reindeer Creek, Port Heiden area

 Critical shorebird habitat for many species, including the Stellar's Eider and Beringian marbled godwit

Tsirku River, Haines area

- · Scenery and recreation resources
- · Critical wildlife habitat, especially for mountain goats
- Cultural resources

Takhin River, Haines area

- · Scenery and recreation resources
- · Critical wildlife habitat, especially for mountain goats
- · Cultural resources

Ferebee Glacier & River, Haines area

· Scenery and recreation resources

Chilkat River, Haines area

- · Scenery and recreation resources
- · Critical wildlife habitat, especially for mountain goats
- Cultural resources
- · Geologic values

Knik River, Southcentral Alaska

- · Outstanding scenic values and recreation opportunities
- · Cultural values

Friday Creek, Tributary of Knik River

Scenery and recreation resources

Hunter Creek, Tributary to Knik River

· Scenery and recreation resources

Neacola Mountains and Blockade Lake

Remarkable visual and recreation resources on unselected BLM administered lands encompassing the Neacola Icefield and Blockade Glacier and Lake are well-deserving of ACEC designation. The extreme visual beauty of the seemingly endless blue and white glacial expanses, surrounded by the Neacola's jagged mountain peaks is a majestic and awe-inspiring. This scenery embodies the immense spirit of Alaska's vast wildlands. Nearly all the surrounding lands are managed for conservation; the unit is bordered on the south by Lake Clark National Park Wilderness and is located close to Redoubt Bay State Critical Habitat Area and Trading Bay State Game Refuge to the east. The BLM would be consistent with federal, state, and borough land planning in recognizing the outstanding qualities of the area and the need

for conservation-minded management practices through the designation of the Neacola-Blockade Lake ACEC.

• Terrestrial wildlife habitat of high value includes concentrated moose winter areas and postrutting habitat. The DNR Kenai Area Plan mentions several species in the Neacola Mountain region. Black bear habitat may warrant special designation. A notable Trumpeter swan nesting area is located at the snout of Blockade Lake. There are genetically isolated small mammal species in the vegetated high country on the east side of the block as well.

Ursus Cove-Bruin Bay, Kirschner Lake Complex

- The lands administered by the BLM in the Ursus Cove, Kirschner Lake and Bruin Bay Complex are ecologically diverse; coastal estuary habitats, shellfish concentrations, and marine mammals as well as world-class brown bear habitat make these lands unique. The area has been recognized for its outstanding habitat values; the National Park Service manages lands to the north as Lake Clark National Park Wilderness and the McNeil River State Game Sanctuary lies to the south.
- The terrestrial habitat in the Ursus Cove-Bruin Bay complex is outstanding. The Nature Conservancy has identified the Ursus Cove-Bruin Bay complex as a core area of biological significance. Coastal waters, drainages and streams provide spawning and rearing habitat for salmon. This stretch of southwestern Cook Inlet, including Kamishak Bay, contains some of the most important and biologically productive ecological systems in the Gulf of Alaska. Marine resources are also significant in the Ursus Cove-Bruin Bay complex; the cove provides habitat for a high concentration of spawning Pacific herring.

Port Heiden Units

• The two small parcels of BLM administered land near Port Heiden, which include a segment of Barbara Creek and the upper delta of Reindeer Creek, exist within a region of the Alaska Peninsula noted by the Alaska Department of Natural Resources as critical waterfowl and shorebird habitat. The area is critical habitat for Stellar's eider, a threatened species of international significance. In the spring, the majority of the world's population of Stellar's Eider migrates to the Bristol Bay coast of the Alaska Peninsula. In winter, nearly 80% of the Pacific population winters along the Alaska Peninsula, southern Cook Inlet, as well as other areas in Southwest Alaska. The Port Heiden area is known to host the Beringian marbled godwit, which does not occur elsewhere on the globe---giving it special status bird on the list of Migratory Bird Act. Tens of thousands of dunlin, western sandpiper, bar-tailed godwit and rock sandpiper use this locale as a staging area.

Port Moller Units

- Two parcels of BLM administered lands south of Port Moller contain important bird, mammal, and marine habitat with more than local significance. The Port Moller region is noted for critical waterfowl and shorebird habitat, as well as important habitat for the Southern Alaska Peninsula Caribou Herd, fulfilling the BLM relevance criteria for ACEC designation. Notable bird species are known to inhabit the Port Moller area throughout the year. The area is important habitat for the Stellar's Eider, a threatened species, as well as King Eider. The nearby Nelson Lagoon is critical habitat for Steller's Eider during molting season. The parcels of BLM are known to have Tundra Swan nesting and brooding concentrations identified by the US Fish and Wildlife Service. Waterfowl are abundant at lakes, ponds and wetlands along the Bering Sea coast south of Port Moller-Herendeen Bay.
- Mammal species known to inhabit the uplands of the Port Moller area include Brown bear, wolverine, caribou, and in riparian zones, moose. In 2003 Alaska Peninsula and Bristol Bay Basin Ecoregional Assessment, The Nature Conservancy identified the Port Moller area, located to the north of the BLM administered lands, as a "core area" of biological significance.

Palmer Hay Flats, Knik River Valley and Other Southcentral Lands

The BLM is the only land-managing agency that has not identified and recognized areas with
conservation value in the Cook Inlet Ecoregion.

Haines Area BLM Lands

- The BLM lands in the Haines region represent a unique diversity and assemblages of plants and animals in the where coastal and interior communities mix. The diversity in this area is some of the greatest in Alaska, in terms of bird, animal, and plant communities. Lodgepole pine fire relationships are an example of some of the unique ecosystem functions that are represented in this area of ecological transition. Alaska Coalition supports ACEC or RNA status for the complex of lands managed by BLM in the Haines region. In our management comments, we recommended management objectives must be established for the ACEC/RNA to protect local mountain goat populations.
- The goal of the Alaska Coalition is to effectively protect the local mountain goat populations
 threatened by commercial helicopter activities, preserve the pristine riverine habitat preferred by
 Bald Eagles and other waterfowl. In addition, the ACEC/RNA mitigation guidelines would
 mitigate the effects of any proposed or permitted surface disturbing activities from disrupting the
 natural scenic beauty of these wild lands and any potentially devastating impacts on the primarily
 tourism based economies of the local communities.

Southeast Temperate Rainforest Parcels

Intact temperate rainforests, such as those found in the lower elevations on some parcels of BLM lands are rare in Southeast Alaska, the United States, and globally. Forested lands in Southeast Alaska are subject to potential severe deforestation and ecosystem destruction due to conflicting management practices among their fragmented owners, including the BLM, the US Forest Service, the State of Alaska and various Native Corporations. These lands are at risk of being cleared of all commercially important forests in the near future. Alaska Coalition has requested that BLM use the Ring of Fire planning process to inventory and prioritize for the protection of small parcels of these incredibly ecologically valuable lands. BLM lands in Southeast Alaska include brown bear habitat, fish spawning streams, and small wetlands that are home unique species of amphibians. Each of these small parcels may qualify for ACEC or RNA status.

Bristol Bay RMP Planning Area

The Draft Bay RMP/EIS has not been released for public review. The following river systems were nominated by the public during the scoping process for consideration as potential Wild and Scenic Rivers. Any additional rivers determined in planning documents to be eligible or suitable for protection under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act should also have ANCSA 17 (d)(1) withdrawals maintained to help preserve the current resource condition of their outstandingly remarkable river values until land conveyances are completed or a protective management strategy is established.

Alagnak National Wild River

The Southwest Alaska Conservation Council has identified the Alagnak River as a *Priority Salmon Conservation Watershed* for five Pacific species, which include 259,000 sockeye salmon and 137,000 pink and coho salmon.¹ Parcels of BLM-administered uplands adjacent to the designated Alagnak National Wild River should be evaluated for their recreational, fisheries, visual, wildlife, and subsistence resources. Management of these parcels for ORV use, mineral development, and commercial and non-commercial recreation activities should be consistent with the NPS management directives for the Alagnak NWR.

Kvichak River Tributaries

Kvichak Bay Area

Kvichak Bay has been identified by Audubon Alaska as an Important Bird Area in the Bering Sea for waterfowl and shorebirds (2002). A portion of Kvichak Bay is included in the Bristol Bay

Alaska Peninsula and Bristol Bay Basin Ecoregional Assessment, The Nature Conservancy, 2004.

Fisheries Reserve, which prohibits surface entry permits to develop oil or gas leases on submerged or shore lands on state-owned or controlled land until the legislature specifically finds that the entry will not constitute danger to the fishery.² BLM managed lands and streams adjacent to the Native-patent shore lands of Kvichak Bay should be evaluated for fisheries resources and ecological function. Any proposals for mineral development activities on these lands should be closely analyzed and, if permitted, required to operate under stringent mitigation measures to ensure environmentally sound operating procedures.

Kaskanak Creek

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species, especially the world class trophy rainbow trout population. Kaskanak Flats is a critical rainbow trout spawning area.³
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Wildlife habitat for moose, caribou and brown bears.
- Subsistence resources.
- Recreational opportunities.
- Likelihood of cultural and archaeological resources.

Ben Courtny Creek

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Wildlife habitat for moose and caribou.
- Subsistence resources.
- Recreational opportunities.

Ole Creek

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Wildlife habitat for moose and caribou.
- Recreational opportunities.

Nushagak River Tributaries

The Nushagak River watershed provides important habitat to moose, especially in lowland forests near lakes and rivers. Caribou from the Mulchatna herd migrate and calve through the area where tundra and open boreal forest is found. The area also provides habitat for brown and black bears, wolverine, wolves and fox. The Nushagak area provides staging, nesting, molting or year round habitat for some 150 species of birds. These include 32 species of waterfowl, 22 species of shore birds, 55 species of passerine, 17 species of raptors, 5 species of upland birds and 10 species of sea birds. Audubon Alaska considers Nushagak Bay an *Important Bird Area in the Bering Sea* for waterfowl and shorebirds. The state has identified the Nushagak River have also been identified by the State of Alaska. The state has identified the Nushagak Mulchatna Rivers Recreation Area as an Area which Merits Special Attention (BBCRSAB 1990), and the Bristol Bay Plan for State Lands (ADNR 1984) identified the Nushagak River drainage as a priority for conservation. Part of Nushagak Bay is in the Bristol Bay Fisheries Reserve, which prohibits surface entry permits to develop oil or gas leases on submerged lands or shorelands on state owned or controlled land until the legislature specifically finds that the entry will not constitute danger to the fisheries.⁴

Koggiling Creek

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Wildlife habitat for moose and caribou.

² Alaska Peninsula and Bristol Bay Basin Ecoregional Assessment, The Nature Conservancy, 2004.

³ Alaska Peninsula and Bristol Bay Basin Ecoregional Assessment, The Nature Conservancy, 2004.

⁴ Alaska Peninsula and Bristol Bay Basin Ecoregional Assessment, The Nature Conservancy, 2004.

Recreational opportunities.

Klutuk River

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Wildlife habitat for moose and caribou.
- Recreational opportunities.

Lake Iliamna Tributaries

Upper Talarik Creek

In 1984, the Alaska DNR Bristol Bay Area Plan closed the anadromous portions of Upper Talarik Creek and any state owned uplands 100 feet from ordinary high water mark to new mineral entry for the protection of fisheries and recreational resources in accordance with AS 38.05.185.³

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species, especially the world class trophy rainbow trout population.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- · Wildlife habitat for moose, caribou and bears.
- Subsistence resources.
- Recreational opportunities.
- Likelihood of cultural and archaeological resources.

Iliamna River

In 1984, the Alaska DNR Bristol Bay Area Plan closed the anadromous portions of Iliamna River and any state owned uplands 100 feet from ordinary high water mark to new mineral entry for the protection of fisheries and recreational resources in accordance with AS 38.05.185.⁶

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Remarkable visual resources.
- Wildlife habitat for moose, caribou and bears.
- Recreational opportunities.
- Likelihood of cultural and archaeological resources.

Goodnews River and Tributaries

The Southwest Alaska Conservation Council identified the Goodnews River as a *Priority Salmon Conservation Watershed* for five Pacific salmon species in 2002. The US Fish & Wildlife Service has also identified the Goodnews River drainage as a *Special Value Area* in their 1986 Togiak National Wildlife Refuge Comprehensive Conservation Plan. The upper part of the Goodnews River is included within the Refuge's designated Wilderness Area.⁷

South fork of Goodnews River

- · Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Subsistence resources.
- Potential for current or future ORV use.
- Commercial recreation opportunities.

Middle fork of Goodnews River

⁵ Accessed on-line at <u>http://www.dnr.state.ak.us/mlw/planning/areaplans/bristol.pdf/ch2_minerals.pdf</u>, March 2005.

⁶ Accessed on-line at <u>http://www.dnr.state.ak.us/mlw/planning/areaplans/bristol.pdf/ch2_minerals.pdf</u>, March 2005.

⁷ Alaska Peninsula and Bristol Bay Basin Ecoregional Assessment, The Nature Conservancy, 2004.

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Subsistence resources.
- Potential for current or future ORV use.
- Commercial recreation opportunities.

Main Fork of Goodnews River

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Subsistence resources.
- Potential for current or future ORV use.
- Commercial recreation opportunities.

Barnum Creek - tributary of the main fork of Goodnews River.

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Subsistence resources.
- Commercial recreation and sportfishing activities occur downstream at the stream's confluence with Goodnews River.

Tivyagak Creek - tributary of the South Fork of Goodnews River.

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Subsistence resources.
- Commercial recreation opportunities.

Puyulik Creek - tributary of the Goodnews River.

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bristol Bay fisheries.
- Subsistence resources.
- Commercial recreation opportunities.

Bering Sea Coastal Streams

Jacksmith Creek

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bering Sca fisheries.
- Potential for recreational opportunities.

Cripple Creek

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bering Sea fisheries.
- · Critical migratory bird habitat in association with Carter Spit.

Indian River

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bering Sea fisheries.
- Critical migratory bird habitat in association with Carter Spit.

Arolik River and Tributaries

South Fork of Arolik River

- Critical habitat for salmon spawning and resident fish species.
- Essential to proper ecological function of the Bering Sea fisheries.

 Extensive fly-in commercial recreation and sport fishing operations currently occur downstream of the BLM-managed parcels and there is potential for recreation activities to occur on the public lands.

Faro Creek

- Potential for significant cultural and archaeological resources due to the presence of archaeological ruins on neighboring downstream Native patent lands.
- An old mining trail system encompasses these public lands and may provide access routes to off road vehicles.

Kobuk-Seward RMP Planning Area

The Draft Kobuk-Seward RMP/EIS has not been released for public review. The below river systems were nominated by the public during the scoping process for consideration as potential Wild and Scenic Rivers. Any additional rivers determined in planning documents to be eligible or suitable for protection under the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act should also have ANCSA 17 (d)(1) withdrawals maintained to help preserve the current resource condition of their outstandingly remarkable river values until land conveyances are completed or a protective management strategy is established.

Coastal streams on the Seward Peninsula are significant salmon spawning streams that support the needs of local subsistence users, as well as the activities of sport and commercial fishermen. Large populations of resident fish species, particularly Dolly Varden and Arctic Grayling are also present. Considering the historic human use of lands within the planning area over the past 10,000 years, there is a high likelihood that undiscovered cultural or archaeological remains may be present along these river systems. The following streams have been identified through scoping and recommended for evaluation as potential Wild & Scenic Rivers:

Tubutulik River Inglutalik River Shaktoolik River Ungalik River Koyuk River Agiapuk River Fish River Kivalina River Wulik River

Lands include:

Western Arctic Caribou Herd Habitat

Alaska's largest caribou herd, the 450,000-member Western Arctic caribou herd (WACH), relies upon the public lands within the Kobuk-Seward Peninsula planning area for critical habitat. The Lisburne Peninsula represents a large portion of the WACH's summer range and is also an important Insect Relief area for the herd. The BLM managed lands in the Nulato Hills consist of essential WACH winter range. Both of these areas play a critical role in supporting the local subsistence lifestyle. The Western Arctic Caribou Working Group, a collaborative working group of 20 village representatives from Northwest Alaska, has nominated BLM lands throughout the planning area for ACEC status. The Alaska Coalition supports the nomination and will provide support, where necessary, to ensure that the nominations are included in the draft RMP for the Kobuk-Seward.

Kigluaik Mountains

Within the Kigluaik Mountains, approximately 50 glacially formed cirque lakes support
populations of reproductively isolated fish species. These genetically unique Arctic char
populations have been identified by BLM as a sensitive species. Spectacular vistas of
mountain passes and glacial valleys are available within this area. The Kigluaik
Mountains offer a wide variety of road accessible recreational opportunities, including
fishing, hiking, backpacking, mountaineering, backcountry skiing, snowmachining, dog
mushing, and photographing wildlife. Historic gold mining activity is also known to
have occurred within the area.

Windy Cove

 Features of interest include the Kigluaik fault, coastal tundra wetland plant communities, and habitat for migratory Eurasian birds with limited North American distribution. This area is one of the last segments of tidewater shoreline of the northern Seward Peninsula remaining in BLM management. The Kigluaik fault line cliff is the most active and most-recently active of the Seward Peninsula faults.

Mt. Osborne

• Unique geology provides habitat for rare plant species, small mountain glaciers and moraines, highly metamorphosed rocks, and habitat for gyrfalcon and snow bunting populations.

<u>Camp Haven Gap</u>

• Primary features of interest included exposed limestone near the western range extent of white spruce. Rare plant species are supported on the carbonate rock exposures.

Clear Creek Hot Springs

• Unique geologic features and the relatively pristine hot springs provide excellent habitat to support specialized plant species and various vegetation range extensions.

Designated National Wild & Scenic Rivers

Mineral withdrawals should be maintained within all designated Wild and Scenic River corridors and along their tributary streams. These withdrawals will provide additional management tools and authority to ensure that the outstandingly remarkable resource values for which the rivers were designated will be protected from impacts of mineral leasing, entry, and development. BLM Alaska currently manages the following six designated National Wild and Scenic Rivers:

Delta National Wild & Scenic River Gulkana National Wild & Scenic River Unalakleet National Wild River Birch Creek National Wild & Scenic River Beaver Creek National Wild & Scenic River 40-Mile National Wild River

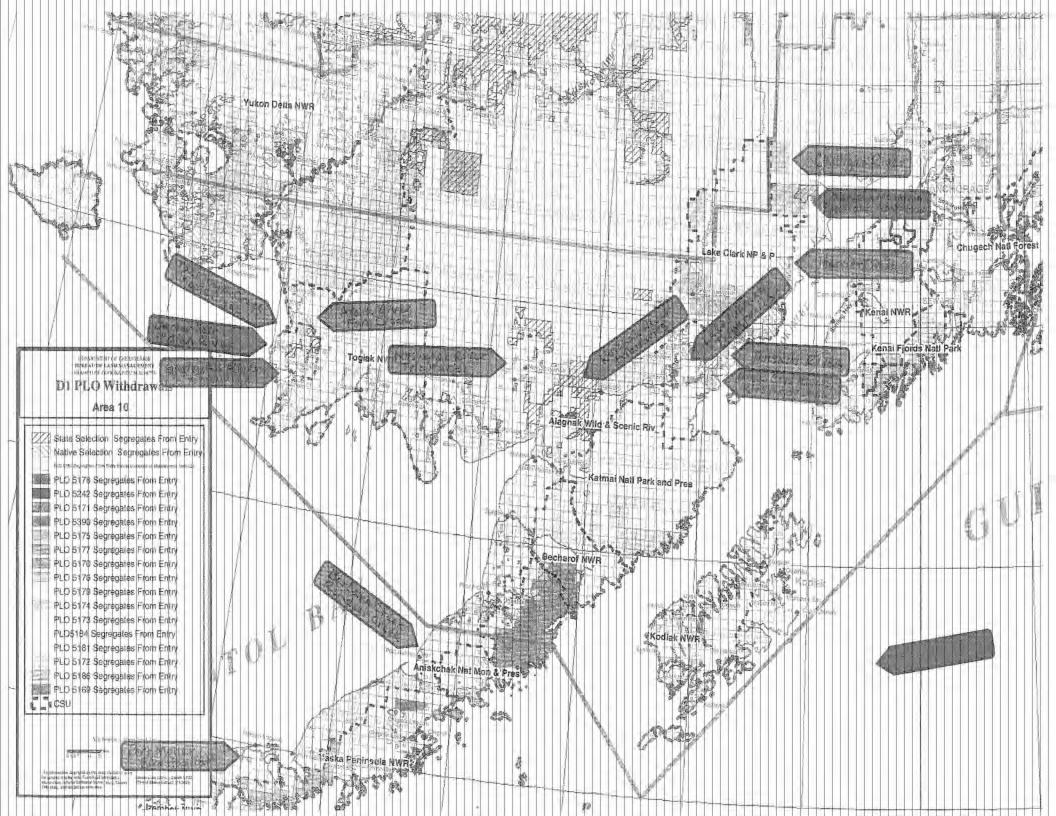
Table 1. Alaska Coalition et al ANCSA 17 (d)(1) Recommendations for Retaining Public Land Orders 15-Sep-05

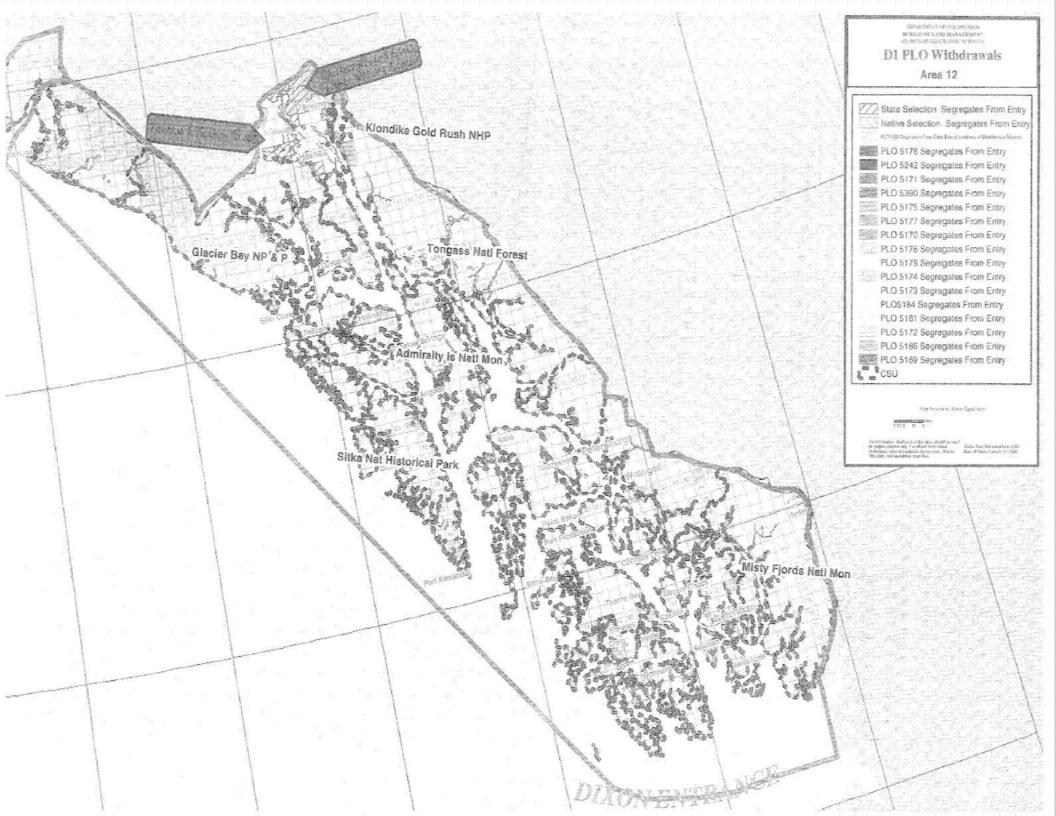
This table recommends specific BLM-managed lands that should have ANCSA 17 (d)(1) withdrawels maintained. The majority of these tands have been identified through: the public scoping processes of ongoing Resource management Plans (RMPs). These lands contain significant resource values that are borg evaluated for conservation potential and/or multiple use allocation. We believe that the appropriate procedure for reviewing ANCSA 17 (d)(1) withdrawals on BLM-managed lands is through the RMP process.

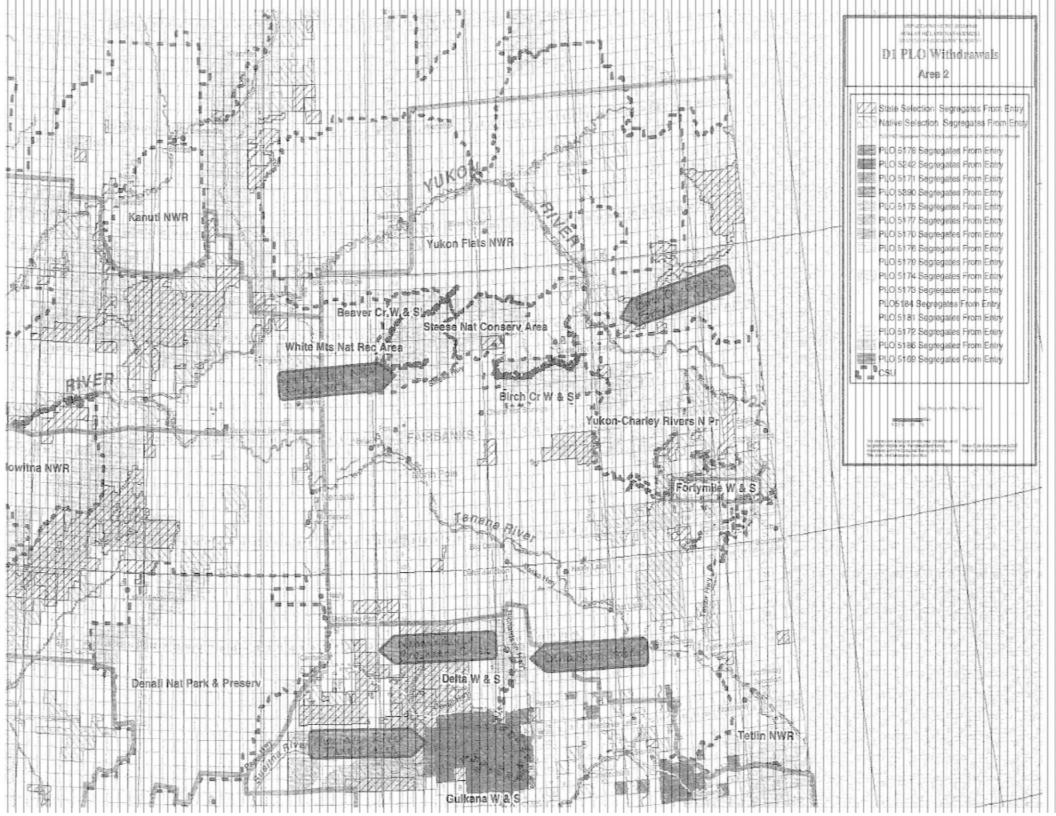
| Map Area | Planning Area | Geographic Description | PLO | Resource Values | Existing or Potential Protective Allocation |
|----------|-----------------|---|------------------------|--|--|
| | White Mountains | White Mountains National Recreation Area | 5173. 5184 | Scenic beauly, primilive recreation opportunities | Designaled NRA, several RNAs |
| 3 | Stease | Change Matterna 10 and | 6400 | | |
| 3 | Steese | Steese National Conservation Area | 5180 | Scenic beauty of national interest, primitive recreation opportunities, caribou califing grounds, large and small mammal habita: | Designated NGA contains Birch Wild and Scenk River |
| 6.9 . | Central | Unalakleet National Wild and Scenic River | 5173, 5179, 5180, 5184 | Culstanding salmon fisherios, recreation opportunities, and cultural/historic resources | Designated Wild and Scenic River |
| | | | | | |
| | Fortymile | Beaver Creek National Wild and Scenic River | 5179, 5160 | Outstanding recreational, fisherics, visual, wildlife, and subsistence resources | Designated Wild and Scenic River |
| | Fartymile | Fortymile National Wild and Scenic River | 5173, 5180, 5184 | Outstanding recreational, fisheries, visual, wildlike, and subsistence resources | Designated Wild and Scenic River |
| | Fortymile | Birch Creek National Wild and Scenic River | 5179, 5180 | Outstanding recreational, fisheries, visual, wildlife, and subsistence resources | Designated Wild and Scenic River |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| 2 | East Alaska | Delta National Wild and Scenic River | 5174,5178, 5184 | Outstanding recreational, fisheries, visual, wildlife, and subsistence resources | Designated Wild and Scenic River |
| 2,8 | East Alaska | Gulkana National Wild and Scenic River | 5178, 5180, 5184, 5186 | Outstanding recreational, fisheries, visual, wildlife, and subsistence resources | Designated Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Bering Glacier | 5176, 5179 | Migratory brds, harbor seal haulouts, large mammal habitat, paleontological resources, glacier research and primitive recreational opportunities | Resource Natural Area |
| | East Alaska | West Fork of Gutkana River Nelchina Caribau Herd Catving Grounds | 5178 5173, 5180 | Trumpeter Swan habitat (BLM sensitive spacies), migratory waterlowl, large mammal habitat, satmon spawning, primitive recreational opportunities | Suitable Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Delta Bison Habitat | 5160 | Nelchina Herd Caribou çalving grounds, primitive recreational opportunities, large mammat habitat Della Bison calving grounds, large mammat habitat | ACEC |
| | East Alaska | Madaran River | 5178 | Views of the Alaska Range, habitat for mouse and waterfowl, recreation values | ACEC |
| | East Alaska | Tangle Lakes | 5180 | Views of the Alaska Rainge, radical for receasions values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Monsoon Creek near West Fork of Gulkana | 5178 | Scenic values, major anadromous spawning, extension of Gulkana Wild and Scenic River | Eligible Wild and Scenic River Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| _ | East Alaska | Victor Creek | 5178 | Scenic values, major anadromous spawning, extension of Gulkana Wild and Scenic River | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | South Branch of the West Fork of the Gulkana River | 5178 | Scenic values, make anadromous spawning, extension of Gulkana Wild and Scenic River | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Hungry Hollow Creek | 5178 | Northernmost population of steelhead trout, extension of Guikana Wild and Scenic River | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | Epst Alaska | 12 mile Creek | 5178 | Extension of Gulkana Wild and Scenic River | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Typne River | 5178 | Historic and cultural values | Ekgible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Ewan Lake | 5178 | Historic and cultural values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Fish Lake System | 5178 | Scenic values, major anadromous spewning, extension of Gulkana Wild and Scenic River | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Chistochina River | 5184 | Wildlife and fisheries values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Sourdough Creek | 5178 | Extension of Gulkana Wild and Scenic River | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Haggard Creek | 5178 | Extension of Gulkana Wild and Scenic River | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Susilna River | 5160 | Satinon spawning, recreational opportunities, water quality | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Tonsina River | 5184 | Recreational and wildlife values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| - | East Alaska | Greyling Creek | 5184 | Scenic (Chugach Mountains), wildlife and fisheries values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Tiekel River | 5184, 5179 | Scenic, hanging glaciers | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| _ | East Alaska | Beinard Creek | 5184 | Scenic and recreational values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Liberty Creek | 5184 | Scenic and recreational values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Kallakh River | 5176 | Scenic and recreational values, wildlife values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| <u> </u> | East Alaska | Clearwater Creek | 5180 | Unique clearwater stream, recreation, fish, and wildlife values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | Brushkana Creek | 5180, 5184 5180 | Scenic, recreation, historical, and wildlife values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | East Alaska | INSUSTRATIA KIVEL | 0180 | Scenic and recreational values, wildlife values | Eligible Wild and Scenic River |
| | Ring of Fire | Iniskin River | 5174 | Widdlife habitat, especially brown bears, salmon spawning, outstanding scenery, recreational hunting and subsistence values | ACEC/RNA/Wild and Scenic |
| | Ring of Fire | Kirschner Lake | 5174 | Scenic values, primilive recreational opportunities, brown bear habitat, unque cliff waterfall | AGEC/RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | Ursus Cove River System | 5174 | Coastal estuaries, brown bear habitat, primitive recreational opportunities, high concentration of herring spawn in adjacent waters | ACEC/RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | McArthur River | 5174 | Wildlife habitat, important subsistence use area, black bear donning, salmon and Dolly Varden spawning, irumpeter swarts, visual values | ACEC/RNA/Wild and Scenic |
| | Ring of Fire | Harriet Creek | 5174 | Important fish spawning habitat, targe mammal habitat, primitive recreational opportunities, harbor seal haubuts, migratory waterfowl | ACEC/RNA |
| _ | Ring of Fire | Chilligan River | 5174 | Important large mammal habitat salmon spawning, habitat for Mu chatna Caribou Herd, primitive recreational opportunities, visual values | Wild and Scenic River |
| 11 | Ring of Fire | Barbara Creek | 5184 | Critical waterfowl and shorebird habital, including Stellar's Elder habitat | ACEC/RNA |
| 11 | Ring of Fire | Reindeer Creek | 8184 | Critical waterfowl and shorebird habitst, including Stellar's Eider habitat | ACEC/RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | Tsirku River | n/a | Scenery, recreation resources, critical wildlife habitat for mountain goats, cultural resources | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Ring of Fire | Takhin River | n/a | Scenery, recreation resources, childel wildlife habitat for mountain poats, cultural resources | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Ring of Fire | Ferebee Glacier and River | 5180 | Scenery and recreation resources | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Ring of Fire | Chilkat River | 5180 | Scenery, recreation resources, critical wildlike habitat for mountain goats, cultural resources, geological values | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Ring of Fire | Knik River | 5174, 5184 | Outstanding scenic values, recreation opportunities, cultural values | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Ring of Fire | Friday Creek | 5174 | Primitive recreational opportunity, large mammal habitat, scenery | ACEC/RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | Huater Creek | 5174 | Primitive recreational opportunity, large mammal habitat, scenery | ACEC/RNA |

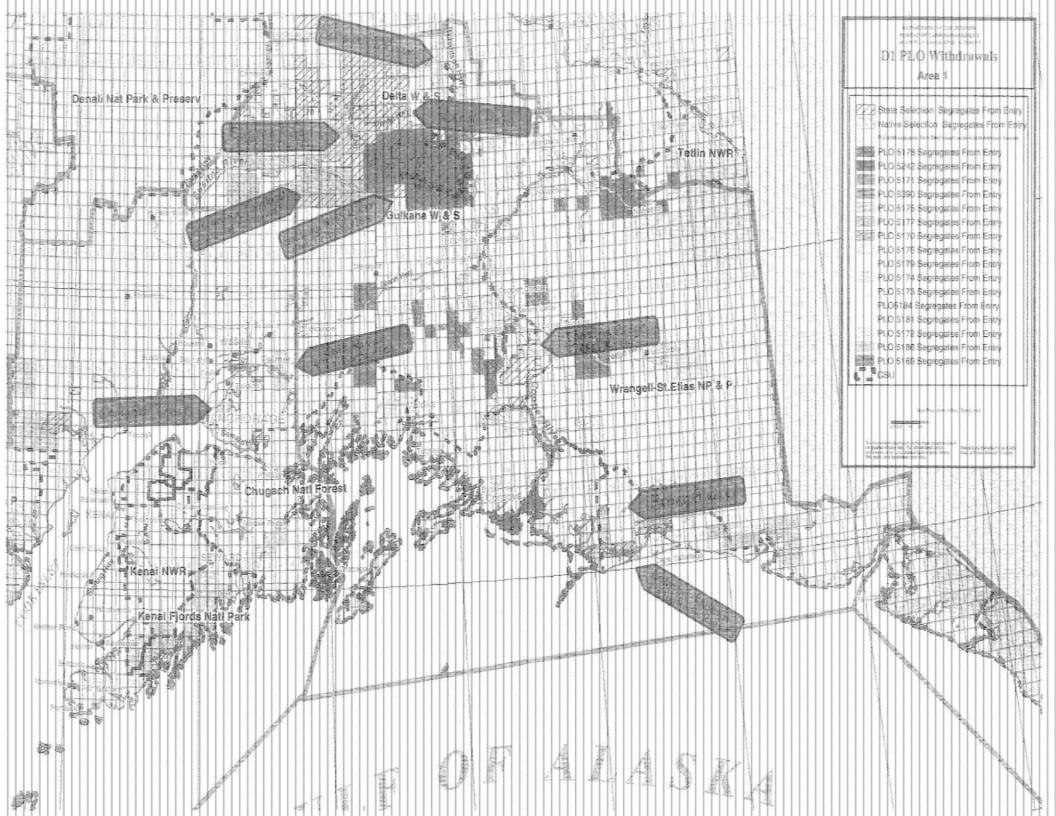
| | Ring of Fire | Neacola Mountains | 5174 | Scenic values, primiliva recreational opportunities, small mammal habitat | ACEC/RNA |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|------------------|---|--|
| | | Blockade Glacier and Lake | 5174 | Scenic values, primitive recreational opportunities | ACEC/RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | Bruin Bay | 5174 | Scenic values, primitive recreational opportunities, brown bear habitat | ACEC/RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | Part Heiden Units | 5184 | Migratory bird habitat including Beringian marbled godwil (special status bird) | ACEC/RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | Port Moller Units | 5172 | Migratory bird habitat including King Elder Tundra Swans, caribou habitat, and large mammal habitat | ACEC/RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | Palmer Hay Flats | r/a | Migratory bird habitat including Tundra Swans, lesser Canada, Great White-Fronted, and Snow Geese, large mananal habitat | ACEC/RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | Haines Area BLM Lands | 5160 | Mountain goat habitat, diversity of plant and animal communities (in Lodgepole pine), recreational opportunities, scenic beauty | RNA |
| | Ring of Fire | Southeast Temperate Rainforest Parcels | n/a | Intact temperate rainforests, unique geology, brown bear and large mamma habitat, important salmon spawning streams, wetlands | RNA/ACEC |
| | Bay | Alagnak National Wild River | 5184 | Outstanding recreational, fisheries, visual, wildlife, and subsistence resources | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Вау | Kvidhak Bay | 5184 | Important subsistence and sport fishery, salmon spawning | ACEC/RNA |
| | Bay | Kaskanak Creek | 5184, 5179 | Salmon and rainbow trout spawning habitat, important widkle habitat & subsistence hunting, cultural and archeological resources | ACEC/RNA/Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Ben Courtny Creek | 5184, 5179 | Important subsistence and sport fishery, salmon spawning, large mammal habitat | ACEC/RNA/Wird and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Ole Creck | 5184 | Salmon, rainbow trout spewning habitat, witelife habitat & subsistence hunting, recreational, cultural and archeological resources | ACEC/RNA/Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Koggiling Creek | 5184 | Salmon, rainbow trout spawning habitat, w/dilfe habitat & subsistence hunting, rocreational, cultural and archeological resources | ACEC/RNA/Wiid and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Klutuk River Upper Talakik Greek | 5180 | Salmon, rainbaw trout spawning habitat, widlife habitat & subsistence hunting, recreational, cultural and archeological resources Salmon, rainbow trout spawning habitat, wildlife habitat & subsistence hunting, recreational, cultural and archeological resources | ACEC/RNA/Wild and Scenic River ACEC/RNA/Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay Bay | lliamna River | 5184, 5174 | Sachon, randow trout spawning habitat, wildlife habitat & subsistence hunting, recreational, cultural and archeological resources | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Goodnews River | 5184, 5179, 5181 | Important salmon spawning watershed for five Pacific salmon species | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bav | Barnum Creek | 5179 | Important samon spawning watershed for five Pacific samon species | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Tivyadak Creek | 5181, 5184 | Important satisfy spawning watershed for five Pacific salmon species | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Вау | Puyulik Creek | 5184 | Important salmon spawning watershed for five Pacific salmon species | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Jacksmith Creek | 5181, 5184 | Critical salmon spawning habitat, important fishery for the Beiing Sea, migratory bird habitat, recteational opportunities | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Cripple Crock | 5181 | Critical salmon spawning habitat, important fishery for the Beijing Sea, migratory bird habitat near Carter Spit, recreational opportunities, | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Indian River | 5184, 5181 | Critical salmon spawning habitat, important fishery for the Bering Sea, migratory bird habitat near Carter Spid, recreational opportunities | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay | South Fork of the Arolik River | 5179 | Critical salmon spawning habitat, important fishery for the Bering Sea, migratory bird habitat, recreational opportunities | Wild and Scenic River |
| | Bay | Faro Creek | 5179 | Critical salmon spawning habitat, important fishery for the Bering Sea, migratory bird habitat, recreational opportunities | Wild and Scenic River |
| 2 | Bay | Carter Spit | | Migratory waterfowl habitet, recreational opportunities | ACEC/RNA |
| 5 | Kobuk-Seward | Tubatulik River | 5184 | Coastal salmon spawning streams, subsistence use areas, sport and commercial fishing use area, potential for archeological sites | Wild and Scenic River |
| 5 | Kobuk-Seward | Inglutalik River | 5180, 5184 | Coastal salmon spawning streams, subsistence use areas, sport and commercial fishing use area, potential for archeological sites | Wild and Scenic River |
| 5 | Kobuk-Seward | Shaktoolik River | 5180, 5184 | Coastal salmon spawning streams, subsistence use areas, sport and commercial fishing use area, potential for archeological siles | Wild and Scenic River |
| 5 | Kobuk-Seward | Ungalik River | 5180, 5184 | Coestal salmon spawning streams, subsistence use areas, sport and commercial fishing use area, potential for archeological sites | Wild and Scenic River |
| 5 | Kobuk-Seward | Koyuk River | 5180, 5184 | Coastal salmon spawning streams, subsistence use areas, sport and commercial fishing use area, potential for archeological sites | Wild and Scenic River |
| 5 | Kobuk-Seward | Aglapuk River | 5184 | Coastal salmon spawning streams, subsistence use areas, sport and commercial fishing use area, potential for archeological sites | Wild and Scenic River |
| T | Kobuk-Seward | Fish River | 5184 | Coastal salmon spawning streams, subsistence use areas, sport and commercial fishing use area, potential for archeological sites | Wild and Scenic River |
| 4 | Kobuk-Seward | Kivalina River | 5180, 5184 | Coastal salmon spawning streams, subsistence use areas, sport and commercial lishing use area, potential for archeological sites | Wild and Scenic River |
| 4 | Kobuk-Seward | Wulik River | 5180, 5184 | Coastal salmon spawning streams, subsistence use areas, sport and commercial fishing use area, potential for archeological sites | Wild and Scenic River |
| 6 | Kobuk-Seward | Western Arctic Caribou Herd Habitat | 5180 | Western Arctic Caribou Herd calving grounds, risect relief area, summer range, and winter range | ACEC/RNA |
| | Kobuk-Seward | Kighuaik Mountains | 5180, 5176, 5184 | Genet cally isolated Char populations, primitive recreational opport initias | ACEC/RNA |
| | Kobuk-Seward Kobuk-Seward | Windy Cove | 15184 | Coastal lundra wetland plant communities, migrotory bird habital, fidewater shoreline Unique geology, rare plant species, gyrfalcon habitat, primitiva recreational opportunities | ACECIRNA |
| | Kobuk-Seward | Camp Haven Gap | 5180, 5184 | Chique geology, rare part species, gynalcon nauter, primitiva recreational opportonales Rare plant species, unique geology | ACECIRNA |
| | Kobuk-Seward | Clear Creek Hot Springs | 3100, 3104 | Pristine hol spring, specialized plant communities | ACEC/RNA |
| - | | | | | |
| | Utility Corridor | Galbraith Lake | 51B0 | Cultural, rare/sensitive plants, scenic values, lambing areas | ACEC |
| | Utility Corridor | lvishak River | 5180 | Fishery, cultural resources | ACEC |
| | Utility Corridor | Jim River | 5180 | Fishery, cultural resources | ACEC |
| | Utility Corridor | Kanuli Hot Springs Nigu-Iteriak | 5180 5169 | Hot spring Geology, cultural resources | ACEC |
| | Utility Corridor Utility Corridor | Nugget Creek | 5180 | Lambing areas, mineral lick | ACEC |
| | Utility Corridor | Poss Mountain | 5180 | Lambing areas, minetal lick | ACEC |
| - | Utility Corndo | Segwon Bluffs | 5180 | Peregrine falcons | ACEC |
| | Utility Corrido | Slope Mountain | 5180 | Lambing areas, mineral lick, cultural | ACEC |
| | Julity Corridor | Snowden Mountain | 5180 | Lambing areas, mineral lick | ACEC |
| | Utility Corridor | Sukapak Mountain | 5180 | Scenic, geology | ACEC |
| | Utility Corridor | Toolik Lake Research Natural Area | 5180 | Resparch activities, cultural | RNA |
| | Utility Corridor | West Fork Atigun River | 5180 | Lambing areas, minerall/ick | ACEC |
| | Yukon | Box River Treekne | 5180 | See Fairbanks District Office Management Situation Analysis, Yukon Final RMP/EIS on Research Natural Areas | RNA |
| | Yukon | Redlands Lake | 5180 | See Fairbanks District Office Management Siluation Analysis, Yukon Final RMP/EIS on Research Natural Areas | RNA |
| | Yukon | Arms Lake | 5180 | See Pairbarks District Office Management Stualion Analysis, Yukon Final RMP/EIS on Research Natural Areas | RNA |
| _ | Yukon | Ishtašina Creek Hot Springs | 5180 | See Fairbanks District Office Management Situation Analysis, Yukon Final RMP/EIS on Research Natural Areas | RNA |
| | Yukon | McCuestan Creek | 5180 | See Fairbanks District Office Management Situation Analysis, Yukon Final RMP/EIS on Research Natural Areas | RNA |
| | Yukon | Spooky Valley | 5180 | See Fairbanks District Office Management Stuation Analysis, Yukon Final RMP/EIS on Research Natural Areas | RNA |
| | Yukon | Lake Todatonten Pingos/South Summit | 5180 | See Fairbanks District Office Management Situation Analysis, Yukon Final RMP/EIS on Research Natural Areas | RNA |
| | Yukan | Tagagawik/Buckland River Watersheds | 5180 | Important wilding habitat and subsistence use area | ACEC |

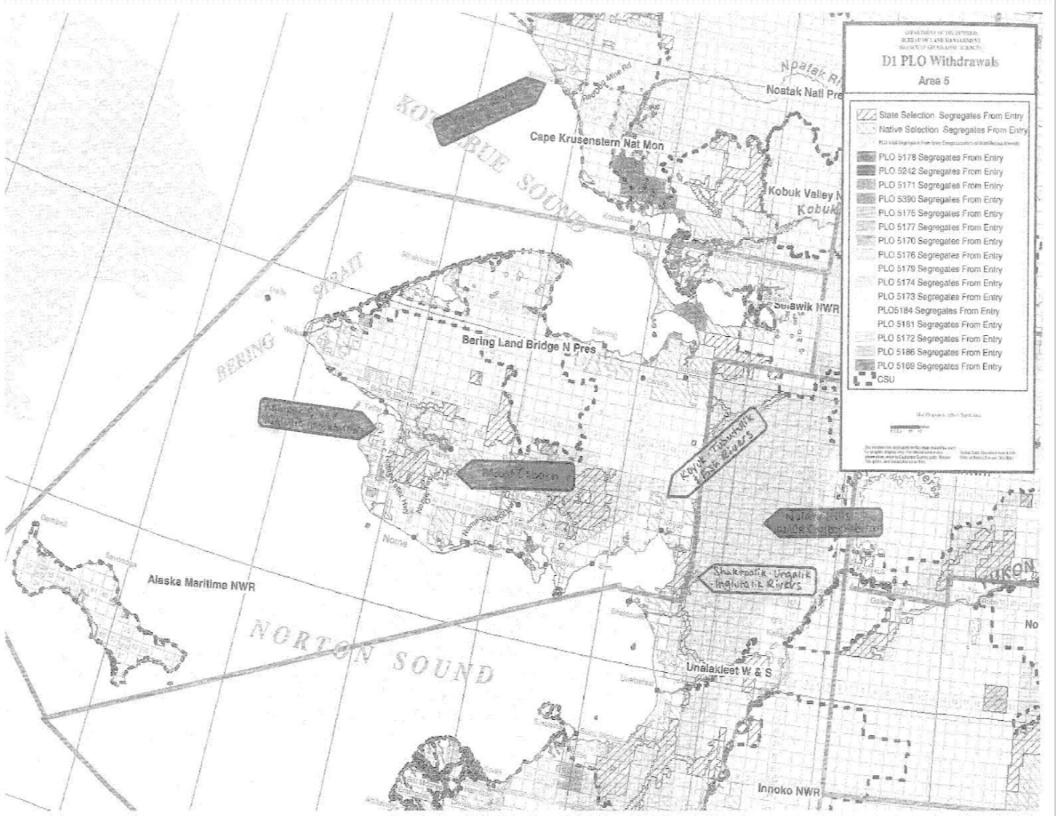
| Yukon | Kateel River | 5180 | Salmon spawning | TACEC |
|--------|---------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Yukon | Inglutalik River | 5180 | Important watershed | ACEC |
| Yukon | Ungatik River | 5180 | Important watershed | ACEC |
| Yukon | Gisasa River | 5180 | Salmon spawning | ACEC |
| Yukon | Nulato River | 5180 | Salmon spawning, important subsistence use area | ACEC |
| Yukon | North River | 5180 | Impertant watershed | ACEC |
| Yukon | Dulbi-Kalyuh Mountain Subunit | 5180, 5184 | Salmon spawning, important subsistence use area, threatened and endangered species habitat | These specific ACEC areas are defined on |
| Yukori | Kuskokwim Subunit | 5180 | Salmon spawning, important subsistence use area, threatened and endangered species habitat | This specific RNA is identified on |
| Yukon | Sutukana River Watershed | 5173, 518D | Only known sheetish spawning habitat within planning area | ACEC |
| Yukori | Tozintan River Watershed | 5173, 5180, 5184 | Caribou calving, salmon spawning | ACEC |
| Yukon | Ray River | 5173, 5180, 5184 | Identified as important for management constrains /setback zones | na |
| Yukon | Squaw Creek | 5180, 5184 | Identified as important for management constraints /setback zones | n/a |
| Yukon | Clear, Bear, Caribou Creek Watersheds | 5173, 5180 | Salmon spawning | ACEC |











Ahtna, Oncorporated

September 12, 2005

Bureau of Land Management Alaska State Office Attn: Section 207 Congressional Report (AK-932) 222 W. Seventh Ave., #13 Anchorage, AK 99513-7599

Dear Mr. Bisson:

Ahtna is hereby submitting written comments on D-1 Withdrawals.

- 1. Ahtna Inc. supports retention of all D1 Withdrawals. This would provide the greatest protection for natural resources and wildlife habitat.
- 2. Ahtna Inc. proposes the maintenance of D (1) withdrawals in areas where there are known and potential cultural sites. Tangle Lake Archaeological District is an important historical place to the Ahtna People, and we would like this area protected from mineral development.
- 3. Ahtna Inc. does not support the modification of Public Land Order 6329 that is included in Alternative D to allow for mineral entry in the Alphabet Hills area which has traditionally been used for hunting and is part of the migration corridor for the Nelchina Caribou Herd. Ahtna Inc. does not support the availability of the Alphabet Hills area to mineral leasing and it should be closed to such development activities.
- Ahtna, Inc does not support D-1 lands being revoked and opened for minerals and oil & gas entry, since this will greatly affect our ability to sustain a subsistence lifestyle.

Please read our comments and take them into consideration, when you review D-1 Withdrawals.

Sincerely.

Linda Tyone, Chair

9078223644



COPPER COUNTRY ALLIANCE

HC 60 Box 306T Copper Center, Alaska 99573 Phone (907) 822-3644 Fax (907) 822-3644 c-mail cca@coppervalleyak.net

Protecting the rural and wild natural environment of the Wrangell Mountains/Copper Basin region."

September 15, 2005

Bureau of Land Management Alaska State Office Attn: Section 207 Congressional Report (AK-932) 222 West Seventh Avenue #13 Anchorage, Alaska 99513-7599

Dear BLM Staff:

Thank you for providing an opportunity to comment on d-1 withdrawals.

Copper Country Alliance is a 501(c)(3) conservation organization based in Alaska's Copper River Basin. Our members are concerned with the long-term maintenance of healthy ecosystems and rural lifestyles in the region. We have provided suggestions and comments at every step of the public process for the East Alaska Resource Management Plan (EARMP), which is nearing completion.

SUMMARY:

We believe that no d-1 withdrawals should be lifted ...

- 1. until the 1876 Mining Law is updated;
- 2. until the United States government does its best to promote recycling and conservation, but still finds that a given mineral or petroleum resource is needed for the country's benefit;
- 3. as long as so many state lands are open to mining and oil and gas leasing;
- 4. until the BLM finishes its RMP process.

Some lands in the Glennallen BLM District (d-1 Area Map # 1) are so rich in other resources that they should never be opened to mineral or oil and gas entry. These include the following units being studied under the East Alaska RMP:

- 1. Delta Bison Calving Area of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC)
- 2. Nelchina Caribou Calving ACEC
- 3. West Fork of the Gulkana River ACEC
- 4. Bering Glacier Resource Natural Area (RNA)
- 5. Delta River Special Recreation Management Area (SRMA)
- 6. Gulkana River SRMA
- 7. Delta Range SRMA
- 8. Denali Highway SRMA
- 9. Tiekel SRMA

Other special areas in d-1 Area Map #1 which should never be opened to mineral or oil and gas entry are:

- 1. Willow Mountain and Stuck Mountain
- 2. Eureka Summit/Gunsight Mt./Belanger Pass
- 3. Tonsina River Bluffs

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DISCUSSION:

1876 Mining Law:

The Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act (ALTAA) requires BLM to determine if each d-1 withdrawal "...is still needed to protect the public interest in those lands." In the 129 years since the 1876 Mining Law was passed, the concept of "public interest" has changed considerably. Today, we recognize that public lands provide important services such as clean water, flood prevention (by wetlands), habitats for fish and wildlife, recreational opportunities, scenic beauty and wilderness. Large-scale mining, as currently practiced, generally impairs the ability of public lands to provide those services. It is not at all uncommon for mining companies to declare bankruptcy, leaving the cost of clean-up and restoration to the public. A number of "Superfund Sites" are abandoned mines. Furthermore, federal mining claims do not return back to the public a share of the public wealth that is removed from the ground. The only funds the U.S. government receives from hardrock mines is the annual claim maintenance fee of \$125 per claim, totaling about \$25 million per year. It is clear to us that the old law does not meet modern needs and conditions, and that it is detrimental to public lands and the public good for lands to be opened to mining under this archaic system.

Mineral and Petroleum Resources should be Extracted only When Necessary: A large share of the market for precious metals, such as gold and platinum, is for jewelry. Should landscapes be destroyed, should air and water be polluted, so that we can wear more ornaments? We think not. Our government also needs to do a better job of promoting and encouraging metal recycling and oil and gas conservation. It should require greater fuel efficiency and do more to promote public transit. Until then, resources are like "money in the bank". We will have them in times of true need rather than wasting them as we so often do at present.

Availability of State Lands:

Within the approximately 31-million-acre East Alaska planning area, only about 1.6 million acres are "unencumbered" BLM lands, meaning that they have not been selected by the State or by Native corporations. By contrast, 7 million acres have been conveyed to the State, and another 5.5 million acres have been State-selected. (Of those 5.5 million acres, 2.1 million acres have been dual selected by Native corporations, and another .006 million acres are on National Park Service-administered, rather than BLM-administered, lands.) After conveyances are completed--in only four years, if conveyances occur at the pace mandated by ALTAA--the State will control ample acreage for mineral and petroleum development, which the state government is encouraging. By and large, State selections were made for their mineral and oil and gas potential.

Federal lands, if they remain withdrawn, can provide a needed balance in land use, so that there will be wildlife habitats, subsistence opportunities and recreational opportunities, without the constant threat of those uses being lost to mineral and petroleum development.

Resource Management Plan Process:

The BLM is currently working on several in-depth resource management plans (RMPs). The East Alaska Resource Management Plan (EARMP) is nearing completion. Over the course of a couple years, public meetings have been held all over the planning area and beyond, to encourage public input. Copper Country Alliance took advantage of the opportunities to provide such input. A 1 ½ -inch-thick Plan and EIS is the latest product, and it analyzes four management alternatives. Copper Country Alliance favors Alternative C, the "Conservation Alternative", because we sincerely believe it comes closer to the middle of a conservation/development scale, and will provide better long-term stewardship than Alternative D, the preferred alternative. Even though we take a different viewpoint than the BLM directorship on which alternative is best, we believe that the RMP process is the proper place for addressing the future of d-1 lands.

Areas which should never be opened to mining or oil and gas leasing:

We will confine our remarks to d-1 Area Map # 1. The following EARMP study areas are defined by BLM, so you will be able to determine which PLOs pertain to them. We request that d-1 withdrawals remain in place, with the recommendation that permanent closures to entry be made.

- 1. Delta Bison Calving ACEC: This area is proposed in order to encourage bison to remain for the longest period of time on public lands, rather than invading private agricultural lands. Being undisturbed by resource development on these lands would further that goal.
- 2. Nelchina Caribou Calving ACEC: Perhaps no biological resource in the EARMP is valued more by the public than the Nelchina Caribou Herd. Alaskans from Anchorage, Fairbanks, and other areas join Copper Basin residents (our members among them) in applying for permits to hunt these caribou. Other Alaskans and visitors enjoy viewing them. They are also an important part of the natural food chain. Protecting this herd on its calving grounds is essential to maintaining a healthy herd.
- 3. West Fork of the Gulkana River ACEC: This is an important breeding area for trumpeter swans and other waterfowl, and an important salmon spawning area.
- 4. Bering Glacier RNA: If adopted, this will be the only Research Natural Area in the region. To quote from the EARMP, "the entire Bering Glacier system is considered a national treasure and unique laboratory by researchers and scientists."
- 5. Delta River SRMA: This area includes the Delta Wild and Scenic River Corridor, comprised of the Tangle Lakes, Tangle River and much of the Delta River. The water bodies are clean and ideally-suited to float trips. The corridor lands are some of the region's most scenic. Tangle Lakes, in particular, is a favorite and long-used destination for many of our members.
- 6. Gulkana River SRMA: This area includes the Gulkana National Wild River. With its clear water, abundant salmon and scenic corridor, it is a popular float trip for many Alaskans and visitors.
- 7. Delta Range SRMA: This area is proposed for its scenic beauty and its long-standing popularity among hikers and skiers.
- 8. Denali Highway SRMA: This is a scenic treasure. Alaskans return here year after year for subsistence hunting, fishing, berry-picking, and many forms of recreation.
- 9. Tiekel SRMA: In addition to containing important wildlife habitat, this area is proposed because it can provide a great diversity of recreational experiences.

Additionally, we request that d-1 withdrawals (all in d-1 Area Map #1) remain in place in the following areas, and that permanent closures to entry eventually be made:

- 4. Willow Mountain and Stuck Mountain, west of about mile 88 of the Richardson Highway (PLO 5184): These are accessed by an existing hiking trail, and provide great panoramic views.
- 5. Eureka Summit/Gunsight Mt./Belanger Pass area of the Glenn Highway (PLO 5178): Caribou range here, and recreationists use this area extensively. Because the area is above treeline, mining or petroleum development would be highly visible.
- 6. Tonsina River Bluffs south of Edgerton Highway (PLO 5184): Hikers still use segments of an historic trail here. Not only are these segments the Kenny Lake community's "back yard", but visitors enjoy the trails, too. Additionally, commercial and non-commercial float trips occur on the Tonsina River. It is important to continue unimpaired use and views.

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Again, thank you for this opportunity to comment on this important issue.

Sincerely,

COPPER COUNTRY ALLIANCE

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Ruth McHenry, Staff



Cascadia Wildlands Project Alaska Field Office

907.424.3835 • POB 853 • Cordova AK 99574 • cascadia@alaska.com • www.cascwild.org

ept. 15

Dave Mushovic BLM Alaska State Office 222 W. Seventh Ave., #13 Anchorage AK 99513-7599

Dear Mr. Mushovic,

Please consider the following preliminary comments, submitted on behalf of Cascadia Wildlands Project and myself as an individual, regarding the report to congress under Section 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act.

Our primary interests in this report are conservation of public wildlands, and that an adequate public process be followed whatever decisions are made.

We urge that all d-1 withdrawals be maintained to protect the public interest, until the land in question is surveyed and classified through an adequate, public process as specified by BLM regulations and procedures.

The public has not been adequately notified of this action and the opportunity to comment on the Section 207 Report. The preparation of this report should have been noticed in the Federal Register, or some other systematic means. The current ad hoc approach may be well intentioned. But, based on our observation, it is inadequate.

Please release the draft report for public comment, prior to submitting it to Congress. Meaningful public comment is clearly impossible when the recommendations we are commenting on are not available.

Paragraph (2) of ALTAA, Section 207, requires public comment on the review of withdrawals required in paragraph 1. Public comment opportunity should come after the review and recommendations called for in paragraph 1, before the report to the Committees called for in paragraph 3. It is the review itself that is open to public comment, not the original withdrawals.

Necessary information is not available to adequately review the lands in question, for purposes of submitting comments under ALTAA Section 207(2). What are we commenting on? The only information being released is a packet of rough scale maps showing lands covered by Public Land Orders. It is monumental, given this information and the time allowed, to determine what impact withdrawals have on the land that would affect the public interest. It is very challenging to even surmise what the status of the land is. It is impossible to tell what withdrawals have any

practical impact, and which are just redundant paperwork. Most important, we are given no information at all concerning what recommendations are being prepared for congress.

The appropriate mechanism for lifting withdrawals, if the public interest demanded it, would appear to be the Resource Management Plan. To the extent that they conflict, the Resource Management Plan process that is currently underway across much of this land is undermined by the Section 207 review and report. We have commented to the BLM in the RMP process in regards to many of the d-1 withdrawals in south coastal Alaska, and expect our comments to be considered in that context. This RMP planning process would be severely undermined if any action were taken on the report. The purpose of the PLO's, which reserved these lands "for study and review by the Secretary of the Interior for the purpose of classification or reclassification..." (e.g. PLO 5176) is not met until the RMP process is complete.

The public interest would be violated by lifting any of these withdrawals outside of the orderly, inter-disciplinary, legally accountable RMP process. There is an inherent public interest in transparent, democratic decision-making, and in adequate study.

There is a great deal of confusion about the interrelation between the RMP process, and this Section 207 report, that has not been cleared up. At the recent RAC meeting here in Cordova, State Director Henri Bisson told a public commenter that commenting on the East Alaska RMP would negate any purpose in reviewing or commenting on this Section 207 report. However, the maps of (d)(1) withdrawals show additional lands segregated from entry under PLO 5176, that are within the East Alaska planning area, but that <u>are not</u> addressed in the East Alaska Management Plan. Included under the Section 207 report, but not EARMP, are ecologically, culturally and economic critical lands at Controller Bay, at Cape Suckling, Okalee Spit, and adjacent uplands.

d-1 withdrawals serve the public interest by conserving invaluable wildlands from irresponsible, speculative resource extraction, and by allowing orderly, wise use that is guided by an open, legally accountable and democratic public process. We support maintenance of all (d)1 withdrawals to protect the public interest.

We have attempted to identify some of the lands with outstanding wildland values that require mineral closure below. Please keep in mind this is necessarily a very partial list, which is only intended to offer a sample of the reasons why d-1 withdrawals should not be cut short.

AREA #1

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• Cape Suckling/ Okalee Spit (PLO 5176)

This area has outstanding ecological values, including old growth rainforest, alpine tundra, and coastal mudflats that are a key staging area for migratory shorebirds. This is excellent moose habitat. Subsistence use area. Outstanding cultural values to indigenous Eyak and Tlingit people, including burial sites and villages. The cave where Raven was born is here. Shifting sandbars, earthquakes, and routinely furious storms make this dynamic region <u>incredibly</u> difficult and dangerous location for any development. Cape Suckling would be an ideal ACEC because of it's highly unique and irreplaceable cultural landscape, wildlife habitat, and extreme isolation and impracticality of development.

• <u>Forelands and uplands of Bering Glacier, Bagley Ice Field</u> (PLO 5176; 5186) Most of this land is either covered in ice, or dominated by the advance and retreat of this chunk of ice which is bigger than the state of Rhode Island. This is literal Wilderness. There is no remotely practicable mode of access for mineral exploration or development. If a method were found, it would come at immense ecological cost.

• Robinson Mountains (PLO 5176; 5186)

This is an extreme alpine and glacial landscape. Access is difficult to impossible. Even a small amount of exploration requires very extensive roadbuilding and port infrastructure. Any benefit would necessarily require a great deal of environmental damage through roads alone. Mountain goats in this area are already down 80%, reflecting extensive loss of winter habitat from logging on state and ANCSA corporation land. The Duktoth River is suitable and should be designated a Wild and Scenic River.

• <u>Icy Bay</u> (PLO 5176; 5186)

This is the flank of Mt. St. Elias, the highest coastal mountain in the world. Access is difficult to impossible. A budding tourism industry would be undercut by mineral exploration. Invaluable habitat for Kittlitz's murrelet, harbor seal, Orca and other marine mammals.

• <u>Wrangell-St. Elias National Park & Preserve (PLO 5179; 5178; 5180</u> We aren't at all clear what impact, if any, these PLOs have on the Park and Preserve, or inholdings. None of this area is suitable for federal mineral, oil or gas leasing. This area is part of the UN Biosphere Reserve network--the Wrangell St. Elias-Tatshenshini-Kluane..... Reserve. Included are headwaters of the Copper River Watershed, including culturally and commercially significant salmon runs.

• <u>Gulkana River region</u> (PLO 5178; 5184; 5172; 5180

The Gulkana river, and the area wetlands, are invaluable habitat for swans and King salmon, among other critters. Even just recreational ATV use causes significant and lasting damage to these sensitive wetlands.

• <u>uplands above Cordova (Power Creek-Ibeck Creek)</u> (PLO 5176)

This area, above the small fishing town of Cordova, is a highly valued wildland and recreation area, which supports mountain goat, deer, brown and black bear, wolf, coyote, trout and salmon. This area includes old-growth spruce and hemlock rainforest, expansive wetland valleys and vast alpine areas. I went for a great hike here just the other day. This place is so important, it is the only place on the entire Chugach National Forest that was given a "Primitive" Prescription, and designated closed to motorized use. The Power Creek watershed has incredible recreation value, provides the town's power through a hydro generator, and is a critical spawning ground of Eyak salmon. Ibeck Creek is a immensely productive and popular stream for Coho salmon and trout. This creek is a substantial contributor to sport, subsistence, and commercial fisheries. These areas should be permanently closed to mineral entry.

Area 10 Cook Inlet- Bristol Bay

• Eastern Kenai Peninsula (PLO 5179; 5176)

With place names like "Paradise Valley," you can see that this area is a wildland recreation gem. Outstanding salmon spawning habitat. Kenai Brown Bear habitat. These are some of the few areas available for non-motorized recreation on the Kenai.

• Southern Kenai Peninsula (PLO 5176; 5174; 5180)

Much of this land is in Conservation, including designated Wilderness in Kenai National Wildlife Refuge, and Kenai Fiords National Park. Even the State of Alaska saw that this place is

beyond the ordinary, and designated the Kachemak Bay State Wilderness Park in this region. Development of any portion of this land, would severely compromise these conservation units.

Portage Glacier (PLO 5180)

This is one of the state's most visited recreation sites. It is also critical wildlife habitat, including as a pinchpoint of land between the Kenai Peninsula and mainland of Alaska.

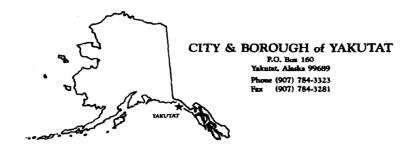
<u>Iliamna Lake Region</u> (PLO 5180; 5184; 5179; 5174)

This is outrageously valuable wildlife and fish habitat. Subsistence use areas. What is the meaning of the PLO withdrawing the bottom of Iliamna Lake, in combination with the recordable disclaimer of interest recently filed on this land? The Bristol Bay Watersheds are the world's richest salmon fishery. Mining and drilling are not compatible with salmon.

Thanks for considering these preliminary comments. Again, we would very much appreciate the opportunity to comment on the Section 207 report itself.

Sincerely,

Gabriel Scott Alaska Field Representative Cascadia Wildlands Project

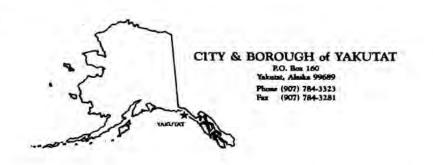


To: BLM Re: D1 Withdrawals within the City and Borough of Yakutat

This letter is in regard to the comment period on BLM D1 land withdrawals ending on September 15, 2005. The CBY staff has the following comments:

- 1.) Transportation corridors to the proposed withdrawal site need to be identified. The likely access to the proposed withdrawals is through the existing log Transfer Facility located in Icy Bay. The logical use of this LTF would be for docking mineral barges and/or oil/gas tankers. This is an unimproved site and would require extensive infrastructure to allow efficient entry. In addition, road building to the proposed site would be substantial and would necessitate following river valleys into the mountainous terrain and crossing lands not within BLM jurisdiction. Actual access to the mountains would require heavy blasting and side sloping to keep roads to grade. The activities associated with constructing access would have many effects upon aesthetic quality and fish and wildlife resources.
- 2.) Identification of Cultural and Historical sites within the withdrawal area and affected areas associated with resource extraction activities. This section supports the concerns of the Yakutat Tlingit Tribal planner. There should be a vigorous assessment of cultural resources in the proposed area and associated transportation corridors previous to recommending withdrawal of protections. There are many undocumented sites throughout the traditional lands of the Yakutat people. When projects are initiated, it has been our experience, that investigation and monitoring are not completed as thoroughly as might be expected, due to time constraints regarding economic efficiencies associated with the project.
- 3.) Identification of fish, wildlife, aesthetic and water resources affected by possible future activities of road construction, mining and drilling. The proposed withdrawal area and associated transportation corridors are highly valuable both economically and ecologically. There are several sport fishing and guiding businesses that operate within the surrounding areas that depend on abundant fish and wildlife populations of coho salmon, mountain goat, waterfowl, moose and bear. They sell the experience on the remote beauty of the area. In addition, the Icy Bay harbor seal haulout is the largest in the state and possibly the largest in the world hosting 5000 plus animals (Jansen, National Marine Mammal Lab, 2005 pers. communication). Furthermore, the US Fish and Wildlife service has identified a large abundance of Kittlitz murrelets in the waters of Icy bay (Michelle Kissling, USFWS, 2004). This species of murrelet is known to nest in glacial scree and the proposed D1 withdrawal may be a significant nesting area for this bird which is being considered as a candidate for the endangered species act.
- 4.) The City and Borough of Yakutat is not opposed to responsible resource development. However, the CBY Comprehensive Plan identifies this section of the Borough a "Natural Area". The preferred alternative would significantly alter this designation in the event that resource extraction activities occur. The BLM did not confer with the CBY planning department or Yakutat Tlingit Tribe on this proposal until repeated efforts were made on behalf of local staff to contact the BLM. In order to have a meaningful dialogue with the public, whose land is under

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consideration, there should be a BLM community meeting held in Yakutat with all interested parties including the Yakutat Tlingit Tribe, Yak-Tat Kwaan and the CBY Assembly. This meeting should highlight the projected value of the resources located in the withdrawal zone, access and transportation issues, social affects of large mining/drilling activities and the relationship between offshore, inshore and d1 land leases. Furthermore, the gas resources that extend from Yakutat to Cordova are a potential alternative power source for both communities. There may be more value and less impact by tapping these resources for local use. If large scale natural/methane gas extraction efforts in the northern half of the bureau are to be initiated, there should be allowances for both the communities of Yakutat and Cordova to access deposits close to their respective towns.

Thank you for your consideration,

Steve Henry s// Steve Henry City Manager

Skip Ryman s// Skip Ryman **Borough Planner**

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Bill Lucey s// Bill Lucey Staff Biologist

Chapter IV: BLM Land and Resource Review

Scope

The BLM conducted an internal review consisting of existing MFPs, current RMP efforts, and resource inventories, land status, known leaseable mineral potential, and known locatable mineral potential. The data from this review was incorporated into the area matrix analysis in Chapter IV. *See page 118, Factors Used in Analysis.*

Summary

Land Use Planning & Resources Review

The BLM's 10-year Land Use Planning (LUP) schedule includes approximately 14 plans on BLM-administered lands in Alaska. Only the East Alaska, Ring of Fire and Kobuk-Seward RMPs have progressed to where alternatives for withdrawals have been sufficiently developed and are incorporated into this report. *See pages 119-121, Planning Map & Schedule.*

The BLM has reviewed existing MFPs, RMPs, and resource inventories for consistency with current management objectives, and identified the areas where d-1 withdrawals are necessary to protect sensitive resources, habitats, and natural research areas. The review also included the Utility Corridor RMP for the Trans-Alaska Pipeline System. The specific recommendations are identified and referenced in each of the 12 area analysis.

Land Status Review

The Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act (Public Law 108-452), was passed to facilitate the conveyance of State and Native entitlements by September 10, 2009. Approximately 20 million acres of the selected lands shown on the "BLM" map will be conveyed, approximately 6 million acres to ANCSA corporations and 14 million acres to the State. The report does not differentiate between State or Native selections. While many of the lands have dual selections on them, they are counted as selected only once in calculating acreage in the analysis of this report. While selections are pending, the lands are segregated from all forms of appropriation. Under the terms of Sections 403 and 404 of the Act, ANCSA corporations must have all final priorities submitted no later than June 2008, and the State must have final, irrevocable priorities on file for all but 3.25 million acres by December 2008.

The largest single unknown affecting ANCSA entitlement is Doyon Limited's 1.7 million-acre 12(c) entitlement. This entitlement must be fulfilled first from available lands within its 34 separate statutory village withdrawal areas before Doyon can prioritize lands from several ANCSA deficiency areas, which are also withdrawn under d-1.

The State revised its Ownership Priority List (OPL) in October 2005. This information was used in each area analysis to project conveyance patterns. *See page 122, State OPL Map.*

Locatable & Salable Minerals Review

The Alaska State Office, Division of Energy and Solid Minerals, Branch of Solid Minerals prepared a draft assessment of locatable and salable mineral potential for BLM-managed lands covered by d-1 withdrawals. This report is a summary of occurrences and development potential. Mineral occurrence potential is a prediction of the likelihood of the presence of these resources while the development potential describes whether or not a mineral occurrence is likely to be explored. Locatable minerals include primarily metallic and certain non metallic industrial minerals that are generally found in lode or placer deposits. The report documents locatable minerals known to exist on BLM-managed lands and identifies areas of high potential. Areas of high locatable mineral potential were based on available data including: geological environment, inferred geological processes, reported mineral occurrences, known mines or significant deposits, favorable Mineral Terranes of Alaska (MTA) conditions, and active federal and state mining claims. *See page 123, Locatable Mineral Potential Map.*

| Mineral Potential Area | Acres | % of D-1 Lands |
|---------------------------|------------|-------------------|
| High LMP | 20,700,000 | 35% |
| Medium LMP | 27,500,000 | 47% |
| Low LMP | 10,600,000 | 18% |

The mineral assessment included saleable minerals, although disposal of saleable minerals is not precluded by the d-1 withdrawals. Salable minerals include common varieties of mineral materials such as construction aggregate (sand and gravel), building stone, pumice, clay, and limestone. River bars and beach lines are an abundant source of mineral materials for construction projects in much of the state. Communities often develop local materials sources. Outside of these areas, mineral materials have no value unless they are in close proximity to a project under development, with a few exceptions confined mainly to those d-1 lands with developed road access or port facilities.

Regionally, there is a strong demand and dependence on mineral materials for structural pads, road-base, airports/airstrips, dock facilities, and general fill material. Due to low unit costs and high transportation costs for mineral materials, demand must be met locally for projects to be economically viable.

The local demand for mineral materials in the state is generally being met by producers on state or private lands who will continue to meet most of the future demands. Less demand will come from public lands in the future. No further analysis of saleable minerals was made in this report.

Leaseable Minerals Review

The Alaska State Office, Division of Energy and Solid Minerals, Branch of Energy prepared an assessment of leaseable mineral potential for those BLM-managed lands covered by d-1 withdrawals. This report is a summary of prospective leaseable minerals (oil and gas, coal bed methane, and coal). Geothermal resources were included in the report, but not in the matrix analysis because the d-1 withdrawals did not segregate the lands from geothermal leasing.

The report shows the location of selected leaseable mineral resources currently closed to disposal and appropriation under the authority of Section 17(d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act. Recognizing that the Generalized Land Status data set is accurate only to the section level of a township (i.e., one mile square), and that the above-listed priority status types apply; the following approximate acreage totals were derived for the leaseable mineral resources:

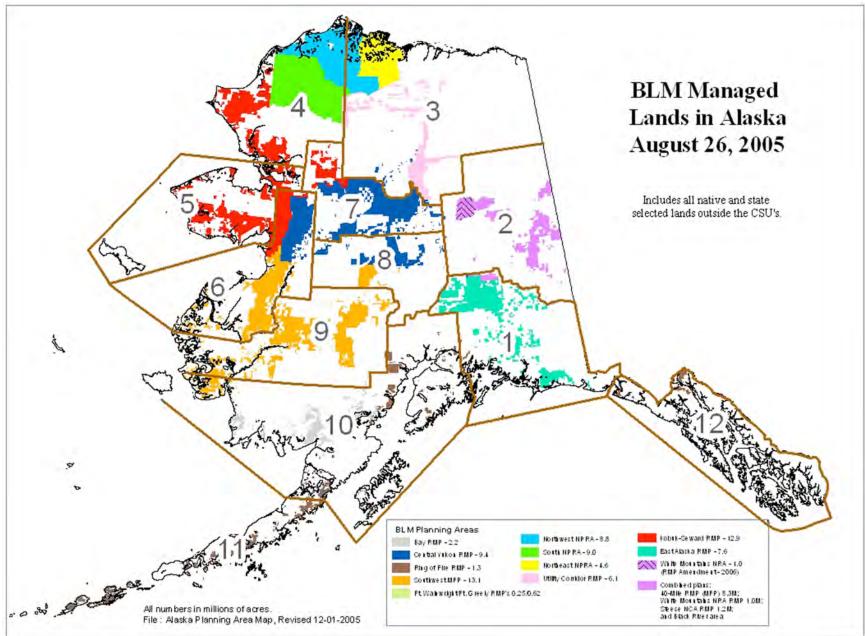
| 1 | Oil and Gas | 10,547,473 |
|---|-------------|------------|
| 2 | Coal | 3,739,559 |

These values are for comparison purposes only and do not represent the actual acreages involved, only the maximum acreages possible using the available coverage and recognizing the limitations placed on each dataset. *See page 124, Leaseable Mineral Potential Map.*

Factors Used in Analysis

| | Specific Public Comments | Specific Fed Agencies Comments | BLM RMP | BLM Rev & Proposed Designation | BLM Overlapping Withdrawal | BLM Lands Previously Opened PLO | % Previous Opened Land Selected | % Locatable Potential on Land to be Opened | % Leaseable Potential on Land to be Opened | % BLM Admin Land Selected | % Selected Lands to be Conveyed | Кеу |
|---------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| AREA 1 | AC,A CC, CW | NFS | EARMP | GFO | 2 WSR 5150 | 6329 | 100 | M – H 50 - 50 | 0 | 63 | 80 | A: Ahtna AC: Alaska Coalition CC: Copper Country Alliance |
| AREA 2 | AC | State | 0 | FDO | 3 WSR NRA NCA | 0 | 0 | L – M 30 - 60 | 100 | 47 | 45 | CW: Cascadia Wildlands Project BLM: Bureau of Land Management FWS: Fish and Wildlife Service |
| AREA 3 | AC | State | UCRMP | FDO | 5150 | 0 | 0 | M 90 | 0 | 38 | 75 | NFS: National Forest Service NPS: National Park Service State: State of Alaska |
| AREA 4 | AC | State | KSRMP | FDO | 0 | 6477 | 50 | L-M-H 75 - 25 | 0-1 | 66 | 70 | CYRMP: Central Yukon Resource Management Plan EARMP: Draft East Alaska Resource Management Plan KSRMP: Draft Kobuk-Seward Resource Management Plan RFRMP: Draft Ring of Fire Resource Management Plan |
| AREA 5 | AC | 0 | KSRMP | FDO | 0 | 6477 | 67 | M - H 50 - 50 | 0 | 81 | 81 35 UCRMF AFO: B | UCRMP: Utility Corridor Resource Management Plan AFO: BLM Anchorage Field Office GFO: BLM Glennallen Field Office |
| AREA 6 | AC | 0 | 0 | FDO AFO | 1 WSR | 6477 | 30 | L – M 50 - 50 | 25 | 16 | 29 | FDO: BLM Fairbanks District Office WSR: BLM Wild & Scenic River (CSUs) CSU: Conservation System Unit |
| AREA 7 | AC | State | CYRMP | FDO | 0 | 6477 | 10 | L – M 50 - 50 | 0 | 53 | 42 | NRA: White Mountains National Recreation Area NCA: Steese National Conservation Area PLO: Public Land Order |
| AREA 8 | AC | 0 | CYRMP | FDO | 0 | 6098 | 92 | L-M-H 33-33-33 | 0 | 84 | 30 | 5150: BLM Utility Corridor L: Low Potential M: Medium Potential |
| AREA 9 | AC | 0 | 0 | AFO | 0 | 6787 | 75 | L-M-H 50-30-20 | 30 | 44 | 57 | H: High Potential |
| AREA 10 | AC CW | NFS | RFRMP | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | M 90 | 0-1 | 46 | 90 | |
| AREA 11 | AC | State | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 100 | |
| AREA 12 | AC | NFS | RFRMP | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 40 | |

Report to Congress June 2006 Sec. 207 of the Alaska Land Transfer Acceleration Act



Bureau-wide Planning and Workload Measures Schedule for Alaska

10/20/05

| Field | Plan/Acreage | Issues | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY |
|---------------------------------|---|--|----|----|-----------|-----------|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|
| Office | | | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| Glennallen | East Alaska RMP (Southcentral MFP) 7.6M | MFP completed in 1980 (No EIS), OHV-recreation, ANCSA 17 (d)(1), PLO 5150 | | DP | DQ, DR | | | | | DJ | | | |
| Anchorage | Ring of Fire RMP 1.3M | No plan for large part of area, subsistence, oil & gas leasing, WSR, access, ANCSA 17(d)(1), OHV, land tenure | | DP | DQ, DR | | | | | DJ | | | |
| Fairbanks District Office | NE NPR-A IAP/EIS 4.6M | Plan Revision; stipulations, mitigation, lease area review | DP | DQ | DT | | | | DJ | | | | |
| Fairbanks District Office | Kobuk/Seward Peninsula RMP (Northwest MFP) 12.9M | FDO #1 priority; oil & gas, coal leasing, minerals, ANCSA 17(d)(1), OHV, river management, Western Arctic Caribou Herd winter habitat protection | DO | | DP | DQ, DR | | | | | DJ | | |
| Fairbanks District Office | White Mountains NRA RMP 1.0M | RMP amendment; change transportation corridor, change OHV designations | DN | DO | DU | | | | | | | | |
| Anchorage | Bay RMP 2.2M | No plan for large part of the area, subsistence, fisheries, minerals, ANCSA 17(d)(1) | DN | DO | DP | DQ, DR | | | | | DJ | | |
| Fairbanks District Office | South NPR-A IAP/EIS & Colville River MUAP 9.0M | Oil & Gas leasing, Special Area designation, subsistence, wildlife, recreation, cultural, paleontological, VRM | | | DO | | DP | DQ | DR | | | | |
| Fairbanks District Office | Combined plans: 40-Mile RMP (MFP) 8.3M; White Mountains NRA RMP 1.0M; Steese NCA RMP 1.2M; and Black River area | New RMP, ANCSA 17(d)(1), river management now used as base for management, boundary changes, OHV, recreation facilities, trail access to Birch creek, increased public use, mineral entry | | | | DN, DO | DP | DQ, DR | | | | | DJ |

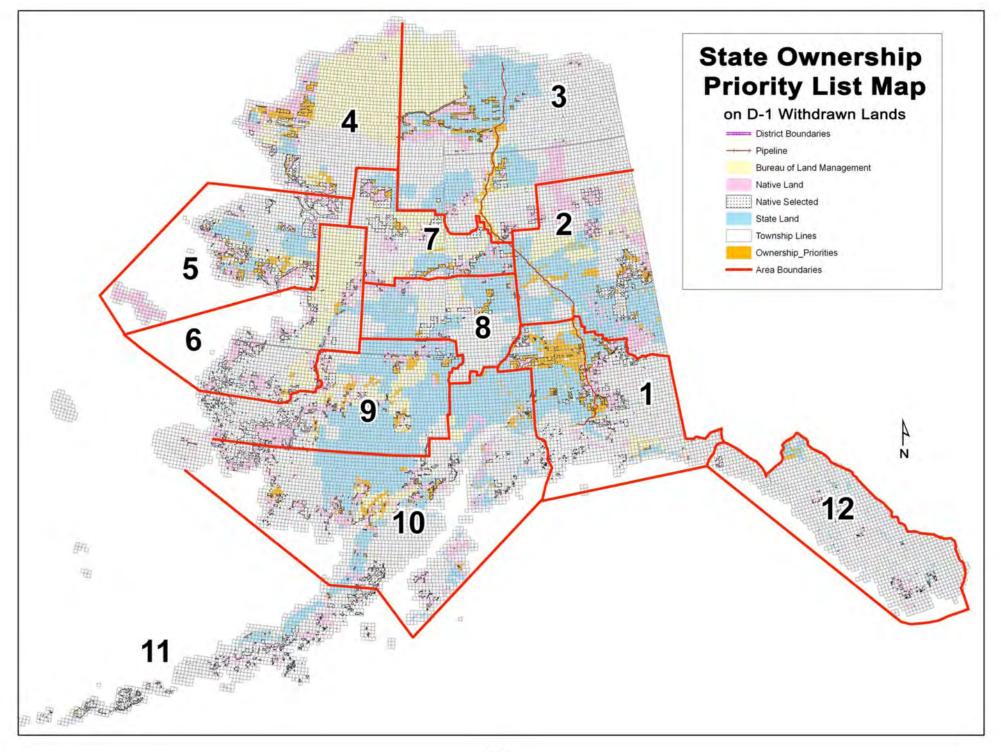
Bureau-wide Planning and Workload Measures Schedule for Alaska

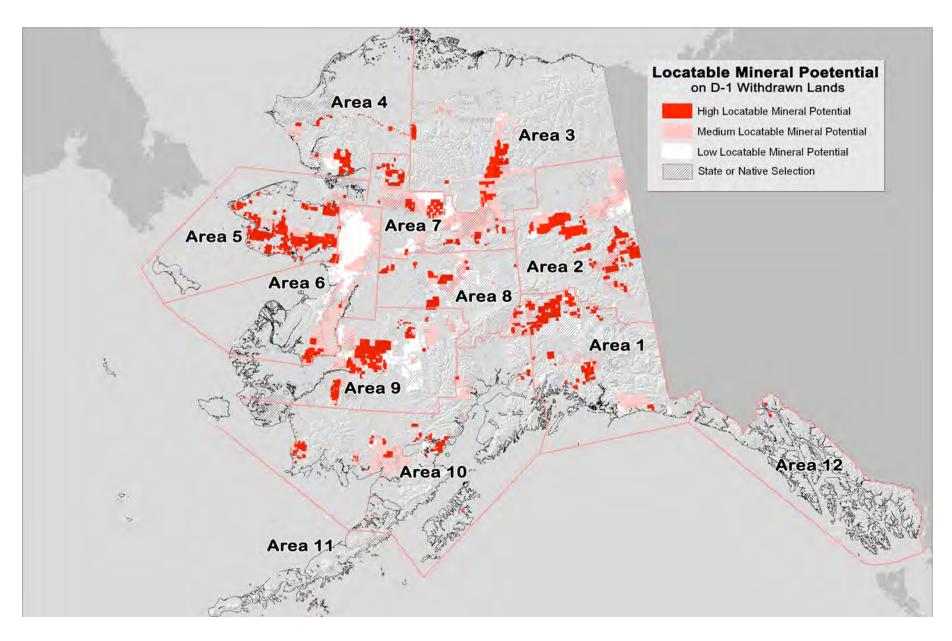
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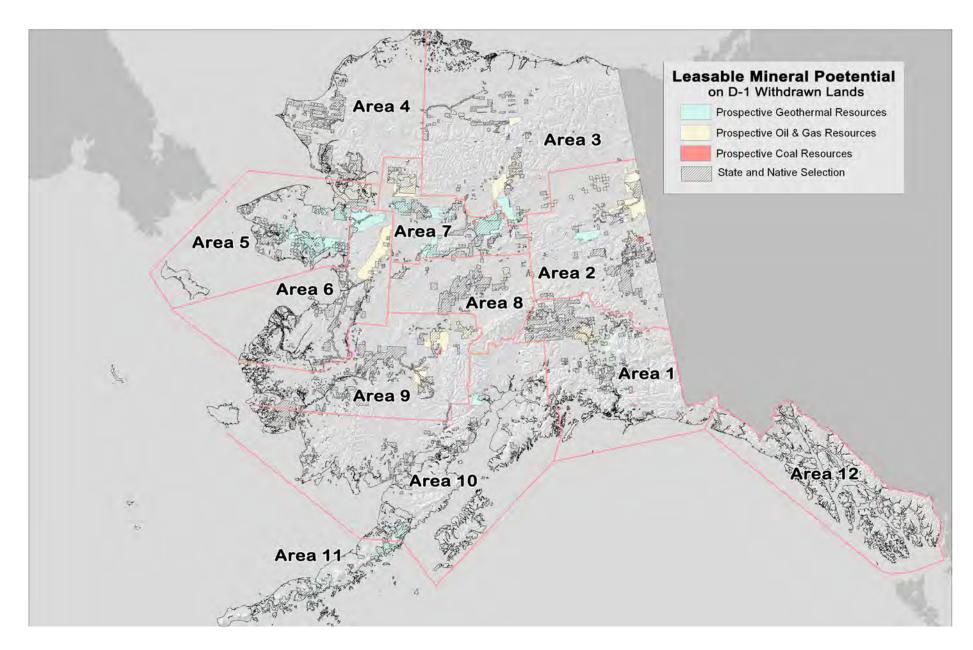
| Field | | | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY | FY |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------|----|----|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----|----|----|
| Office | Plan/Acreage | Issues | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| Fairbanks District Office | Utility Corridor RMP | RMP revision; includes CAMA- wilderness study area acreage (767K) | | | | | DN, DO | DP | DQ, DR | | | | |
| | | 41K recommended to Congress. Non-compliance with American Rivers settlement agreement, OHV, increased public use | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Anchorage | Southwest RMP (MFP) 13.1M | MFP completed in 1981 (no EIS), subsistence, fisheries, ANCSA 17(d)(1), land base adjustment | | | | | DN, DO | DO | DQ, DR | | | | |
| Fairbanks District Office | Central Yukon RMP 9.4M | RMP revision; oil & gas, minerals, ANCSA 17(d)(1), boundary adjustments | | | | | | DN, DO | DP | DQ, DR | | | |
| Fairbanks District Office | Fort Wainwright RMP 248K | RMP amendment completed in 2002; extension of military withdrawal for 30 years | | | | | DJ | | | | | DJ | |
| Fairbanks District Office | Fort Greely RMP | RMP amendment completed in 2002; extension of military withdrawal for 30 years | | | | | DJ | | | | | DJ | |
| Fairbanks District Office | NW NPR-A IAP/EIS 9.4M | Oil & gas leasing | DQ, DR | | | DJ | | | | | | | |

Product or status code:

- **DN** Complete Land Use Plan Pre Plan Document
- **DO** Complete Land Use Plan Scoping Report/Planning Criteria
- **DP** Complete Draft Land Use Plan/Draft EIS
- **DQ** Complete Proposed Land Use Plan/Final EIS
- **DR** Approve Land Use Plan/ROD
- **DS** Complete Draft EIS Level Land Use Plan Amendment
- **DT** Complete Approved EIS Level Land Use Plan Amendment/ROD
- DU Complete EA Level Land Use Plan Amendment/ROD
- **DJ** Completed land use plan evaluations







Acronym List

| AC Alaska Coalition |
|---|
| AMA Alaska Miners Association |
| ANCSA Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act |
| ANILCA Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act |
| BLM Bureau of Land Management |
| CAMA Central Arctic Management Area |
| CNF Chugach National Forest |
| CSU Conservation System Units |
| CYRMP Central Yukon Resource Management Plan |
| D-1Withdrawal under Sec 17(d)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act |
| EARMP East Alaska Resource Management Plan |
| F&WS Fish and Wildlife Service |
| KSRMP Kobuk- Seward Resource Management Plan |
| LUP Land Use Planning |
| MFPManagement Framework Plan |
| MTA Mineral Terranes of Alaska |
| NEPA National Environmental Policy Act |
| NFS National Forest Service |
| NPS National Park Service |
| OPL Ownership Priority List |
| PL Public Law |
| PLOPublic Land Order |
| RAC Resource Advisory Council |
| RFRMP Ring of Fire Resource Management Plan |
| RMP Resource Management Plan |
| RNA Research Natural Area |
| ROP Required Operating Procedures |
| WSR Wild and Scenic River |