

Table 1.1-1. Land and Minerals Ownership and Administrative Jurisdiction Within the Rawlins Field Office.

JURISDICTION	ACRES¹
Areas the Rawlins RMP decision will cover:	
A. Federal land/federal minerals ²	3,423,630
B. Federal land/non-federal minerals ³	124,645
C. Non-federal land/federal minerals ⁴	1,249,364
Total BLM-administered federal land surface to be covered by RMP decisions	3,548,275
Total BLM-administered federal mineral estate to be covered by RMP decisions	4,797,639
Areas the Rawlins RMP decisions WILL NOT cover:	
D. FS land/BLM minerals ⁵	977,689
E. BOR land/BLM minerals ⁵	32,890
F. USFWS land/BLM minerals ⁵	6,414
G. State lands/BLM minerals ⁵	68,621
Total BLM-administered federal mineral estate that WILL NOT be covered by RMP decisions	1,085,614
Other lands that WILL NOT be covered by RMP decisions:	
H. Department of Defense land	6,025
I. Private land/private minerals ⁶	4,640,903
Total land surface area in the Rawlins RMP planning area (all ownerships)¹	11,211,064

¹Because of land surface and mineral ownership overlaps and administrative responsibility overlaps, acreage figures are not additive.

For the purpose of the Great Divide RMP planning effort, where one or more of the mineral resource categories are Federally owned, the acres are listed as if all minerals in the area were Federally owned.

Where mixed minerals ownership occurs (for example, privately owned oil and gas, overlapping with Federally owned coal in the same area), minerals planning and management decisions in the RMP will only pertain to the Federally owned minerals.

²In areas where the Federal land surface and Federal mineral estate are both administered by the BLM, the RMP will include planning and management decisions for both the land surface and the mineral estate.

³In areas where the Federal land surface is administered by the BLM, and the minerals are privately owned or owned by the State of Wyoming or local governments, the RMP will include planning and management decisions for only the BLM-administered Federal land surface. While these surface management decisions may have some affect on the ability to manage and develop the non-Federally owned minerals, the RMP planning and management decisions will not pertain to the non-Federal mineral estate. At the same time, surface and minerals management actions and development activities anticipated in these areas will be taken into account for purposes of cumulative impact analysis in the Great Divide RMP EIS.

⁴In areas where the land surface is privately owned or owned by the State of Wyoming or local governments, and the minerals are Federally owned, the RMP will include planning and management decisions for only the BLM-administered Federal mineral estate. While the land and resource uses and

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values on the non-Federal surface will be taken into account and will affect development of the Federal mineral planning and management decisions, these decisions will not pertain to the state and privately owned land surface. At the same time, surface and minerals management actions and development activities anticipated in these areas will be taken into account for purposes of cumulative impact analysis in the Great Divide RMP EIS.

⁵In areas where the Federal land surface is administered by the Forest Service, the Bureau of Reclamation, the Fish and Wildlife Service, or State of Wyoming and the Federal mineral estate is administered by the BLM, the land surface planning and management decisions are the responsibility of these "other" Federal or State surface management agencies. Any BLM administrative responsibilities within these areas (for example, actions concerning the Federal mineral estate) are handled case by case and are guided by the other surface management agencies' policies, procedures, and plans. Thus, the Great Divide RMP will not include planning and management decisions for the Federal minerals in these areas. At the same time, surface and minerals management actions and development activities anticipated in these areas will be taken into account for purposes of cumulative impact analysis in the Green River RMP EIS.

It is also important to note that, while other BLM responsibilities include surface management of certain Federal lands withdrawn for purposes of the Bureau of Reclamation (BOR), they are carried out in accordance with an interagency agreement between the two agencies. Administrative jurisdiction (including land use planning) for these lands lies with the BOR.

⁶The Great Divide RMP will not include any planning and management decisions for areas where the land surface and minerals are both privately owned or owned by the State of Wyoming or local governments.