

## **News Release**

## **BLM-Colorado**, Rocky Mountain District

Date: December 2, 2022

**Contact:** Levi Spellman, (719) 269-8553

## **BLM Rocky Mountain Resource Advisory Council Meeting Announced**

**CAÑON CITY, Colo.** – The Bureau of Land Management Rocky Mountain Resource Advisory Council will meet in Glenwood Springs, Colo. March 30, 2023, from 9 a.m. to 1:45 p.m.

"BLM is dedicated to ensuring our management of public lands truly serves the needs of our fellow citizens. This advisory council is a tool that allows us to work directly with community leaders representing a wide range of interests," said Cathy Cook, the manager of the BLM Colorado Rocky Mountain District.

Planned agenda items include a discussion about partnership opportunities, recreation fees, and recruitment efforts, as well as electing a committee chair and setting agenda topics for the next meeting, which is planned for the summer of 2023. A 30-minute public comment period is scheduled to follow, starting at 1:45 p.m. Depending on the number of people who wish to comment, the amount of time for comments may be limited.

To register for the meeting or the public comment period, please visit the following link: https://blm.zoomgov.com/meeting/register/vJItfu6hqz8sGBlN kDDvNYb0UIXPGUIsek.

For more information, please contact Levi Spellman, public affairs specialist for the Rocky Mountain District, at 719-269-8553 or lspellman@blm.gov.

Each of the three 15-member RACs in Colorado are forums for providing advice and recommendations to the BLM on diverse resource and land management issues. To learn more about BLM Colorado's RACs, visit https://www.blm.gov/get-involved/resource-advisory-council/near-you/colorado.

-BLM-

The BLM manages more than 245 million acres of public land located primarily in 12 Western states, including Alaska. The BLM also administers 700 million acres of sub-surface mineral estate throughout the nation. In fiscal year 2018, the diverse activities authorized on BLM-managed lands generated \$105 billion in economic output across the country. This economic activity supported 471,000 jobs and contributed substantial revenue to the U.S. Treasury and state governments, mostly through royalties on minerals.