## **Emergency Services**

**Emergency Evacuation Procedures for Desolation and Gray Canyons** Should a member of your party have an injury which requires medical attention there are three means of transportation available to your party.

- 1. When time is not a factor and the injury would not be further compounded by river travel, evacuation by raft is usually the best.
- 2. When time becomes a factor with increasing severity of injury, vehicles or telephones can be reached at the road that extends from the town of Green River to Nefertiti Rapid on the east side of the river. There is also limited cellular phone service available at the Swaseys take out. Occasionally private vehicles may be in the area.
- 3. Should the injury be severe (life or death situation) and time is a definite factor, or when body movement during evacuation must be limited (i.e. severe head, neck, back, or long bone injuries) a helicopter should be considered. In most cases, the injured party will be billed for helicopter flight time.

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	911
	435-637-0893
25 Minutes to Sand Wash	801-553-0991
	435-564-3431
	435-637-0890
45 minutes to Sand Wash	801-581-2500
45 minutes to Sand Wash	801-321- 1234
45 minutes to Sand Wash	800-332-4923 (602-778- 5362)
	435-259-1850
	435-636-3600
	25 Minutes to Sand Wash 45 minutes to Sand Wash 45 minutes to Sand Wash 45 minutes to Sand

#### Telephone numbers for emergencies and/or helicopter evacuations are:

When possible call 911 or the local sheriff's or UHP first as they are equipped to handle emergencies quickly and efficiently. They have GPS capabilities to locate you in the event the call is dropped. If you feel you are qualified to call for a helicopter then please choose one of the three helicopter companies based on your location in the canyon. Grand Junction is closer to the lower half of the canyon, while Salt Lake is closer to the upper half of the canyon. The Price (Eagle Air Med) is the closest and they have the capabilities to fly to either Provo or Salt Lake Hospitals.

### Helicopter Landing Zone:

When possible a large, flat area should be chosen for the helicopter to land. The area should be marked with bright colored material forming a box  $100 \times 100$  feet to help spot your location from the air.

# **1.** Call Helicopter through appropriate agency with the following information:

LOCATION: LAT/LONG coordinates UTM, prominent features, River Mile

**COMMUNICATION:** Call back number, Radio Frequency (Statewide, etc.) and Call sign of LZ (Landing Zone) Command. Designate only one person to coordinate, set up and communicate

**WEATHER:** Low Ceilings, Poor Visibility, Icing, High Wind **PATIENT STATUS:** Number, Condition, Age, Mechanism, Hazards

LANDING ZONE: The Preferred Landing Zone is: 100 feet by 100 feet

#### 2. SETUP LANDING ZONE as follows.

**SIZE:** 100 feet by 100 feet. (MINIMUM FOR THE BH430 IS 100' X 80' MINIMUM FOR 407/206 IS 80' X 80')

**LEVEL:** Select a landing area as level as possible (minimal slope)

**LANDING SURFACE:** Hard surface, Grassy, hard packed snow,) (AVOID LOOSE DIRT, DUST, POWDER SNOW)

**CLEAR AREA:** Area is clear of debris, large rocks, posts, stumps, vehicles, people, animals, and other hazards.

**MARK AREA:** Clearly marked using five weighted cones, flares, or beacons: one at each corner of the LZ, and one on the side that the wind is coming from. (Smoke is helpful if remote)